

VIDYA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

An Autonomous Institution

Aziznagar Gate, C.B. Post, Hyderabad - 500 075, Telangana.



ACADEMIC REGULATIONS (R15)

for

B.Tech Four Year Degree Programme

(Applicable for the batches admitted from the Academic Year 2017-2018 onwards)

Definitions of Key Words:

Academic Year: An academic year is referred as the period consisting of two consecutive semesters with 16 weeks each of instructional period followed by both the semester exams.

Course: A plan of study of a particular subject leading to an examination. All the courses need not carry the same weight. A course may be designed to comprise of lectures/ tutorials/ laboratory work/ field work/ outreach activities/ project work/ vocational training/ viva/ seminars/ assignments/ presentations etc. or a combination of some of these.

Choice Based Credit System (CBCS): Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) is the programme in which the students have a choice to choose from the prescribed courses and can learn at their own pace and the entire assessment is graded-based on a credit system.

Credit Point: It is the product of Grade Point and Number of Credits for a course.

Credit: A unit by which the course work is measured. It determines the number of hours of instructions required per week. One credit is equivalent to one hour of teaching (lecture or tutorial) or two hours of practical work/ field work per week.

Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA): It is a measure of overall cumulative performance of a student of all the semesters. The CGPA is the ratio of total credit points secured by a student in various courses in all semesters and the sum of the total credits of all courses in all the semesters. It is expressed up to 2nd decimal place.

Grade Point: It is a numerical weight allotted to each letter Grade on a 10-point scale.

Letter Grade: It is an index of the performance of students in a said course.

Grades are denoted by letters O, A+, A, B+, B, C, P and F.

Programme: An Educational Programme leading to the award of a Degree.

Semester: Each semester will consist of 16-18 weeks of academic work equivalent to 90 actual teaching days.

Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA): It is a measure of performance of the work done by the student in a semester. It is the ratio of total credit points secured by a student in various courses registered in a semester and the total course credits taken during that semester. It shall be expressed up to 2nd decimal place.

Transcript or Grade Card or Certificate: Based on the grades earned, a grade certificate shall be issued to all the registered students after every semester. The grade certificate will display the course details (code, title, number of credits, grade secured) along with SGPA of that semester and CGPA earned till that semester.

Types of Courses: The Courses in under B.Tech, program may be of three kind's viz., Core, Elective and Mandatory.

a) Core Course:-

There may be a Core Course in every semester, and are to be compulsorily studied by a student and is essential requirement for a given Programme.

b) Elective Course:-

Elective Course is a course which can be chosen by the students from a pool of subjects. In general, the elective course is,

- Supportive to the discipline of study
 - Providing an expanded scope of the course subjects
 - Nurturing student's proficiency/skill/Research.
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- In case an elective is "Discipline centric" and is offered by the student's department itself, the elective is called **Professional elective**.
 - On the other hand, if the elective is offered by the other departments or if the choice is given to the students to choose from other disciplines, the elective is called an "**Open Elective**."

c) Mandatory Courses (Non-Credit Courses)

AICTE considers that the Course work of certain subjects is essential and as such for the award of a B.Tech degree a pass in these subjects is made mandatory. Therefore, such types of courses are referred as **mandatory courses**. As the AICTE also feels that only a familiarity with the subject content of these courses is essential, only a pass in each of these courses is required. Therefore, these subjects are included in the curriculum as non-Credit courses.

ACADEMIC REGULATIONS FOR B. TECH. (REGULAR)

Applicable for the students of B. Tech. (Regular) from the Academic Year 2015-16 onwards.

1. Courses of Study:

The following Four year Bachelor of Technology (B.Tech.) Programmes under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) are offered with effect from the Academic Year 2015-16 onwards:

S. No.	Branch	Branch Code
I	Civil Engineering	01
II	Electrical and Electronics Engineering	02
III	Mechanical Engineering	03
IV	Electronics and Communication Engineering	04
V	Computer Science and Engineering	05
VI	Information Technology	12

2. Admission Procedure

- 2.1. Admissions will be done as per the norms prescribed by the Government of Telangana State.
- 2.2. The Government orders with regard to the admissions in vogue shall prevail.
- 2.3. The candidate should have passed the prescribed qualifying examination on the date of Admission.

3. Award of B. Tech. Degree

A student will be declared eligible for the award of B. Tech. Degree if he/she fulfills the following academic requirements:

- 3.1 The candidate shall register for 192 credits and secure all the 192 credits by securing a minimum CGPA of 5.0.
- 3.2 The external examination in all the subjects shall be conducted at the end of each semester for all the eight semesters.
- 3.3 Students joining the B.Tech. Programme shall have to complete the programme within 8 years from the year of joining. Similarly, the students joining the B.Tech. Programme in the third semester directly through Lateral Entry Scheme (LES) shall have to complete the programme within 6 years from the year of joining otherwise they shall forfeit they will not be permitted to pursue their studies nor will be allowed to write the exams.

4. Course Structure:

- 4.1 The course shall be of four Academic year's duration, each academic year having two semesters. Each semester shall have a minimum **16** weeks of instruction, with a minimum of **90** Instructional Days per Semester.

4.2 Credits:

Credits shall be assigned to each Subject/ Courses in a L: T: P: C (Lecture Periods: Tutorial Periods: Practical Periods: Credits) Structure, based on the following general pattern.

Type of course		Clock hour/week			
		L	T	P	C
Theory	1)	04	01	-	0
	2)	03	01	-	0
	3)	02	01	-	0
Practical		0	0	03	0
Drawing	1)	0	04	-	0
	2)	02	02	-	0
	3)	00	06	-	0
Mini project, Comprehensive Viva Voce Seminar, Major project		-	-	-	1 6

5. Attendance Requirements

- 5.1 A student is eligible to write the Semester End examinations only if he / she acquire a minimum of 75% of attendance in aggregate of all the subjects/Courses in that Semester.
- 5.2 Condonation for the shortage of attendance in aggregate up to 10% (65% and above and below 75%) in each semester may be granted on medical grounds with a documentary evidence approved by the Academic Committee.
- 5.3 A stipulated fee shall be payable towards condonation of attendance shortage.
- 5.4 Students, whose shortage of attendance is not condoned, are not eligible to write semester end examinations of that semester. Such students are detained and their registration for the examination stands cancelled.
- 5.5 A student detained due to shortage of attendance in a semester may seek re-admission into that semester, as and when offered, within four weeks from the date of the commencement of class work with the academic regulations of the batch into which he/she gets admitted.
- 5.6 A student will be promoted to the next semester if he/she satisfies the attendance requirement of the present semester.
- 5.7 For all mandatory, non credit courses offered in a semester, a "Satisfactory Participation Certificate" shall be issued to the student, only after securing 75% attendance in such course. Letter Grade shall be allotted for these courses.

The courses offered in 8 semesters spread over 4 years have been classified into 8 categories under CBCS.

S. No.	Subject categories	No. of Credits
1	Humanities and Social Sciences (HS) Subjects, English, Management and the courses dealing with personality development	15
2	Basic Sciences (BS) Subjects including Mathematics, Physics and Chemistry	30
3	Engineering Sciences (ES), Engg. Workshop, Drawing, Fundamentals of computer Science and courses dealing with the basics of Electrical / Electronics/ Mechanical engineering	30
4	Professional Core (PC) Subjects, Courses dealing with the concerned engineering branch	81
5	Professional Elective (PE) Subjects. The students opt electives offered by the department	12
6	Open Elective (OE) Subjects. Courses offered by the other branches representing technically important subjects from emerging areas.	9
7	Project Work, Seminar and/ or Internship in Industry or elsewhere along with mini project.	10+2+3 =15
8	Mandatory Courses (MC)	nil
Total Number of credits		192

B.Tech Year wise distribution of credits under CBCS

S.No.	Year	Semester	Credits	Total
1	1 st Year	I	25	48
		II	23	
2	2 nd Year	I	24	48
		II	24	
3	3 rd Year	I	24	48
		II	24	
4	4 th Year	I	24	48
		II	24	
Total No. of Credits				192

6. Promotion regulations

- 6.1 A student shall be promoted from B.Tech., I Year to II Year only if he/she fulfills the academic requirements of securing 50% of total credits (24 credits out of 48 credits, upto I year II Semester), from all the examinations, whether or not the candidate takes the examinations.
- 6.2 A student shall be promoted from B.Tech., II Year to III Year only if he/she fulfills the academic requirements of securing 50% of total credits (48 out of 96 credits, up to II year II semester, from all the examinations, whether or not the candidate takes the examinations.
- 6.3 A student shall be promoted from B.Tech., III year to IV year only if he/she fulfills the academic requirements of securing 50% of total credits (72 out of 144 credits) up to III year II semester), from all the examinations, whether or not the candidate takes the examinations.

7. Minimum Academic Requirements

The following minimum academic requirements are to be satisfied in addition to the requirements mentioned in item no.5.

- 7.1 A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the minimum academic requirements and has earned the credits allotted to each theory/practical/design/drawing subject/project and secured not less than 35% marks in Semester End Examination (SEE), and minimum 40% of marks in the sum total of the internal evaluation and end examination taken together.
- 7.2 The student has to pass the failed course by appearing the supplementary examination as per the requirement for the award of degree.
- 7.3 Students, who fail to earn 192 credits as indicated in the course structure within eight academic years from the year of their admission, shall forfeit their seat in B. Tech. course and their admission stands cancelled.
- 7.4 A student shall register and put up minimum Attendance and earn all 192 Credits for the award of degree.
- 7.5 When a student is detained due to shortage of attendance in any semester, no Grade allotments or SGPA/CGPA calculations will be done for that entire Semester in which a student got detained.
- 7.6 When a Student is detained due to lack of Credits in any year, he may be readmitted after fulfillment of the Academic Requirements, with the Academic Regulations of the Batch into which he gets readmitted for readmitted candidates. If there are any Professional Electives / Open Electives, the same may also be re-registered if offered. However, if those Electives are not offered in later Semesters, then alternate Electives may be chosen from the SAME set of Elective Subjects offered under that category.

7.7 After securing 192 Credits as specified for the successful completion of the entire UGP, an exemption of 6 Credits (two subjects with 3 credits each) may be permitted to drop resulting in 186 Credits for UGP performance evaluation. Accordingly, the performance of student in 186 Credits shall be taken into account for the calculation of 'the final CGPA and shall be indicated in the Grade Card. However, the student's performances in the earlier individual Semesters, with the corresponding SGPA for which already Grade Cards are given, will not be altered. Further, the optional drop out for such 6 Credits shall not be allowed for i) Laboratory courses, ii) Industrial Training/ Mini-Project, iii) Seminar, iv) Major Project v) Open electives.

7.8 A student is eligible to appear in the End Semester Examination in any Subject / Course, but absent at it or failed (thereby failing to secure P Grade or above), may reappear for that subject /Course at the supplementary exam as and when the examinations are conducted. In such cases, his Continuous Internal Evaluation(CIE) assessed earlier for that subject/Course will be carried over, and added to the marks to be obtained in the supplementary examinations, for evaluating the performance in that subject.

7.9 A student with a final CGPA (at the end of the UGP) < 5.00 will not be eligible for the Award of the Degree.

8 Evaluation - Distribution and weightage of Marks

8.1 The performance of a student in each semester shall be evaluated Subject-wise (irrespective of Credits assigned) for a maximum of 100 marks for Theory or Seminar or Drawing/Design or Industry Oriented Mini-Project or Minor Course, etc. For Practical's a maximum of 75 Marks shall be evaluated. However the B. Tech. Project work (Major Project) will be evaluated for 200 Marks. These evaluations shall be based on 25% CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and 75% SEE (Semester End Examinations) and a Letter Grade corresponding to the % marks obtained shall be given.

8.2 For theory subjects the distribution shall be 25 marks for Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and 75 marks for the Semester End- Examination (SEE).

8.3 For theory subjects, during the semester there shall be 2 midterm examinations. Each midterm examination will be conducted for 20 marks and consists of Part-A (Short Answer Questions) for 6 marks and Part-B (Long Answer Questions) for 14 marks with duration of 90 Minutes. First midterm examination shall be conducted for 2.5 units of syllabus and second midterm Examination shall be conducted for remaining 2.5 units. The Average marks secured by a student in I and II Midterm examination are considered and shall be taken as the final marks secured by the student towards Continuous Internal Evaluation in the theory subject.

8.4 In case a few students are absent due to health reasons or any other unavoidable circumstances, or if the performance of some of the students is very poor, all such cases will be referred to a standing committee consisting of the Controller of examinations (Chairman), HoD of the concerned dept. and the Academic coordinator. On the recommendation of the committee, a makeup test will be conducted on payment of fee fixed by the examination branch.

- 85 In order to improve the attendance and to encourage the students who are regular to the college, 5 marks in each subject will be given to the students as per the percentage of attendance shown in the table,

Table: - Marks for attendance

S.No	Percentage of attendance	Marks to be awarded
1.	Less than 75%	nil
2.	75% to 80%	3
3.	80% to 85%	4
4.	85% and above	5

- 86 The Semester End Examination will be conducted for 75 marks which consist of two parts viz. i). Part-A for 25 marks, ii). Part –B for 50 marks. Part-A is compulsory, which consists of ten questions (numbered from 1 to 10) two from each unit carrying 2/3 marks each. Part-B consists of five questions (numbered from 11 to 15) carrying 10 marks each. Each of these questions is from one unit and may contain sub-questions. For each question there will be an “either” “or” choice (i.e., there will be two questions from each unit and the student should answer any one question).
- 87 For practical subjects there shall be a continuous evaluation during the Semester for 25 marks. Out of the 25 marks for internal evaluation, day-to-day work in the laboratory shall be evaluated for 15 marks and internal practical examination shall be evaluated for 10 marks conducted by the concerned laboratory teacher.
- 88 The Practical End Semester Examination shall be conducted with an external examiner and the laboratory teacher for 50 marks. The external examiner shall be appointed by the Principal from the panel of examiners recommended by Chairman, Board of Studies in respective Branches.
- 89 For the subject having design and / or drawing, (such as Engineering Graphics, Engineering Drawing, and Machine Drawing), the distribution shall be 25 marks for Internal Evaluation (5 marks for day-to-day work and 20 marks for internal tests) and 50 marks for Semester End Examination. There shall be one internal test in a semester and shall be considered for the award of marks for internal test.
- 8.10. There shall be an industry-oriented mini-Project, to be taken up during the vacation after III year II Semester examination. However, the mini project and its report shall be evaluated in IV year I Semester at the time of practical exams. The industry oriented mini project shall be submitted in report form and should be presented before the committee, which shall be evaluated for 50 marks. The committee consists of an external examiner, Head of the department, the supervisor of mini project and a senior faculty member of the department. There shall be no internal marks for industry oriented mini project.

8.11. There shall be a seminar presentation in IV year II Semester. For the seminar, the student shall collect the information on a specialized topic and prepare a technical report, showing his understanding of the topic, and submit it to the department. It shall be evaluated by the departmental committee consisting of Head of the Department, Seminar Supervisor and a Senior Faculty member. The seminar report shall be evaluated for 50 marks. There shall be no external examination for the seminar.

8.12 . There shall be a Comprehensive Viva-Voce in IV year II semester. The 'Comprehensive Viva-Voce will be conducted by a committee consisting of Head of the Department and two Senior Faculty members of the department and is evaluated for 100 marks. The Comprehensive Viva-Voce is intended to assess the students understanding of the subjects he studied during the B. Tech. course. There will be no External Examiner for the Comprehensive Viva-Voce.

8.13 . Out of a total of 200 marks for the major project work, 50 marks shall be for Internal Evaluation and 150 marks for the End Semester evaluation. The End Semester evaluation (viva-voce) shall be conducted by committee. The committee consists of an external examiner, Head of the Department, the supervisor of project and a senior faculty member of the department. The topics for industry oriented mini project, seminar and project work shall be different from each other. The evaluation of project work shall be conducted at the end of the IV year II Semester. The internal evaluation shall be on the basis of two seminars given by each student on the topic of his project.

8.14 . The Laboratory marks and the sessional marks awarded by the faculty are subject to scrutiny by the Institution whenever/wherever necessary. In such cases, the sessional and laboratory marks awarded by the teacher will be referred to a College Academic Committee. The Committee will arrive at a scaling factor and the marks will be scaled accordingly. The recommendations of the Committee are final and binding. The laboratory records and internal test papers shall be preserved as per the University rules and produced before the Committees of the University as and when asked for.

8.15 Candidates shall be permitted to apply for recounting/revaluation of SEE scripts within the stipulated period with payment of prescribed fee.

9.0. Malpractice Rules

S.No.	Nature of Malpractices / Improper conduct during examinations	Punishment
	If the candidate:	
1. (a)	Possesses or keeps accessible in examination hall, any paper, note book, programmable calculators, Cell phones, pager, palm computers or any other form of material concerned with or related to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which he is appearing but has not made use of (material shall include any marks on the body of the candidate which can be used as an aid in the subject of the	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only.
(b)	Gives assistance or guidance or receives it from any other candidate orally or by any other body language methods or communicates through cell phones with any candidate or persons in or outside	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only of all the candidates involved. In case of an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.
2.	Has copied in the examination hall from any paper, book, programmable calculators, palm computers or any other form of material relevant to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which the candidate is appearing.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/year. The hall ticket of the candidate is to be cancelled.
3.	Impersonates any other candidate in connection with the examination.	The candidate who has impersonated shall be expelled from examination hall. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat. The performance of the original candidate, who has been impersonated, shall be cancelled in all the subjects of the examination (including practical's and project work) already appeared and shall not be allowed to appear for examinations of the remaining subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all Semester end examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat. If the imposter is an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.

4.	Smuggles in the Answer book or additional sheet or takes out or arranges to send out the question paper during the examination or answer book or additional sheet, during or after the examination.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all Semester end examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
5	Uses objectionable, abusive or offensive language in the answer paper or in letters to the examiners or writes to the examiner requesting him to award pass	Cancellation of the performance in that subject.
6	Refuses to obey the orders of the Chief Superintendent / Assistant Superintendent / any officer on duty or misbehaves or creates disturbance of any kind in and around the examination hall or organizes a walk out or instigates others to walk out, or threatens the officer-in charge or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall of any injury to his person or to any of his relations whether by words, either spoken or written or by signs or by visible representation, assaults the officer – in charge, or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall or any of his relations, or indulges in any other act of misconduct or mischief which result in damage to or destruction of property in the examination hall or any part of the college campus or engages in any other act which in the opinion of the officer on duty amounts	In case of students of the college, they shall be expelled from examination halls and cancellation of their performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate(s) has (have) already appeared and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidates also are debarred and forfeit their seats. In case of outsiders, they will be handed over to the police and a police case is registered against them.
7.	Leaves the exam hall taking away answer script or intentionally tears of the script or any part thereof inside or outside the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work & shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all Semester examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with

8.	Possess any lethal weapon or firearm in the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat.
9.	If a student of the college, who is not a candidate for the particular examination or any person not connected with the examination or college indulges in any type of malpractice or improper conduct mentioned in clauses 6 to 8.	Student of the college will be expelled from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects. If the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat. Person(s) who do not belong to the College will be handed over to police and a police
10.	Comes in a drunken condition to the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year.
11.	Copying detected on the basis of internal evidence, such as, during valuation or during Special scrutiny.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has appeared including practical examinations and project work of that semester/year examinations.
12.	If any malpractice is detected which is not covered in the above clauses 1 to 11 shall be reported to the head of Institute for further action for a suitable punishment.	

All the cases pertaining to malpractices in examinations will be referred to a committee constituted by the Chief Controller of Examination and the committee will suggest action as per the guidelines mentioned above.

10. Grading Procedure:

10.1. Marks will be awarded to indicate the performance of each student in each theory subject, or Lab/Practical, or Seminar, or Project, or Mini-Project, Minor Course etc., based on the % marks obtained in CIE+SEE(Continuous Internal Evaluation + Semester End Examination, both taken together) as specified, and a corresponding Letter Grade shall be given.

10.2. As a measure of the student's performance, a 10-point Absolute Grading System using the following Letter Grades and corresponding percentage of marks shall be followed.

Letter Grade	Performance	Grade Points	% of marks Secured (Class Intervals)
O	Outstanding	10	Greater than or equal to 90%
A+	Excellent	9	80% and less than 90%
A	Very Good	8	70% and less than 80%
B+	Good	7	60% and less than 70%
B	Average	6	50% and less than 60%
C	Pass	5	40% and less than 50%
F	Fail	0	Below 40%
Ab	Absent	0	Absent

10.3. A student obtaining F Grade in any subject shall be considered 'Failed' and will be required to reappear as 'Supplementary Candidate' in the end Semester Examination (SEE), as and when offered. In such cases; his Internal Marks (CIE Marks) in those Subject(s) will remain same as those he obtained earlier.

10.4. A Letter Grade does not imply any specific % of Marks.

10.5. In general, a student shall not be permitted to repeat any Subject/Course (s) only for the sake of 'Grade Improvement' or 'SGPA/CGPA Improvement'. However, he has to repeat all the Subjects/Courses pertaining to that Semester, when he is detained.

10.6. A student earns Grade Point (GP) in each Subject/ Course, on the basis of the Letter Grade obtained by him in that Subject/ Course (excluding Mandatory non-credit Courses). Then the corresponding 'Credit Points' (CP) are computed by multiplying the Grade Point with Credits for that particular Subject/ course. Credit Points (CP) = Grade Point (GP) x Credits for a Course.

10.7. The Student passes the Subject/ Course only when he gets $GP \geq 4$ (P Grade or above).

11. Registration/Dropping

11.1. Each student has to compulsorily register for course work at the beginning of each semester as per the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar. It is absolutely necessary for the student to register for courses in time.

11.2. The student has to register for a minimum of 20 credits and may register up to a maximum of 28 credits based on the advice of the Faculty Advisor. On an average, a student is expected to register for 24 credits.

11.3. A student at the end of II year II semester either having CGPA of ≥ 7.0 or having passed all previous courses in the first attempt with a minimum SGPA ≥ 5.0 is allowed to register for an additional course/ credits from the offered open electives.

- 11.4. A series of open Electives will be offered to the students of III year I & II sems. and IV year I sem., which can be registered by the students as and when the notifications are issued at the end of II year II sem. and III year II sem. Prior permission for registration of open Electives as an additional course is compulsory.
- 11.5. A student would be allowed to register for an additional course only if he/she satisfies the prerequisites.
- 11.6. Departments will notify at the time of registration about the minimum number of students to be enrolled for a particular open elective to be offered.
- 11.7. Any student may be barred from registering for any course for specific reasons like disciplinary reasons or any other activities carried out by a student, which detrimental to the discipline of the college.
- 11.8. Dropping of Courses: Within four weeks after the commencement of the semester, the student may, in consultation with his / her faculty advisor, drop one or more courses without prejudice to the minimum number of credits. The dropped courses are not recorded in the Grade Card.
- 11.9. After Dropping, minimum credits registered shall be 20.

12. Earning of Credits

A student shall be considered to have completed a Course successfully and earned the credits if he/she secures an acceptable letter grade in the range 'O' to 'P'. Letter grade 'F' in any Course implies failure of the student in that Course and no credits earned.

13. Passing Standards:

- 13.1. A student shall be declared successful or 'passed' in a Semester, only when he gets a SGPA ≥ 5.00 (at the end of that particular Semester); and a student shall be declared successful or 'passed' in the entire UGP, only when he/she gets a CGPA ≥ 5.00 ; subject to the condition that he secures a GP ≥ 4 (P Grade or above) in every registered Subject/ Course in each Semester (during the entire UGP) for the Degree Award, as required.
- 13.2. (i) In spite of securing P Grade or above in some (or all) Subjects/ Courses in any Semester, if a Student receives a SGPA < 5.00 and/ or CGPA < 5.00 at the end of such a Semester, then he 'may be allowed' (on the 'specific recommendations' of the Head of the Department and subsequent approval from the Principal) to be promoted to the next year in the course.
- (ii) If a student gets P grade or an SGPA is less than 5, is eligible to re appear for one or more of the same Subject(s)/ course(s) in which he has secured P Grade(s) in that Semester, at the Supplementary Examinations to be held in the next subsequent Semester(s). In such cases, his Internal Marks (CIE Marks) in those Subject(s) will remain same as those obtained earlier. In these considerations, the newly secured Letter Grades will be recorded and taken into account for calculation of SGPA and CGPA, only if there is an improvement.

- 13.3. A Student shall be declared successful or 'passed' in any Non-Credit Subject/ Course, if he secures a 40% marks or **P** grade in the end sem exam conducted by the college along with the other examinations.
- 13.4. After the completion of each Semester, a Grade Card or Grade Sheet (or Transcript) shall be issued to all the registered students of that semester, indicating the Letter Grades and Credits earned. It will show the details of the courses registered (Course Code, Title, No. of Credits, Grade Earned etc.), Credits earned, SGPA, and CGPA.

14. Eligibility for the award of B.Tech. Degree

A student shall be eligible for award of the B.Tech degree if he/she fulfils all the following Conditions:

- 14.1. The students should successfully complete all the components prescribed in the Programme of study to which he/ she is admitted.
- 14.2. The student should also obtain CGPA greater than or equal to 5.0.
- 14.3. Not having any pending disciplinary action.

15. Evaluating of Grade Point Averages:

- 15.1. SGPA and CGPA the *credit index* can be used further for calculating the Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and the Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA), both of which being important performance indices of the student. While SGPA is equal to the *credit index* for a semester divided by the total number of *credits* registered by the student in that semester, CGPA gives the sum total of *credit indices* of all the previous semesters divided by the total number of *credits* registered in all these semesters. Thus, The Grade Point Average (GPA) will be calculated according to the formula:

$$GPA = \frac{\sum C_i G_i}{\sum C_i}$$

where C_i = number of credits for the course i ,

G_i = grade points obtained by the student in the course.

- 15.2. Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) is awarded to candidates considering all the courses of the semester. Zero grade points are also included in this computation. SGPA is rounded off to TWO Decimal Places.

SGPA will be computed as follows;

$$\sum [(Course\ credits) \times (Grade\ points)] \text{ (for all Courses passed in that semester)}$$

$$\sum [(Course\ credits)] \text{ (for all courses registered in that semester)}$$

15.3. To arrive at Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA), the formula is used considering the student's performance in all the courses taken in all the semesters completed up to the particular point of time. CGPA is rounded off to TWO Decimal Places.

CGPA will be computed as follows:

$$\sum [(Course\ credits) \times (Grade\ points)] \text{ (for all Courses passed up to that semester)}$$

$$\sum [(Course\ credits)] \text{ (for all Courses registered until that semester)}$$

CGPA is thus computed from the I Year First Semester onwards, at the end of each Semester, as per the above formula. However, the SGPA of I year I Semester itself may be taken as the CGPA, as there are no cumulative effects.

15.4. Illustrative Example:

An illustrative example given in below Table below indicates the use of the above two equations in calculating SGPA and CGPA, both of which facilitate the declaration of academic performance of a student, at the end of a semester and at the end of successive semesters respectively. Both of them shall be normally calculated up to the second decimal position, so that the CGPA, in particular, can be made use of in rank ordering the student's performance in a class. If two students get the same CGPA, the tie should be resolved by considering the number of times a student has obtained higher SGPA; But, if it is not resolved even at this stage, the number of times a student has obtained higher grades like O, A, B etc shall be taken into account in rank ordering of the students in a class.

Year and Semester	Course No.	Credits	Grade	Grade Points	Credit Points
I Year I sem	XX101	5	A	8	40
I Year I sem	XX102	4	F	0	00
I Year I sem	XX103	3	A+	9	27
I Year I sem	XX104	4	F	0	00
I Year I sem	XX105	5	C	5	25
I Year I sem	XX106	5	P	4	20
Total		26(18*)			112
SGPA = 112/26 = 4.31		CGPA = 4.31			
I Year II Sem	XX107	5	B+	7	35
I Year II Sem	XX108	4	A	8	32
I Year II Sem	XX109	3	C	5	15
I Year II Sem	XX110	5	P	4	20
I Year II Sem	XX111	4	A+	9	36
I Year II Sem	XX112	2	F	0	00
I Year II Sem	Xx113	2	A	8	16
Total		25(23*)			154
SGPA = 154/25 = 6.16		CGPA = 266/51 = 5.22			

*Total No. of credits excluding those with 'F'; this is particularly important to keep track of the number of credits earned by a student up to any semester.

16. Award of Class

16.1. After a student has satisfied the requirements prescribed for the completion of the program and is Eligible for the award of B. Tech. Degree, he shall be placed in one of the following four classes:

CGPA	Class Awarded	From the CGPA secured from 192 credits
≥ 8.00	First Class with Distinction	
$\geq 6.50 - < 8.00$	First Class	
$\geq 5.50 - < 6.50$	Second Class	
$\geq 5.00 - < 5.50$	Pass Class	

16.2. The marks obtained in Internal Evaluation (IE) and Semester End Examination (SEE) will be shown in the memorandum of marks.

16.3. For the purpose of awarding first Class with Distinction (CGPA ≥ 8.0), the student must obtain the minimum required CGPA within 4 academic years or within 3 academic years in case of Lateral Entry candidates by clearing all the courses.

16.4. Candidates detained/ prevented from writing the semester end examinations due to any reason in any semester are not eligible for the award of First Class with Distinction. Such candidate's even if the CGPA ≥ 8.0 shall be placed in first class.

16.5. For the purpose of awarding First, Second and Pass Class, CGPA obtained in the examinations appeared within the maximum period allowed for the completion of course shall be considered as per the regulations.

16.6. A student with final CGPA (at the end of the UGP) < 5.00 will not be eligible for the award of the Degree.

16.7. The CGPA can be converted to equivalent percentage of marks by using the equation,
 $\% \text{ of Marks} = (\text{CGPA} - 0.5) \times 10$

17. Consolidated Grade Card

A consolidated grade card containing credits & grades obtained by the candidates will be issued after completion of the four years B. Tech Programme.

18. Withholding of Results

If a student is having any indiscipline related issues pending, the result of the student will be withheld and will not be allowed to move into the next semester. His/ her degree will be withheld in such cases and the matter will be referred to the academic council for final decision.

19. Transitory Regulations

19.1. Discontinued, detained for attendance, detained for want of credits, or failed students are eligible for readmission as and when the course is offered during the subsequent academic year as per the college admission procedures.

19.2. Students on transfer from a non- autonomous or from an autonomous college shall complete all the courses of the concerned programme not covered in the earlier organization. However, he/she should take the remaining courses in the programme along with the other students.

19.3. There shall be no branch transfers after the cutoff date of admissions made in the B.Tech. I year.

20. Transcripts

After successful completion of the total programme of study, a Transcript containing performance of all academic years will be issued as a final record. Duplicate transcripts will also be issued if required after the payment of requisite fee.

21. Supplementary Examinations

In addition to the Regular end semester examinations, Supplementary Examinations for the previous semesters will be conducted along with end sem. Examinations. A student can appear for any number of supplementary examinations till he/she clears all courses which he/she could not clear in the first attempt. However the maximum stipulated period cannot be relaxed under any circumstances.

22. Graduation Ceremony

23.1. The College shall have its own annual Graduation Ceremony for the award of degree to students completing the prescribed academic requirements in each case, in consultation with the University and by following the provisions in the Statute.

23.2. The College shall institute Prizes and Awards to meritorious students, for being given away annually at the Graduation Ceremony.

24. Termination from the Program

The admission of a student to the program may be terminated and the student may be asked to leave the Institute in the following circumstances:

24.1. The student fails to satisfy the requirements of the program within the maximum period stipulated for that program.

24.2. The student fails to satisfy the norms of discipline specified by the institute from time to time.

25. Non-Credit Courses (Mandatory Courses)

25.1. Requirement of 75% attendance as per the college regulations is compulsory for completing the mandatory courses.

25.2. Specified number of Mandatory Courses among the designated ones is compulsory requirement for all the students for the award of B.Tech. Degree.

25.3. Although these courses do not carry any credits, performance in these subjects is evaluated following the procedure adopted for other subjects with the same marks. However, their performance will be indicated in the student's memo of marks as Satisfactory/ Unsatisfactory.

25.4. Although mandatory courses are Non-Credit Course, all the students should secure a minimum of 40% marks in the end sem. exam conducted by the college along with the other examinations for the award of B.Tech., degree.

26. Amendments

The Academic regulations here under are subject to amendments as may be made by the Academic Council of the College from time to time. Any or all such amendments will be effective from such date and to such batches of candidates (including those already undergoing the program) as may be decided by the Academic Council.

27. General

27.1. Wherever the words "he", "him", "his", occur in the regulations, they include "she", "her", "hers".

27.2. The academic regulation should be read as a whole for the purpose of an interpretation.

27.3. In case of any doubt or ambiguity in the interpretation of the above rules, the decision of the Academic Council is final.

27.4. The college may change the academic regulations, course structure & syllabi at any time.

ACADEMIC REGULATIONS FOR B. TECH. (LATERAL ENTRY STUDENTS)

Applicable for the students admitted into II year B. Tech. (Lateral Entry Scheme) from the Academic Year 2016-17 and onwards.

1. Eligibility for award of B. Tech. Degree (LES)

- 1.1 The LES candidates shall pursue a course of study for not less than three academic years and not more than six academic years.
- 1.2 The candidate shall register for 144 credits and secure 144 credits by securing a minimum CGPA of 5.0 from the exams. of B.Tech. II to IV year for the award of B.Tech. Degree.
- 1.3 The students, who fail to fulfill the requirement for the award of the degree in six Academic years from the year of admission, shall forfeit their seats. The attendance regulations of B. Tech. (Regular) shall be applicable to B.Tech.(LES).

2. Promotion Rule

- 2.1. A student shall be promoted from B.Tech., II Year to III Year if he/she gets at least a minimum of 24 out of 48 credits, up to II year II semester, from all the examinations, whether or not the candidate takes the examinations.
- 2.2. A student shall be promoted from III year to IV year if he/she gets a minimum of 48 out of 96 credits, up to III year II semester, from all the examinations, whether or not the candidate takes the examinations.
- 2.3. A student shall register and put up minimum attendance in all 144 credits and earn all 144 credits to be eligible for the award of B.Tech degree.
- 2.4. A student, who fails to earn 144 credits as indicated in the course structure within six academic years, shall forfeit his/her admission in B.Tech. Course.

3. Award of Class

A student, who satisfies all the requirements prescribed for the completion of the B.Tech. program, is eligible for the award of the said degree, in any one of the following four classes:

CGPA	Class Awarded	From the CGPA secured from 144 credits
≥8.00	First Class with Distinction	
≥6.50 - <8.00	First Class	
≥5.50 - <6.50	Second Class	
≥5.00 - <5.50	Pass Class	

4. All the other regulations as applicable to B. Tech. 4-year degree course (Regular) will hold good for B.Tech. (Lateral Entry Scheme).

5. The malpractice rules and procedures for evaluating the SGPA and CGPA mentioned under points 9 - 27, are also applicable to the later entry students.

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Part – B

Course Structure & Syllabi of

B.Tech., II Year I Semester

Academic Calendar of II/III B.Tech (I & II Sem.) for the Academic Year, 2017-18

II/III YEAR I SEMESTER		Commencement of Class Work 12-06-2017	
	From	To	Duration
Registrations	12.06.2017	17.06.2017	1 Week
I Spell of Instruction	19.06.2017	14.08.2017	8 Weeks
I Mid Examinations	16.08.2017	19.08.2017	4 Days
II Spell of Instruction	21.08.2017	23.09.2017	5 Weeks
Dussehra Holidays	24.09.2017	02.10.2017	10 Days
II Spell of Instruction Continuation	03.10.2017	21.10.2017	3 Weeks
II Mid Examinations	23.10.2017	26.10.2017	4 Days
Preparation & Practical Examinations	27.10.2017	04.11.2017	10 Days
III Mid Examinations (Lateral Entry/ Re-Admitted/Betterment)	06.11.2017	09.11.2017	4 Days
End Semester Examinations	13.11.2017	25.11.2017	2 Weeks
Supply Exams	27.11.2017	09.12.2017	2 Weeks
II YEAR II SEMESTER		Commencement of Class Work 11-12-2017	
I Spell of Instruction	11.12.2017	06.02.2018	8 Weeks 3 Days
I Mid Examinations	07.02.2018	10.02.2018	4 Days
II Spell of Instruction	12.02.2018	09.04.2018	8 Weeks
II Mid Examinations	10.04.2018	13.04.2018	4 Days
Preparation and Practical Examinations	16.04.2018	21.04.2018	1 Week
End Semester Examinations	23.04.2018	05.05.2018	2 Weeks
Supplementary Examinations	07.05.2018	19.05.2018	2 Weeks
Summer Vacation	14.05.2018	09.6.2018	3 Weeks

ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

II YEAR I SEMESTER

COURSE STRUCTURE

Subject Code	Subject Name	L	T	P/D	Total Credits	Total Hours	Total Marks
A13012	Mathematics-IV	3	1	0	3	4	100
A13401	Electronic Devices & Circuits	3	1	0	3	4	100
A13204	Network Theory	4	1	0	4	6	100
A13205	Electro Magnetic Fields	4	1	0	4	5	100
A13206	Electrical Machines –I	4	1	0	4	6	100
A13011	Environmental Science	2	1	0	2	3	100
A13281	Basic Simulation Tools Lab	-	-	3	2	3	75
A13282	Electrical Circuits Lab	-	-	3	2	3	75
MC-I	Mandatory Course –I	2	0	0	0	2	75
	Total	22	8	6	24	36	825

II YEAR II SEMESTER

COURSE STRUCTURE

Subject Code	Subject Name	L	T	P/D	Total Credits	Total Hours	Total Marks
A14407	Electronic Circuits	3	1	0	3	4	100
A14408	STLD	3	1	0	3	4	100
A14311	Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines	3	1	0	3	4	100
A14208	Electrical Machines-II	4	1	0	4	5	100
A14209	Power Systems-I	3	1	0	3	4	100
A14210	Control Systems	4	1	0	4	5	100
A14283	Electrical Machines Lab-I	-	0	3	2	3	75
A14484	Electronic Devices and Circuits lab	-	0	3	2	3	75
MC-II	Mandatory Course –II	2	0	0	0	2	75
	Total	22	6	6	24	34	825

Note: All End Examinations (Theory and Practical) are of three hours duration.

L – Lecture

T – Tutorial

P – Practical

D – Drawing

II Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem.

**MATHEMATICS-IV
(COMMON TO EEE & ECE)
(SPECIAL FUNCTIONS AND FUNCTIONS OF A COMPLEX VARIABLE)**

**L T/P/D C
3 1 0 3**

Pre Requisites: Nil

Course Objectives: To learn

1. Series solutions for Legendre differential equation, analyzing the properties of Legendre polynomials.
2. Differentiation and Integration of complex valued functions.
3. Evaluation of integrals using Cauchy's integral formula.
4. Taylor's series, Maclaurin's series and Laurent's series expansions of complex functions.
5. Evaluation of integrals using residue theorem.
6. Transform a given function from z - plane to w - plane.
7. Identify the transformations like translation, magnification, rotation and reflection and inversion.
8. Properties of bilinear transformations.

Course Outcomes: After going through this course the student will be able to:

1. Identify Bessel equation and solve it under special conditions with the help of series solutions method. Also recurrence relations and orthogonality properties of Legendre polynomials.
2. Analyze the complex functions with reference to their analyticity, Integration using Cauchy's integral theorem,
3. Expansion of a given function as a Taylor's and Laurent series
4. Solving Real Definite Integrals using Cauchy's Residue Theorem.

UNIT-I

Legendre's Polynomials

Introduction to series solution of differential equations. Legendre's Differential equation, General solution of Legendre's equation, Legendre's polynomials and their Properties: Rodrigue's formula – Recurrence relations, generating function of Legendre's polynomials – Orthogonality.

UNIT-II

Complex Functions –Differentiation

Complex functions and its representation on argand plane, Concepts of limit Continuity, Differentiability, Analyticity, Cauchy-Riemann conditions, Harmonic functions– Milne – Thompson method, complex potential functions, stream functions and velocity functions.

UNIT-III

Complex Integration & Complex Power series

Complex Integration:

Line integral evaluation along a path, Cauchy's integral theorem, Cauchy's integral formula – Generalized integral formula.

Complex Power series

Radius of convergence – Expansion in Taylor's series, Maclaurin's series and Laurent's series. Singular point –isolated singular point – pole of order m – essential singularity.

UNIT-IV

Residue and Contour Integration

Residue – Evaluation of residue by formula and by Laurent's series – Residue theorem.

Evaluation of integrals of the type:

$$(a) \int_0^{2\pi} f(\cos \theta, \sin \theta) d\theta \quad (b) \text{ Improper real integrals } \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx \quad (c) \text{ Indentation by Contour Integration.}$$

UNIT-V

Conformal mapping

Transformation of z-plane to w-plane by a function, conformal transformation. Standard Transformations-Translation; Magnification and rotation; inversion and reflection, Transformations like e^z , $\log z$, z^2 , and bilinear transformation. Properties of Bilinear transformation, determination of bilinear transformation when mappings of 3 points are given.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Advanced Engineering Mathematics by Kreyszig, John Wiley & Sons.
2. Higher Engineering Mathematics by Dr. B.S. Grewal, Khanna Publishers.
3. Jain R. K., and Iyengar S. R. K (2008), Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 3rd Edition, New Delhi, Narosa Publication House.

REFERENCES

1. Complex Variables Principles and Problem Sessions by A.K.Kapoor, World Scientific Publishers
2. A Text Book of Engineering Mathematics by N P Bali, Manesh Goyal
3. Mathematics for Engineers and Scientists, Alan Jeffrey, 6th Edit. 2013, Chapman & Hall/CRC
4. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Michael Greenberg, Second Edition, Person Educations.
5. Schaum's Outline Series on Complex Variables

II Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem
ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS

L T P C
3 1 0 3

Course Objectives:

This is a fundamental course, basic knowledge of which is required by all the circuit branch engineers. This course focuses:

1. To familiarize the student with the principle of operation, analysis and design of Junction diode, BJT and FET transistors and amplifier circuits.
2. To understand diode as rectifier. To study basic principle of filter circuits and various types.

Course Outcomes:

1. After going through this course the student will be able to:
2. Understand and analyze the different types of diodes, operation and its characteristics Design and analyze the DC bias circuitry of BJT and FET Design biasing circuits using diodes and transistors.
3. To analyze and design diode application circuits, amplifier circuits and oscillator employing BJT, FET devices.

UNIT -I: P-N Junction Diode:

Qualitative Theory of P-N Junction, P-N Junction as a Diode, Diode Equation, Volt-Ampere Characteristics, Temperature dependence of VI characteristic, Ideal versus Practical – Resistance levels (Static and Dynamic), Transition and Diffusion Capacitances, Diode Equivalent Circuits, Load Line Analysis, Breakdown Mechanisms in Semiconductor Diodes, Zener Diode Characteristics.

Special Purpose Electronic Devices: Principle of Operation and Characteristics of Tunnel Diode (with the help of Energy Band Diagram), Varactor Diode, SCR and Semiconductor Photo Diode, UJT and Characteristics.

UNIT-II: Rectifiers and Filters:

The P-N junction as a Rectifier, Half wave Rectifier, Full wave Rectifier, Bridge Rectifier, Harmonic components in a Rectifier Circuit, Inductor Filters, Capacitor Filters, L- Section Filters, π - Section Filters, Comparison of Filters, Voltage Regulation using Zener Diode.

UNIT-III: Bipolar Junction Transistor:

The Junction Transistor, BJT Symbol, Transistor Current Components, Transistor Construction, BJT Operation, Common Base, Common Emitter and Common Collector Configurations, Comparison of CB, CE, and CC Amplifier Configurations, Transistor as an Amplifier, Limits of Operation, BJT Specifications,

BJT Small Signal Model: BJT Hybrid model, Determination of h-parameters from Transistor Characteristics, Analysis of a Transistor Amplifier Circuit using h- Parameters.

UNIT-IV: Transistor Biasing and Stabilization:

Operating Point, The DC and AC Load lines, Need for Biasing, Fixed Bias, Collector Feedback Bias, Emitter Feedback Bias, Collector - Emitter Feedback Bias, Voltage Divider Bias, Bias Stability, Stabilization Factors, Stabilization against variations in V_{be} and β , Bias Compensation using Diodes and Transistors, Thermal Runaway, Thermal Stability,

UNIT-V: Field Effect Transistor and Biasing:

Field Effect Transistor: The Junction Field Effect Transistor (Construction, principle of operation, symbol) – Pinch-off Voltage - Volt-Ampere characteristics, FET as Voltage Variable Resistor, The JFET Small Signal Model, MOSFET (Construction, principle of operation, symbol), MOSFET Characteristics in Enhancement and Depletion modes. Biasing FET, Comparison of BJT and FET.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Millman's Electronic Devices and Circuits – J. Millman, C.C.Halkias, and Satyabrata Jit, 2 Ed., 1998, TMH.
2. Electronic Devices and Circuits – Mohammad Rashid, Cengage Learning, 2013.
3. Electronic Devices and Circuits – David A. Bell, 5 Ed, Oxford.

REFERENCES:

1. Integrated Electronics – J. Millman and Christos C. Halkias, 1991 Ed., 2008, TMH.
2. Electronic Devices and Circuits – R.L. Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, 9 Ed., 2006, PEI/PHI.
3. Electronic Devices and Circuits – B. P. Singh, Rekha Singh, Pearson, 2Ed, 2013.
4. Electronic Devices and Circuits - K. Lal Kishore, 2 Ed., 2005, BSP.
5. Electronic Devices and Circuits – Anil K. Maini, Varsha Agarwal, 1 Ed., 2009, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
6. Electronic Devices and Circuits – S.Salivahanan, N.Suresh Kumar, A.Vallavaraj, 2 Ed., 2008, TMH.

II Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem

NETWORK THEORY

L	T	P	C
4	2	0	4

Course Objective:

This course introduces the basic concepts of circuit analysis which is the foundation for all of the Electrical Engineering discipline. The emphasis of this course is laid on the basic analysis of circuits which includes three phase circuits, two port networks, transient analysis, Filters and Fourier analysis.

Course Outcomes:

After going through this course the student will be able to understand

- Fundamentals on Calculation of power in three phases balanced and unbalanced networks.
- How to find Transient response of different circuits using Laplace and differential for simple electrical circuits.
- Behavior of linear circuits using Laplace transform and transfer function of single port and two port networks, Design of filters, Fourier analysis of AC circuits.

UNIT –I: Three Phase Circuits

Phase sequence- Star and delta connection-Relation between line and phase voltages and currents in balanced systems- Analysis of balanced and unbalanced three phase circuits- Measurement of active and reactive power.

UNIT-II: D.C and A.C Transient Analysis

Transient response of R-L, R-C, R-L-C circuits (series and parallel) for D.C excitation- Initial conditions- Solution method using differential equation and Laplace transforms .

Transient response of R-L, R-C, R-L-C circuits (series and parallel) for sinusoidal excitation- Initial conditions- Solution method using differential equation and Laplace transforms.

UNIT-III: Network Functions

The concept of complex frequency, Physical interpretation of complex frequency, Transform impedance and Transform circuits, Series and Parallel combination of elements, Terminal pairs or ports, Network functions for the one port and two port, poles and zeros of network functions, Significance of poles and zeros, Properties of driving point functions, Properties of transfer functions, Necessary conditions for driving point function, Necessary conditions for transfer functions, Time domain response from pole-zero plot.

UNIT-IV: Network Parameters

Two port network parameters- Z, Y, ABCD and Hybrid parameters and their inter relations. Series, parallel and cascaded connection of two port networks, Concept of transformed network- Two port network parameters using transformed variables.

UNIT-V: Filters and Fourier analysis of AC Circuits

Low pass, High pass, Band pass, Band Elimination, Prototype filter design. The Fourier theorem, consideration of symmetry, trigonometric and exponential form of Fourier series, line spectra and phase angle spectra.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Circuit Theory Analysis & Synthesis - A.Chakrabarthy, Dhanpat Rai & Sons, 2010.
2. Circuits & Networks: Analysis and Sythesis- A.Sudhakar and Shyammohan S.Palli, Tata McGraw Hill, 2015, 5th Edition.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Electric Circuit analysis - B.Subrahmanyam, I.K International
2. Network analysis - Mahmood Naqvi, Joseph Edminister, Schaum's Outlines, 4th edition, McGraw-Hill Companies, Incorporated, 2003.
3. Network Analysis - M.E Van Valkenberg. Prentice-Hall, 1974.
4. Electric circuit analysis - C.L.Wadhwa, New Age International, 2006.
5. Electrical circuits theory-K.Rajeswaran, Pearson Education, 2004.
6. Basic circuit's analysis - D.R Cunningham. & J.A. Stuller, Jaico Publications, 1993.

II Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem

ELECTRO MAGNETIC FIELDS

L	T	P	C
4	1	0	4

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to introduce the concepts of electric field and magnetic fields and their advantages & applications which will be utilized in the development of the theory for power transmission lines and electrical machines.

Course Outcomes:

After going through this course the student will be able to understand

- Ability to apply vector mathematics and physics to calculate parameters electromagnetic problems.
- Properties and behavior of conductors, dielectrics & capacitance.
- Magneto statics and Physical laws of electro magnetism, Force in magnetic fields, Magnetic potential and its properties.
- Calculation of inductance, Basic concepts on time varying fields in Integral form and point form.

UNIT – I: Electrostatics

Sources and effects of electromagnetic fields – Vector fields – Different co-ordinate systems – Divergence theorem. Electrostatic Fields – Coulomb's Law – Electric Field Intensity (EFI) – EFI due to a line and a surface charge – Work done in moving a point charge in an electrostatic field – Electric Potential– Properties of potential function – Potential gradient – Guass's law – Application of Guass's Law – Maxwell's first law. Laplace's and Poison's equations – Solution of Laplace's equation in one variable.

UNIT – II: Conductors, Dielectric & Capacitance

Conductors – Insulators – Semiconductors – Behaviour of conductors in an electric field – Behaviour of Insulators in an electric field – Electric Dipole – Dipole moment – Polarization – potential and EFI due to an electric dipole and Torque.

Dielectric – Conductor and Dielectric to Dielectric boundary conditions, Capacitance – Capacitance of parallel plate and spherical and co-axial capacitors with composite dielectrics – Energy stored and energy density in a static electric field – Current density – conduction and Convection current densities – Ohm's law in point form – Equation of continuity.

UNIT – III: Magneto Statics, Ampere's circuital law

Static magnetic fields – Biot-Savart's law – Magnetic field intensity (MFI) – MFI due to a straight current carrying filament – MFI due to circular, square and solenoid current – Carrying wire – Relation between magnetic flux, magnetic flux density and MFI – Maxwell's second Equation.

Ampere's circuital Law & Applications:

Ampere's circuital law and its applications viz. MFI due to an infinite sheet of current and a long current carrying filament – Point form of Ampere's circuital law-Curl-Stroke's Theorem – Maxwell's third equation, Field due to a circular, rectangular and square loops.

UNIT –IV: Force in Magnetic fields, Magnetic Potential

Magnetic force - Moving charges in a Magnetic field – Lorentz force equation – force on a current element in a magnetic field – Force on a straight and a long current carrying conductor in a magnetic field – Force between two straight long and parallel current carrying conductors – Magnetic dipole and dipole moment – a differential current loop as a magnetic dipole – Torque on a current loop placed in a magnetic field.

Scalar Magnetic potential and its limitations – vector magnetic potential and its properties – vector magnetic potential due to simple configurations – vector Poisson's equations.

UNIT – V: Inductance, Time Varying Fields

Self and Mutual inductance – Neumann's formulae – determination of self-inductance of a solenoid and toroid and mutual inductance between a straight long wire and a square loop wire in the same plane – energy stored and density in a magnetic field. Introduction to permanent magnets, their characteristics and applications.

Time varying fields – Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction – Its integral and point forms – Maxwell's fourth equation – Statically and dynamically induced EMFs – Simple problems - Modification of Maxwell's equations for time varying fields – Displacement current – Pointing Theorem and pointing vector.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Engineering Electromagnetic - *William H. Hayt & John. A. Buck* McGraw Hill Companies, 7th Edition, 2012.
2. Electromagnetic Fields - *Sadiku*, Oxford Publications, 7th edition, 2006.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Introduction to Electro Dynamics - *D J Griffiths*, Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, 2nd editon, 1989.
2. Electromagnetic - *J P Tewari*, Khanna Publishers, 2nd edition, 2005.
3. Electromagnetics - *J. D Kraus*, McGraw Hill Inc, 4thedition 1992.
4. Electromagnetic fields - *S. Kamakshaiah*, Right Publishers, 2007.

II Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem

ELECTRICAL MACHINES-1

L	T	P	C
4	2	0	4

Course Objective:

The objective of the course is to provide the student with lucid and comprehensive treatment of the most important Direct Current machines (motors and generators). This course emphasizes the physical understanding of the basic principles underlying the operation and performance of DC machines.

Course Outcomes:

After going through this course the student will be able to understand

- Construction of D.C machine, different types of DC generators their characteristics, industrial applications, effect of armature reaction and its assessment.
- The principle of DC motor, electrical characteristics and industrial applications, purpose of starter and its design, speed control methods.
- Various losses, different tests in DC machines and calculation of their efficiency.

Unit – I: D.C. Generators – Construction & Operation

Electromechanical Energy conversion – force and torque in magnetic field systems – energy balance- D.C. Generators – Principle of operation – Action of commutator – constructional features – classification of DC generators – separately excited and self excited generators – armature windings – lap and wave windings – simplex and multiplex windings – use of laminated armature – E. M.F Equation – Armature reaction and commutation – cross magnetizing and demagnetizing AT/pole – compensating winding – commutation – reactance voltage – methods of improving commutation.

Unit –II: Operating Characteristics of D.C. Generators

Build up of EMF – magnetization curve/occ characteristics – critical field resistance and critical speed – causes for failure of self excitation – remedial measures – internal and external characteristics of d.c shunt, series and compound generators – parallel operation of d.c series generators – use of equalizer bar and cross connection of field windings – load sharing. Different applications of D.C Generators

Unit – III: D.C. Motors

D.C Motors – Principle of operation – Back E.M.F. - Torque equation

Unit IV: Types of D.C Motors and Speed Control

Types of D.C Motors (shunt, series and compound) – classification of motors (shunt, series and compound) – principle of operation of 3 point and 4 point starters with protective devices – Speed control of D.C. Motors: armature voltage and field flux control methods – Ward-Leonard system.

Different applications of D.C Motors.

Unit – V: Testing of D.C. Machines

Testing of D.C. machines: Losses – Constant & Variable losses – calculation of efficiency – condition for maximum efficiency

Methods of Testing – direct, indirect and regenerative testing – brake test – Swinburne's test – Hopkinson's test – Field's test – Retardation test – separation of stray losses in a D.C. motor test.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Electric Machinery- *P.S. Bimbra*, Khanna Publishers, 7th edition, 2010,
2. Theory and performance of Electrical machines – *J.B Gupta*, S.K Kataria & Sons publishers, 2009.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Electrical Machines – *S.K. Bhatta Charya*, McGraw Hill Companies, 2007.
2. Electrical Machines - *I.J. Nagrath & Kothari*, McGraw Hill Companies, 3rd edition, 2004.
3. Electric Machines – *M.V. Deeshpande*, Wheeler Publishing, 1997.
4. Electrical machinery - *A.E. Fitzgerald C. Kingsley and S. Umans*, McGraw Hill Companies, 5th edition, 2010.

II Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem

ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

Common to all Branches

L T P/D C
2 1 0 2

Course Objectives

- Develop an understanding on the importance of environmental protection.
- Understanding the significance of ecological balance for sustainable development.
- The ability to apply quantitative reasoning and practical skills to environmental problems.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- To enable the students to realize the importance of the sustainable use of natural resources.
- To make the students aware of the impacts of human actions on environment and measures to minimize and mitigate them.
- To enable the students to become aware of the current issues and problems pertaining to the environment.

UNIT I:

Ecosystems:

Definition, Scope and Importance of ecosystem; Classification of ecosystems, Structure and Functions of ecosystem: Food chains, Food Web and Ecological Pyramids, Flow of energy; Bioaccumulation and Biomagnifications; Ecosystem Value services and Carrying Capacity.

Biodiversity and Biotic Resources: Introduction, Definition, levels of Biodiversity, Value of biodiversity, Hot spots of biodiversity, Threats to biodiversity, conservation of biodiversity: In-Situ and Ex-situ conservation.

UNIT II:

Natural Resources: Classification of Resources, **Water resources:** use and over utilization of surface and ground water, Floods and Droughts, Dams: benefits and problems. **Energy resources:** growing energy needs, Renewable Energy Sources – Solar, Hydro-Power, Wind, Tidal, Geo-Thermal, Biomass, Bio-fuels, Hydrogen as a fuel and Biogas and Non Renewable Energy – Coal, Petroleum, LPG, Natural Gas, SNG, CNG. **Land resources:** land as a resource, land degradation – Landslide and Soil Erosion; **Forest Resources – Uses and Exploitation.**

UNIT III:

ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION AND CONTROL: Types of Pollution, Sources, Effects and Control measures and Quality Standards for

1. Air Pollution
2. Water Pollution
3. Soil Pollution
4. Noise Pollution

Solid, Hazardous, Biomedical and e-Waste Management and Handling Rules, Nuclear Hazards – Case Studies. **Waste water treatment methods:** Effluent treatment plants (ETP), Sewage treatment plants (STP), Common and combined effluent treatment plants (CETP).

UNIT IV:

Global Environmental Problems And Global Efforts: Green house effect, Green House Gases (GHG), Global Warming, Sea level rise, climate change and their impacts on human environment; Ozone depletion and Ozone depleting substances (ODS); Acid Rains, Deforestation and Desertification.

Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA): Definition of Impact: classification of impacts, Methods of baseline data acquisition. Impacts on different environmental components; Environmental Impact Statement (EIS). Environmental Management Plan (EMP) - Rain Water Harvesting, Water Shed Management and Bioremediation.

UNIT V:

Environmental Policy, Legislation, Rules And Regulations: Environmental Protection act, Legal aspects Air (Prevention and Control of pollution) Act- 1981, Water (Prevention and Control of pollution) Act-1974, Forest Conservation Act, Wildlife Act 1972. **Towards Sustainable Future:** Concept of Sustainable Development, Threats to Sustainability: Population and its explosion, Crazy Consumerism, Over-exploitation of resources; Environmental Education, Role of Civil Societies, Role of IT in Environment, Smart Cities, Concept of Green Building, Low Carbon Lifestyle, Life cycle assessment and Ecological Foot Print.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Text Book of Environmental Studies by Anubha Kaushik (4th Edition), New age International Publishers.
2. Environmental studies by Erach Bharucha 2005, University Grants Commission, University Press.
3. Environmental studies, from crisis to cure by R. Rajagopalan, 2005.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Environmental Science: Towards a Sustainable Future by Richard T. Wright. 2008 PHL Learning Private Ltd. New Delhi.
2. Environmental Science by Daniel B. Botkin & Edward A. Keller, Willey INDIA Edition.
3. Text book of Environmental Science and Technology by M. Anji Reddy 2007.

II Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem.
BASIC SIMULATION TOOLS LAB

L T P C
0 0 3 2

Any Ten experiments should be conducted

Demo of basic commands & operators of MAT LAB & study of PSPICE.

Using MATLAB Software

1. Development of MATLAB Program for Matrix multiplication and inversion
2. Mesh and nodal analysis of circuit excited by DC Source.
3. Analysis of RL series circuit using simulink model on DC and AC Excitation.
4. Analysis of RC series circuit using simulink model on DC and AC Excitation.
5. Analysis of RLC series circuit using simulink model on DC and AC Excitation.
6. Simulink model of diode.
7. Simulink model of SCR.
8. Determination of band width and quality factor of a Series RLC circuit.

Using PSPICE Software

1. Development of PSPICE program to determine the Thevenins voltage of given network
Development of PSPICE program of 1- half wave rectifier.
2. Development of PSPICE program of 1- full wave rectifier.
3. Transient response of RL series circuit excited by DC and AC Source.
4. Transient response of RC series circuit excited by DC and AC Source DC Source.
5. Transient response of RLC series circuit excited by DC and AC Source DC Source.

II Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem

ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS LAB

L	T	P/D	C
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Any Ten experiments should be conducted

- 1) Measurement of Voltage, Current and Equivalent Resistance of Various Circuits and verification of Kirchhoff's laws.
- 2) Verification of Thevenin's Theorem & Verification of Norton's Theorem.
- 3) Verification of Maximum Power Transfer Theorem on DC and AC Excitation for different loads (R, RL, RLC)
- 4) Verification of Compensation Theorem & Verification of Superposition theorem.
- 5) Verification of Reciprocity Theorem & Verification Millmann's Theorem.
- 6) Resonance in series and parallel R, L, C Circuits.
- 7) Determination of Self inductance, Mutual inductance and Coefficient of coupling
- 8) Current locus Diagrams of RL and RC Series Circuits
- 9) Calculation of RMS, Average Value, Form Factor and Peak Factor of Complex wave
- 10) Determination of Z & Y Parameters
- 11) Determination of Transmission & Hybrid Parameters
- 12) Measurement of Active power for star and delta connected balanced loads
- 13) Measurement of Reactive power for star and delta connected balanced loads

Part – C

Syllabi of

B.Tech., II Year II Semester

ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS

L T P C
3 1 0 3

Course Objectives:

1. To introduce circuit realizations with components such as diodes, BJTs and transistors studied earlier.
2. To give understanding of various types of amplifier circuits such as small signal, cascaded, large signal and tuned amplifiers.
3. To familiarize the Concept of feedback in amplifiers so as to differentiate between negative and positive feedback.

Course Outcomes:

1. After going through this course the student will be able to:
2. Design and analyze small signal amplifier circuits applying the biasing techniques learnt earlier.
3. Cascade different amplifier configurations to obtain the required overall specifications like Gain, Bandwidth,
4. Input and Output interfacing Impedances.
5. Design and realize different classes of Power Amplifiers and tuned amplifiers useable for audio and Radio applications.
6. Utilize the Concepts of negative feedback to improve the stability of amplifiers and positive feedback to generate sustained oscillations.

UNIT – I:

Single Stage and Multi Stage Amplifiers

Single Stage Amplifiers: Classification of Amplifiers – Distortion in amplifiers, Analysis of CE, CC, and CB Amplifiers and CE Amplifier with emitter resistance, Miller's Theorem and its dual.

Multi Stage Amplifiers: Analysis of Cascaded RC Coupled amplifiers, Cascode amplifier, Darlington pair, and Different coupling schemes used in amplifiers- RC Coupled amplifiers, Transformer Coupled amplifiers and Direct Coupled amplifiers.

UNIT – II:

BJT Amplifiers and FET Amplifiers

BJT Amplifiers: Logarithms, Decibels, General frequency considerations, Frequency response of BJT amplifier – Analysis at low and high frequencies, effect of coupling and bypass capacitors, The Hybrid- π (π) – Common Emitter transistor model, CE short circuit current gain, current gain with resistive load, Single stage CE transistor amplifier response, Gain-bandwidth product, Equivalent Circuit of Emitter Follower at higher frequencies.

FET Amplifiers: Basic Concepts, Analysis of CS, CD, CG JFET Amplifiers, Common Source Amplifier with Source resistance.

UNIT –III:

Feedback Amplifiers and Oscillators

Feedback Amplifiers: Classification of amplifiers, Concepts of feedback, Classification of feedback amplifiers, General characteristics of negative feedback amplifiers, Effect of Feedback on Amplifier characteristics, Voltage series, Voltage shunt, Current series and Current shunt Feedback configurations – Simple problems.

Oscillators: Classification of oscillators, Condition for oscillations, RC-phase shift and Wien-bridge oscillators. Generalized analysis of LC oscillators- Hartley and Colpitts Oscillators, Crystal Oscillator, stability of oscillators

UNIT – IV:

Large Signal Amplifiers:

Classification of Power Amplifiers, Class A Power Amplifier, Maximum Value of Efficiency of Class – A Amplifier, Transformer Coupled Amplifier, Class B Power Amplifier, Efficiency of Class B Amplifier, Push Pull and Complimentary Symmetry Class B and Class AB Power Amplifiers – Principle of operation of class – C Amplifier, Distortion in power amplifiers, Transistor Power Dissipation, Heat Sinks.

UNIT – V:

Tuned Amplifiers

Introduction, Q-Factor, Small Signal Tuned Amplifiers with coupling techniques, Effect of Cascading single Tuned amplifiers on Bandwidth, Effect of Cascading Double Tuned amplifiers on Bandwidth, Stagger Tuned Amplifiers, Stability of Tuned amplifiers'

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Integrated Electronics, Jacob Millman, Christos C Halkias, TMH
2. Electronic Devices and Circuits, David A. Bell – 5th Editions, Oxford.
3. Electronic Devices and Circuits, S. Salivahanan, N.Suresh Kumar, AVallvaraj, 2nd Edition, TMH.

REFERENCES:

1. Introductory Electronic Devices and Circuits (Conventional flow version) – Robert T. Paynter, 7th Edition, 2009, PEI.
2. Microelectronic Circuits – Sedra / Smith – 5th Edition – Oxford, 2009
3. Electronic Circuit Analysis – K. Lal Kishore, BS Publications, 2004.
4. Electronic Devices and Circuits, Anil.K. Maini, Varsha Agrawal, 1st Edition, WILEY.
5. Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory, Robert L.Boylestad, Louis Nashelsky, 9th Edition, Pearson Education.

II Year B.Tech. EEE II-Sem.
SWITCHING THEORY AND LOGIC DESIGN

L T P C
3 0 0 3

Course Objectives:

This course provides in-depth knowledge of switching theory and the design techniques of digital circuits, which is the basis for design of any digital circuit. The main objectives are:

1. To learn basic techniques for the design of digital circuits and fundamental concepts used in the design of digital systems.
2. To understand common forms of number representation in digital electronic circuits and to be able to convert between different representations.
3. To implement simple logical operations using combinational logic circuits
4. To design combinational logic circuits, sequential logic circuits.
5. To impart to student the concepts of sequential circuits, enabling them to analyze sequential systems in terms of state machines.
6. To implement synchronous state machines using flip-flops.

Course Outcomes:

After going through this course the student will be able to:

1. Manipulate numeric information in different forms, e.g. different bases, signed integers, various codes such as ASCII, Gray and BCD.
2. Manipulate simple Boolean expressions using the theorems and postulates of Boolean algebra and to minimize combinational functions.
3. Design and analyze small combinational circuits and to use standard combinational functions/building blocks to build larger more complex circuits.
4. Design and analyze small sequential circuits and devices and to use standard sequential functions/building blocks to build larger more complex circuits.

UNIT-I: Number System and Boolean algebra And Switching Functions:

Review of number systems, Complements of Numbers, Codes- Binary Codes, Binary Coded Decimal Code and its Properties, Unit Distance Codes, Error Detecting and Correcting Codes.

Boolean Algebra: Basic Theorems and Properties, Switching Functions, Canonical and Standard Form, Algebraic Simplification of Digital Logic Gates, Properties of XOR Gates, Universal Gates, Multilevel NAND/NOR realizations.

UNIT-II: Minimization and Design of Combinational Circuits:

Introduction, The Minimization of switching function using theorem, The Karnaugh Map Method- Up to Five Variable Maps, Don't Care Map Entries, Tabular Method, VEM method, Design of Combinational Logic: Adders, Subtractors, comparators, Multiplexers, Demultiplexers, Decoders, Encoders and Code converters, Hazards and Hazard Free Relations.

UNIT-III: Sequential Machines Fundamentals and Applications:

Introduction: Basic Architectural Distinctions between Combinational and Sequential circuits, The Binary Cell, Fundamentals of Sequential Machine Operation, Latches, Flip Flops: SR, JK, Race Around Condition in JK, JK Master Slave, D and T Type Flip Flops, Excitation Table of all Flip Flops, Design of a Clocked Flip-Flop, Timing and Triggering Consideration, Clock Skew, Conversion from one type of Flip-Flop to another.

Registers and Counters: Shift Registers, Data Transmission in Shift Registers, Operation of Shift Registers, Shift Register Configuration, Bidirectional Shift Registers, Applications of Shift Registers, Design and Operation of Ring and Twisted Ring Counter, Operation Of Asynchronous And Synchronous Counters.

UNIT-IV: Sequential Circuits-I:

Introduction, State Diagram, Analysis of Synchronous Sequential Circuits, Approaches to the Design of Synchronous Sequential Finite State Machines, Synthesis of Synchronous Sequential Circuits, Serial Binary Adder, Sequence Detector, Parity-bit Generator, Design of Asynchronous Counters, Design of Synchronous Modulo N-Counters.

UNIT-V: Sequential Circuits-II:

Finite state machine-capabilities and limitations, Mealy and Moore models-minimization of completely specified and incompletely specified sequential machines, Partition techniques and Merger chart methods-concept of minimal cover table.

Algorithmic State Machines: Salient features of the ASM chart-Simple examples-System design using data path and control subsystems-control implementations-examples of Weighing machine and Binary multiplier.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Switching and Finite Automata Theory- ZviKohavi&Niraj K. Jha, 3rdEdition, Cambridge.
2. Digital Design-Morris Mano, MachaelCilette, Pearson Education, 2013.
3. Switching Theory and Logic Design – An Anand Kumar, PHI, 2013.

REFERENCES:

1. Digital Design- Morris Mano, PHI, 3rd Edition.
2. Introduction to Switching Theory and Logic Design – Fredriac J. Hill, Gerald R. Peterson, 3rd Ed, John Wiley & Sons Inc.
3. Digital Fundamentals – A Systems Approach – Thomas L. Floyd, Pearson, 2013.
4. Digital Logic Design - Ye Brian and HoldsWorth, Elsevier
5. Fundamentals of Logic Design- Charles H. Roth, Cengage LEarning, 5th, Edition, 2004.
6. Digital Logic Applications and Design- John M. Yarbrough, Thomson Publications, 2006.
7. Digital Logic and State Machine Design – Comer, 3rd, Oxford, 2013.

II Year B.Tech. EEE II-Sem.

CONTROL SYSTEMS

L	T	P	C
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Course Objective:

In this course it is aimed to introduce to the students the principles and applications of control systems in day to day life. The basic concepts of block diagram reduction, time domain analysis, solutions to time invariant systems, different aspects of stability analysis of systems in frequency domain and time domain are dealt with.

Course Outcomes:

After going through this course the student will be able to understand

- The basic concepts and applications of control systems in day to day life.
- The transfer function analysis in mathematical modeling of control system which helps mainly in stability and designing of control systems.

UNIT – I: Introduction

Concepts of Control Systems- Open Loop and closed loop control systems and their differences- Different examples of control systems- Classification of control systems.
Mathematical models – Differential equations, Impulse Response and transfer functions - Translational and Rotational mechanical systems

UNIT II: Transfer Function Representation and Time Response Analysis

Transfer Function of DC Servo motor - AC Servo motor- Synchro Transmitter and Receiver, Block diagram representation of systems considering electrical systems as examples -Block diagram algebra – Representation by Signal flow graph - Reduction uses Mason's gain formula.
Feed-Back Characteristics, Effects of feedback, standard test signals - Time response of first order systems – Characteristic Equation of Feedback control systems, Transient response of second order systems - Time domain specifications – Steady state response - Steady state errors and error constants – Effects of proportional derivative, proportional integral systems.

UNIT –III: Stability Analysis in S-Domain

The concept of stability – Routh's stability criterion – qualitative stability and conditional stability – limitations of Routh's stability.

Root Locus Technique:

The root locus concept - construction of root loci-effects of adding poles and zeros to $G(s)$ $H(s)$ on the root loci.

UNIT – IV: Frequency Response and Stability Analysis In Frequency Domain

Introduction, Frequency domain specifications-Bode diagrams-Determination of Frequency domain specifications and transfer function from the Bode Diagram-Phase margin and Gain margin-Stability Analysis from Bode Plots. Nyquist Plots-Stability Analysis.

UNIT – V: Classical Control Design Techniques and State Space Analysis of Continuous Systems

Compensation techniques – Lag, Lead, Lead-Lag Controllers design in frequency Domain, PID Controllers.

Concepts of state, state variables and state model, derivation of state models - Solving the Time invariant state Equations- State Transition Matrix and its Properties

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Control Systems Engineering – I.J.Nagrath and M.Gopal, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers, 2nd edition, 2009.
2. Automatic Control Systems - B. C. Kuo, John wiley and sons. 8th edition, 2003.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Modern Control Engineering –Katsuhiko Ogata – Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 3rd Edition, 1998.
2. Control Systems-N.K.Sinha, New Age International (P) Limited Publishers, 3rd Edition, 1998.
3. Control Systems Engg. – John wiley, NISE, 4rd edition, 2007.
4. Control Systems – Nagoorkani, 1998.

II Year B.Tech. EEE II-Sem.

FLUID MECHANICS AND HYDRAULIC MACHINES

L	T	P/D	C
3	1	0	3

Course Objective:

1. Understanding the properties of fluids and Calculating forces on a submerged structure in a static fluid.
2. Applying the mass conservation, Energy and Momentum principle, using the control volume approach, to engineering problems.
3. Calculating surface resistance in laminar, turbulent flows and lift and drag forces on moving bodies.
4. Students should know the inter relationship between thermodynamics and fluid mechanics in context to their respective departments.
5. To prepare students, will be broadly educated and will have an understanding of the impact of engineering on society and demonstrate awareness of contemporary issues.
6. To train the students will be familiar in applying software methods to analyze mechanical engineering problems.

Course Outcomes:

1. Solving numerical problems related to pressure measuring instruments, identifying and solving forces on submerged and floating bodies.
2. Practical application of Bernoulli's equation and principles in various disciplines including pressure variation study in atmospheric science.
3. Ability to apply conservation laws for mass, momentum and mechanical energy in combination to control volumes in ideal fluids and hence calculate hydraulic and energy grade lines.
4. Calculation of local and overall skin friction drag in laminar and turbulent flat plate boundary layers, using approximate empirical formula (only basic knowledge).
5. An ability to use the techniques, skills and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice with the concept of Hydraulic Machinery and Systems.

UNIT – I

Fluid Properties and Fluid Statics: Density, Specific weight, Specific gravity, viscosity, Vapour pressure, compressibility, Surface tension Pressure at a point, Pascal's law, pressure variation with temperature, density and altitude. Hydro static law, Piezometer, Simple and differential manometers.

UNIT - II

Fluid Kinematics: Stream line, path line, streak line, stream tube, classification of flows, steady, unsteady, uniform, non-uniform, laminar, turbulent, rotational, irrotational flows, one, two and three dimensional flows.

Fluid Dynamics: Surface and Body forces, Euler's and Bernoulli's equation derivation, Application of Bernoulli's Equation: Venturimeter, Orifice meter, Pitot tube, Navier Stokes equation (explanation only), Momentum equation – applications.

UNIT - III

Close Conduit Flow: Reynolds Experiment, Darcy's equation, Minor losses - pipes in series, pipes in parallel, total energy line and hydraulic gradient line, numerical problems.

Boundary Layer Concepts: Definition, thicknesses, characteristics along thin plate, laminar and turbulent layers (No Derivation) boundary layer in transition, separation of boundary layer submerged objects drag and lift.

UNIT – IV

Impact Of Water Jets: Hydrodynamic force of jets on stationary and moving flat, inclined and curved vanes, jet striking centrally and a tip-velocity triangles at inlet and outlet expressions for work done and efficiency, Series vanes, Radial flow turbines.

Hydraulic Turbines: Overshot and undershot water wheels, classification of Water turbines, Pelton Wheel, work done and working proportions, Francis, Kaplan turbines, draft tubes, types & its efficiency.

Performance Of Turbines: Performance under unit head, unit quantities, performance under specific conditions, specific speed, performance characteristic curves, model testing of turbines, cavitation, governing of turbines, surge tanks. Water hammer.

UNIT – V

Centrifugal Pumps : Types Component parts and working, work done by the impeller, Manometric head losses and efficiencies, minimum starting speed, loss of head due to reduced or increased flow, diameters of impeller and pipes, Specific speed, Model testing of pumps, Multistage Pumps, Pumps in parallel, performance of pumps, characteristics curves, NPSH, Cavitation, priming devices, pump troubles and remedies.

Reciprocating Pumps: Main components and working of a reciprocating pump, types of reciprocating pumps, power required driving the pump, coefficient of discharge and slipping indicator diagram.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Hydraulics, fluid mechanics and Hydraulic machinery MODI and SETH.
2. Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines by Rajput.

REFERENCES:

1. Fluid Mechanics and fluid power Engineering by D.S Kumar, Kotaria & sons.
2. Fluid Mechanics and machinery by D. Rama Durgaiah, New Age international.
3. Hydraulic Machines by Banga & Sharma, Khanna Publishers.

ELECTRICAL MACHINES – II

L T P C
4 1 0 4

Course Objective:

As an extension of Electrical machines I course this subject facilitates to learn the performance of Transformers and Induction motors which are having very wide applications in the field and industry.

Course Outcomes:

After going through this course the student can be able to understand

- Construction, working principle, operating characteristics of single phase and 3-phase transformers. Able to solve the problems about regulation, efficiency, Sharing of load in parallel operation.
- Construction, working principle, speed torque characteristics of 3-phase induction motors, solution of problems at different loads, speed control methods and their applications.
- Upon completing the course, students will be able to understand the construction and operation of single phase induction motors and their applications.

UNIT-I: Single phase transformers:

Principle of operation – Turns Ratio-Types - constructional details- Losses: Hysteresis, Eddy current-copper losses. Minimization of hysteresis and eddy current losses- E.M.F equation - operation on no load and on load - phasor diagrams.

Equivalent circuit – efficiency-Condition for maximum efficiency- All day efficiency -voltage regulation for different loads (power factors) - effect of variations of frequency & supply voltage on iron losses.

Testing of transformers: OC and SC tests –Drawing of Equivalent Circuit- Sumpner's test - predetermination of efficiency and voltage regulation-separation of losses.

UNIT II:

Three phase Transformers

Three phase poly-phase connections - Y/Y, Y/ Δ , Δ /Y, Δ / Δ and open Δ , Third harmonics in phase voltages-three winding transformers-tertiary windings. Determination of Z_p , Z_s and Z_t transients in switching - off load and on load tap changing; Scott connection.

Parallel Operation and Autotransformers

Parallel operation of Single Phase Transformers with equal and unequal voltage ratios. Auto transformers-equivalent circuit - comparison with two winding transformers.

UNIT III: Three Phase Induction Motors

Construction details of cage and wound rotor machines-production of a rotating magnetic field - principle of operation - rotor emf and rotor frequency - rotor reactance, rotor current and pf. at standstill and during operation. Rotor power input, rotor copper loss and mechanical power developed. Torque equation- expressions for maximum torque and starting torque - torque slip characteristics - double cage and deep bar rotors - equivalent circuit - phasor diagram - crawling and cogging.

UNIT IV: Performance of Three Phase Induction Motors

Circle diagram-no load and blocked rotor tests-predetermination of performance. Methods of starting. Calculations of torque, efficiency at different loads from circle diagram.

Speed control-change of frequency- change of poles and methods of consequent poles; cascade connection, injection of an emf into rotor circuit (qualitative treatment only)-induction generator-principle of operation.

UNIT V: Single Phase Induction Motors:

Single phase Induction motor – Constructional features- Cross field theory, Double revolving field theory Equivalent circuit- split –Phase motors- Capacitor start Capacitor run motors.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Electric Machinery- *P.S. Bimbra*, Khanna Publishers, 7th edition, 2010.
2. Theory and Performance of Electrical Machines - *JB Gupta*, SK Kataria & ISons, 2009.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Performance and Design of AC Machines - *MG.Say*, BPB Publishers, 1968.
2. Theory of Alternating Current Machinery- *Langsdorf*, Tata McGraw Hill Companies, 2nd edition, 2001.
3. Electro mechanics-II (transformers and induction motors) - *S. Kamakshaiah*, Hitech publishers.
4. Electric Machines – *I.J.Nagrath & D.P.Kothari*, Tata McGraw Hill, 7th Edition, 2005.
5. A Text Book of Electrical Technology – *B.L. Theraja and A.K. Theraja*, Vol2, S.Chand Publications

POWER SYSTEMS-I**Course Objective:**

Electrical Power plays significant role in day to day life of entire mankind. This course deals with the generation and distribution of power along with the economic aspects.

Course Outcomes:

After going through this course the students will be able to understand

- How the electrical power will be generated from different sources.
- Layout of substations, their Equipments and distribution systems.
- The economical aspects of power generation and different types of tariffs.

UNIT-I:ThermalPowerStations:

Line diagram of Thermal Power Station (TPS) showing paths of coal, steam, water, air, ash and flue gasses. Brief description of TPS components-Economizers, Boilers, Super heaters, Turbines, Condensers, Chimney and cooling towers.

Nuclear Power Stations:

Nuclear Fission and Chain reaction, Nuclear fuels, Principle of operation of Nuclear reactor, Reactor Components- Moderators, Control rods, Reflectors and Coolants, Radiation hazards- Shielding and Safety precautions, Types of Nuclear reactors and brief description of PWR, BWR and FBR.

Gas Power Stations:

Principle of Operation and Components (Block Diagram Approach Only).

UNIT-II: General Aspects of D.C & A.C Distribution Systems: D.C Distribution Systems:

Classification of Distribution Systems - Comparison of DC vs. AC and Under-Ground vs. Over - Head Distribution Systems- Requirements and Design features of Distribution Systems- Voltage, Drop Calculations (Numerical Problems in D.C Distributors for the following cases: Radial D.C Distributor fed one end and at the both the ends (equal/unequal voltages) and Ring Main Distributor.

A.C**Distribution****Systems:**

Voltage Drop Calculations (Numerical Problems) in A.C. Distributors for the following cases: Power Factors referred to receiving end voltage and with respect to related load voltages.

UNIT-III:**Air Insulated & Gas Insulated (GIS) Substations:**

Classification of substations: - Indoor & Outdoor substations: Substations layout showing the location of all the substation equipment. Bus bar arrangements in the Sub-Stations: Simple arrangements like single bus bar, sectionalized single bus bar, main and transfer bus bar system with relevant diagrams.

Gas Insulated Substations(GIS): Advantages of Gas insulated substations, different types of gas insulated substations, single line diagram of gas insulated substations, busbar, construction aspects of GIS, Installation and maintenance of GIS, Comparison of Air insulated substations and Gas insulated substations.

UNIT-IV:

Power Factor & Voltage Control:

Causes of low power factor -Methods of Improving power factor -Phase advancing and generation of reactive KVAR using static Capacitors-Most economical power factor for constant KW load and constant KVA type loads, Numerical Problems.

Dependency of Voltage on Reactive Power flow- Methods of Voltage Control: Shunt Capacitors, Series Capacitors, Synchronous Capacitors, Tap changing and Booster Transformers.

UNIT-V:

Economic Aspects of Power Generation & Tariff:

Load curve, load duration and integrated load duration curves-load, demand, diversity, capacity, utilization and plant use factors- Numerical Problems.

Tariff Methods: Costs of Generation and their division into Fixed, Semi-fixed and Running Costs. Desirable Characteristics of a Tariff Method-Tariff Methods: Flat Rate, Block- Rate, two-part, three-part, and power factor tariff methods and Numerical Problems. ”

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Principles of Power Systems by V.K Mehta and Rohit Mehta S.Chand Company Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi 2004.
2. Electrical Power Systems, PSR. Murty, BS Publications.
3. A course in Power Systems by J.B.Gupta S.K.Kataria & Sons-2016

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. A Text book of Power system Engineering, R.K. Rajput, Laxmi Publications (P) Limited.
2. Electrical Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution, S.N.Singh', PHI.
3. Electrical Power Systems by C.L.Wadhawa New Age International (P) Liffiited, Publishers.
4. Generation of Electrical Energy, Dr. B.R. Gupta, S. Chand.

II Year B.Tech. EEE II-Sem
ELECTRICAL MACHINES –I LAB

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Any 10 experiments out of 12

1. Magnetization characteristics of a DC shunt generator.
2. Load test on DC shunt generator.
4. Load test on DC compound generator.
5. Load test on DC series generator.
6. Brake test on DC shunt motor.
7. Brake test on DC compound motor.
8. Hopkinson's test on DC Shunt machines.
9. Field's test on DC Series machines.
10. Separation of losses in DC shunts motor.
11. Retardation test on DC shunt motor.
12. Speed control of DC shunt motor.
13. Swinburne's test on DC shunt machine.

ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS LAB

L T P C
0 0 3 2

PART-A: (Only for Viva-voce Examination)

Electronic Workshop Practice (In 3 Lab Sessions):

1. Identification, Specifications, Testing of R, L, C Components (Color Codes), Potentiometers, Switches (SPDT, DPDT, and DIP), Coils, Gang Condensers, Relays, Bread Boards, PCB's
2. Identification, Specifications and Testing of Active Devices, Diodes, BJT's, Low power JFET's, MOSFET's, Power Transistors, LED's, LCD's, SCR, UJT.
3. Study and operation of
 - a. Multimeters (Analog and Digital).
 - b. Function Generator.
 - c. Regulated Power Supplies.
 - d. CRO.

PART B: Minimum of 10 experiments

1. Forward & Reverse Bias Characteristics of PN Junction Diode.
2. Zener diode characteristics and Zener as voltage Regulator.
3. Half Wave Rectifier with & without filters.
4. Full Wave Rectifier with & without filters.
5. Input & Output Characteristics of Transistor in CB Configuration and h-parameter calculations.
6. Input & Output Characteristics of Transistor in CE Configuration and h-parameter calculations.
7. FET characteristics.
8. Lissajous patterns using CRO.
9. Frequency Response of CC Amplifier.
10. Frequency Response of CE Amplifier.
11. Frequency Response of Common Source FET amplifier.
12. SCR characteristics.
13. UJT Characteristics.

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS AND CYBER LAWS

Second year B.Tech (Mandatory subject)

Course Objectives:

1. To make students familiar with Intellectual Property Rights.
2. To understand innovations in engineering and other domains.
3. To be familiar with patents, copyrights and various acts related to innovations.

UNIT - I:

Introduction to Intellectual property Rights (IPR):

Introduction, Types of Intellectual Property Rights, International Organizations, Agencies and Treaties, Importance of Intellectual Property Rights.

UNIT - II:

Trade Marks:

Purpose And Function of Trademarks, Acquisition of Trade Mark Rights, Protectable Matter, Selecting And Evaluating Trade Mark, Trade Mark Registration Processes.

UNIT - III:

Copy rights Law:

Fundamental of Copy Right Law, originality of Material, Rights of Reproduction, Rights to Perform the Work Publicly, Copy Right Ownership Issues, Copy Right Registration, Notice Of Copy Right, International Copy Right Law.

Patents Law:

Foundation of Patent Law, Patent Searching Process, Ownership Rights And Transfer

UNIT - IV:

Trade Secrets:

Trade Secrete Law, Determination of Trade Secrets Status, Liability For Misappropriations Of Trade Secrets, Protection For Submission, Trade Secret Litigation.

Unfair competition: Misappropriation Right of Publicity, False Advertising.

UNIT - V:

Cyber Law:

Cyber Crime, Information Security, Cyber Criminals, Classification of Cyber Criminals- Legal Perspectives- Indian Perspectives- Cyber Crimes And Indian ITA 2000, Global Perspective On Cyber Crime- Cyber Crime Era.

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, the students are expected to:

1. To define various terms related to Intellectual Property Rights.
2. To understand the process of patent, copyrights and related procedures.
3. To analyze the situation of IPR in the Indian context with that of global scenario.
4. To understand the patenting process through various case studies.

TEXT BOOKS & REFERENCES:

1. Deborah, E. Bo Choux, Intellectual Property Right, Cengage Learning
2. Prabuddha Ganguli, Intellectual Property Right - Unleashing the Knowledge Economy, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Company Ltd.
3. Nina Godbole and Sunitha Belapure, "Cyber Security" Wiley India 2012.

**PROFESSIONAL ETHICS, HUMAN VALUES AND SELF DEVELOPMENT
(MANDATORY COURSE)**

Course Objectives:

L	T	P/D	C
2	0	0	0

- a. To offer the students an appropriate set of values to live by
- b. To help them achieve a balanced life with appropriate attitudes and behavior
- c. To ensure harmonious life with sustained happiness and prosperity
- d. To create awareness on Ethical human conduct, Engineering Ethics, Social responsibility as an engineer.

Course Outcomes:

- 1) Cultivate the habit of Introspection; Inspirations from within and outside and journal writing to become Successful Engineers with hopes of a better human being
- 2) Ethical Responsibilities of Engineers while - dealing with the issues.
- 3) To maintain work life –balance and societal well being
- 4) Develop Right thinking and understanding

UNIT – I

Course Introduction to Values: Need, Guidelines, Content and Educational Process, Application of values, Universal values. Natural Acceptance. Self Exploration – Meditation- self exploration. Continuous Happiness and Prosperity - Right thinking and understanding. Ambition and Aspiration.

UNIT - II:

Harmony in the Human Being:

Harmony in Myself! : Human being as a co-existence of 'I' and the material 'Body'. Needs of Self ('I') and 'Body'. The Body as an instrument of 'I' (I being the Doer, Seer and Enjoyer). Harmony of I with the Body, Correct Appraisal of Physical needs

UNIT - III:

Harmony in the Family, Society and in Nature:

Harmony in Human - Human Relationships: Harmony in the Family, Values in Human - Human Relationships, Trust, Respect and other Salient Values in Relationships. Harmony in the Society, Universal Harmony Order.

Harmony in the nature and Existence: Whole existence as Co-existence: Inter-connectedness and Mutual fulfillment among the four orders of nature - Recyclability and Self-regulation in nature.

UNIT - IV:

Professional Ethics:

Introduction, Profession, Professionals, Professionalism, Professional's- roles and risks, Professional Accountability, Ethics in Engineering Profession, Roles of Engineers, Balanced outlook on Law and Responsibilities as Citizens, Professional Responsibilities, Professional Rights.

UNIT - V:

Self Development:

Behavior and Attitude, Stress Management- Types of Stress, Self Management, Choices we make, Excellence.

Meditation: Importance of Meditation, Observation, Introspection, Contemplation, Concentration, Relaxation, Systematic Practice of Meditation.

Inner Cleaning, Need to purify our Conscience and develop Purity in Thoughts and Actions

Journal Writing: Uses and Self Development.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. R. R. Gaur, R Sangal, g p Bagaria, 2009, A foundation course in human values and p rofessional ethics.
2. Professional ethics by R Subramanian Oxford press
3. M Govindrajan, S Natrajan & V. S Senthil kumar, Engineering Ethics (including Humna Values), Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India Ltd
4. Self development modules from heartfulness institute (content.heartfulness.org)
5. Prof. K Subba Raju 2013, Success secrets for engineering students , Smart student publication 3rd edition.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Ivan Illich, 1974, Energy & Equity, The Trinity Press, Worcester, and HarperCollins, USA
2. E. F. Schumaner, 1973, small is Beautiful: a study of economics as if people mattered. Blond & Briggs, Britain.
3. A Nagraj, 1998 Jeevan Vidya ek Parichay, Divya Path Sansthan, Amarkantak.
4. Sussan George, 1976, How the Other Half Dies, Penguin Press, Reprinted 1986, 1991.
5. P. L. Dhar, R. R. Gaur, 1990, Science and Humanism, Commonwealth Publishers.
6. A. N. Tripathy, 2003, Human Values, New Age International Publishers.
7. Subhas Palekar, 2000, How to practice Natural Farming, Pracheen(Vaidik) Krishi Tantra Shodh, Amravati.
8. Donella H. Meadows, Dennis L. Meadows, Jorgen Randers, William W. Behrens III, 1972, Limits to Growth - Club of Rome's report, Universe Books.
9. E G Seebauer & Robert L.Berry, 2000, Fundamentals of Ethics for Scientists & Engineers, Oxford University Press.

PROFESSIONAL COMMUNICATION (MANDATORY COURSE)

L	T	P	C
0	0	3	2

Introduction:

The world is in need of effective and efficient professionals. Technical students are to be equipped with Professional Communication skills to enable them to face the growing employment demands. The course has been introduced to bridge the gap between communication skills of ELCS and ACS.

Course Objectives:

- speak & write intelligible English
- understand professional etiquette and learn appropriate mannerism
- learn about leadership, team building skills and to solve problems by taking decisions
- to present effectively
- knowing his/her strengths and overcoming weaknesses

Course Outcomes:

A student learns:

- to speak and write appropriate English
- the professional demands
- to solve problems and take decisions
- requisite professional skills

Unit: I

Academic Vocabulary and Grammar

Exercises on: Correction of sentences

Tenses, Articles, Prepositions, etc.

Synonyms, Antonyms, One word substitutes, Idioms & Phrases

Unit: II

Self Appraisal

Self Introduction,

SWOT Analysis,

Goal setting

Personality Development

Unit: III

Professional Etiquette

Etiquette

Mannerism

Positive Attitude

Behavioural Traits

Unit: IV

Team Building

Leadership skills

Team Work

Decision Making/ Problem Solving / Conflict managements

Case Study

Unit: V

Presentation Skills

Poster Presentation

Oral Presentation

References:

- 1) Rao, M.S. *Soft Skills Enhancing Employability*. New Delhi: I.K. Publishing House, 2010.
- 2) Rao, Nageshwar. *Communication Skills*. New Delhi: Himalaya Publishing House Pvt. Ltd, 2008
- 3) Ashrif Rizvi. *Effective Technical Communication*, Tata Mc Grahill, 2011.
- 4) Daniel G. Riordan & Steven E. Pauley. *Technical Report Writing Today*, Biztantra Publishers, 2005.
- 5) David A McCurry & Joanne Buckely, *Handbook for Technical Writing* CENGAGE Learning 2008.
- 6) *Raymond Murphy's English Grammar with CD*, Murphy, Cambridge University Press, 2012.
- 7) William Standard. *Living English Structures-* Allen-Pearson, 2011.
- 8) S M Guptha. *Current English Grammar and Usage*, PHI, 2013.
- 9) Krishna Swami. *Modern English Grammar-*, McMillan, 2009.
- 10) Anjana Agarwal. *Powerful Vocabulary Builder*, New Age International Publishers, 2011

DISASTER MANAGEMENT (MANDATORY COURSE)

L	T	P/D	C
2	0	0	0

Course Objectives:

- To provide knowledge related to the broad field of environmental risk assessment
- Steps involved in the risk assessment process, including statistical characterization of observed data
- Knowledge about tools that can be used in defining environmental risks, particularly as related to human health.
- To develop practical skills in disaster mitigation, planning, response and post disaster rehabilitation, particularly related to health and public health.

Course Outcomes:

- Develop an understanding of the key concepts, definitions a key perspectives of all Hazards Emergency Management
- Understand the Emergency/Disaster Management Cycle
- Have a basic understanding for the history of Emergency Management
- Develop a basic under understanding of Prevention, Mitigation, Preparedness, Response and Recovery
- Develop a basic understanding for the role of public and private partnerships

UNIT-I

Introduction to the Different Types Of Disasters:

Natural Disasters- Meaning and nature of natural disasters, their types and effects. Floods, drought, cyclone, earthquakes, landslides, avalanches, volcanic eruptions, Heat and cold waves, Climatic change: global warming, Sea level rise, ozone depletion.

Man Made Disasters- Nuclear disasters, chemical disasters, biological disasters, building fire, coal fire, forest fire, oil fire, air pollution, water pollution, deforestation, industrial waste water pollution, road accidents, rail accidents, air accidents, sea accidents.

UNIT-II

Environment and Disasters:

Environment, ecosystem and disasters. Climate change – issues and concerns. Industrial hazards and safety measures. Post disaster impact on environment. Impact of developmental projects on disaster risk. Aspects of environmental management for disaster risk reduction. Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA).

UNIT-III

Disaster Risk Mitigation:

Disaster risk assessment (Hazard-Vulnerability-Capacity analysis), Hazard mapping and forecasting. Principles and aspects of Disaster prevention Disaster mitigation Preparedness for damage mitigation and coping with disasters. Capacity building for disaster/damage mitigation (structural and non-structural measures). Contingency planning for damage mitigation of different hazards.

UNIT-IV

Disaster Management:

Effect to migrate natural disaster at national and global levels. International strategy for disaster reduction. Concept of disaster management, national disaster management framework; financial arrangements; role of NGOs, community –based organizations and media. Central, state, district and local administration; Armed forces in disaster response; Disaster responses; Police and other organizations.

UNIT-V

Planning For Disaster Rescue and Risk Reduction:

Community-hazard profile of the disaster site. DM cycle, Different phases of Disaster Management: Predisaster stage, Emergency stage, Post disaster stage. Implementation of different disaster management phase and Relief mechanism during different disaster stages including cyclones, earthquakes, fire accidents, Tsunami, landslides etc. Disaster Management Act (2005); Disaster Management Policy (2009).

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Disaster Mitigation: Experiences And Reflections by Pradeep Sahni, (2013)
2. Natural Hazards & Disasters by Donald Hyndman & David Hyndman - Cengage Learning (2009).

Part – D

Syllabi of

MANDATORY COURSES

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS AND CYBER LAWS

Course Objectives:

4. To make students familiar with Intellectual Property Rights.
5. To understand innovations in engineering and other domains.
6. To be familiar with patents, copyrights and various acts related to innovations.

UNIT - I:

Introduction to Intellectual property Rights (IPR):

Introduction, Types of Intellectual Property Rights, International Organizations, Agencies and Treaties, Importance of Intellectual Property Rights.

UNIT - II:

Trade Marks:

Purpose And Function Of Trademarks, Acquisition Of Trade Mark Rights, Protectable Matter, Selecting And Evaluating Trade Mark, Trade Mark Registration Processes.

UNIT - III:

Copy rights Law:

Fundamental of Copy Right Law, Originality of Material, Rights of Reproduction, Rights to Perform The Work Publicly, Copy Right Ownership Issues, Copy Right Registration, Notice of Copy Right, International Copy Right Law.

Patents Law:

Foundation of Patent Law, Patent Searching Process, Ownership Rights and Transfer

UNIT - IV:

Trade Secrets:

Trade Secrete Law, Determination Of Trade Secrets Status, Liability For Misappropriations Of Trade Secrets, Protection For Submission, Trade Secret Litigation.

Unfair competition: Misappropriation Right Of Publicity, False Advertising.

UNIT - V:

Cyber Law:

Cyber Crime, Information Security, Cyber Criminals, Classification Of Cyber Criminals- Legal Perspectives- Indian Perspectives- Cyber Crimes And Indian ITA 2000, Global Perspective On Cyber Crime- Cyber Crime Era.

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, the students are expected to:

1. To define various terms related to Intellectual Property Rights.
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3. To analyze the situation of IPR in the Indian context with that of global scenario.
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3. Nina Godbole and Sunitha Belapure, "Cyber Security" Wiley India 2012.

PROFESSIONAL ETHICS, HUMAN VALUES AND SELF DEVELOPMENT

Course Objectives:

L	T	P/D	C
2	0	0	0

- To offer the students an appropriate set of values to live by
- To help them achieve a balanced life with appropriate attitudes and behaviour
- To ensure harmonious life with sustained happiness and prosperity
- To create awareness on Ethical human conduct, Engineering Ethics, Social responsibility as an engineer.

Course Outcomes:

- Cultivate the habit of Introspection; Inspirations from within and outside and journal writing to become Successful Engineers with hopes of a better human being.
- Ethical Responsibilities of Engineers while - dealing with the issues.
- To maintain work life –balance and societal well being.
- Develop Right thinking and understanding

UNIT – I

Course Introduction to Values: Need, Guidelines, Content and Educational Process, Application of values, Universal values. Natural Acceptance. Self Exploration – Meditation- self exploration. Continuous Happiness and Prosperity - Right thinking and understanding. Ambition and Aspiration.

UNIT - II:

Harmony in the Human Being:

Harmony in Myself: Human being as a co-existence of 'I' and the material 'Body'. Needs of Self ('I') and 'Body'. The Body as an instrument of 'I' (I being the Doer, Seer and Enjoyer). Harmony of I with the Body, Correct Appraisal of Physical needs

UNIT - III:

Harmony in the Family, Society and in Nature:

Harmony in Human - Human Relationships: Harmony in the Family, Values in Human - Human Relationships, Trust, Respect and other Salient Values in Relationships. Harmony in the Society, Universal Harmony Order.

Harmony in the nature and Existence: Whole existence as Co-existence: Inter-connectedness and Mutual fulfillment among the four orders of nature - Recyclability and Self-regulation in nature.

UNIT - IV:

Professional Ethics:

Introduction, Profession, Professionals, Professionalism, Professional's- roles and risks, Professional Accountability, Ethics in Engineering Profession, Roles of Engineers, Balanced outlook on Law and Responsibilities as Citizens, Professional Responsibilities, Professional Rights.

UNIT - V:

Self Development:

Behavior and Attitude, Stress Management- Types of Stress, Self Management, Choices we make, Excellence.

Meditation: Importance of Meditation, Observation, Introspection, Contemplation, Concentration, Relaxation, Systematic Practice of Meditation.

Inner Cleaning, Need to purify our Conscience and develop Purity in Thoughts and Actions

Journal Writing: Uses and Self Development.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. R. R. Gaur, R Sangal, g p Bagaria, 2009, a foundation course in human values and professional ethics.
2. Professional ethics by R Subramanian Oxford press
3. M Govindrajan, S Natrajan & V. S Senthil kumar, Engineering Ethics (including Human Values), Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India Ltd.
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3. A Nagraj, 1998 Jeevan Vidya ek Parichay, Divya Path Sansthan, Amarkantak.
4. Sussan George, 1976, How the Other Half Dies, Penguin Press, Reprinted 1986, 1991.
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9. E G Seebauer & Robert L.Berry, 2000, Fundamentals of Ethics for Scientists & Engineers, Oxford University Press.

PROFESSIONAL COMMUNICATION

L	T	P	C
0	0	3	2

Introduction:

The world is in need of effective and efficient professionals. Technical students are to be equipped with Professional Communication skills to enable them to face the growing employment demands. The course has been introduced to bridge the gap between communication skills of ELCS and ACS.

Course Objectives:

To enable a student:

- speak & write intelligible English
- understand professional etiquette and learn appropriate mannerism
- learn about leadership, team building skills and to solve problems by taking decisions
- to present effectively
- knowing his/her strengths and overcoming weaknesses

Course Outcomes:

A student learns:

- to speak and write appropriate English
- the professional demands
- to solve problems and take decisions
- requisite professional skills

Unit: I

Academic Vocabulary and Grammar

Exercises on: Correction of sentences
Tenses, Articles, Prepositions, etc.
Synonyms, Antonyms, One word substitutes, Idioms & Phrases

Unit: II

Self Appraisal

Self Introduction,
SWOT Analysis,
Goal setting
Personality Development

Unit: III

Professional Etiquette

Etiquette
Mannerism
Positive Attitude
Behavioral Traits

Unit: IV

Team Building

Leadership skills
Team Work
Decision Making/ Problem Solving / Conflict managements
Case Study

Unit: V

Presentation Skills

Poster Presentation
Oral Presentation

References:

1. Rao, M.S. Soft Skills Enhancing Employability. New Delhi: I.K. Publishing House, 2010.
2. Rao, Nageshwar. Communication Skills. New Delhi: Himalaya Publishing House Pvt. Ltd, 2008.
3. Ashrif Rizvi. Effective Technical Communication, Tata Mc Grahill, 2011.
4. Daniel G. Riordan & Steven E. Pauley. Technical Report Writing Today, Biztantra Publishers, 2005.
5. David A McCurry & Joanne Buckely, Handbook for Technical Writing CENGAGE Learning 2008.
6. Raymond Murphy's English Grammar with CD, Murphy, Cambridge University Press, 2012.
7. William Standard. Living English Structures- Allen-Pearson, 2011.
8. S M Guptha. Current English Grammar and Usage, PHI, 2013.
9. Krishna Swami. Modern English Grammar-, McMillan, 2009.
10. Anjana Agarwal. Powerful Vocabulary Builder, New Age International Publishers, 2011.

DISASTER MANAGEMENT

L	T	P/D	C
2	0	0	0

Course Objectives:

- To provide knowledge related to the broad field of environmental risk assessment.
- Steps involved in the risk assessment process, including statistical characterization of observed data.
- Knowledge about tools that can be used in defining environmental risks, particularly as related to human health.
- To develop practical skills in disaster mitigation, planning, response and post disaster rehabilitation, particularly related to health and public health.

Course Outcomes:

- Develop an understanding of the key concepts, definitions a key perspectives of all Hazards Emergency Management
- Understand the Emergency/Disaster Management Cycle
- Have a basic understanding for the history of Emergency Management
- Develop a basic under understanding of Prevention, Mitigation, Preparedness, Response and Recovery
- Develop a basic understanding for the role of public and private partnerships

UNIT-I

Introduction to the Different Types of Disasters:

Natural Disasters - Meaning and nature of natural disasters, their types and effects. Floods, drought, cyclone, earthquakes, landslides, avalanches, volcanic eruptions, Heat and cold waves, Climatic change: global warming, Sea level rise, ozone depletion.

Man Made Disasters- Nuclear disasters, chemical disasters, biological disasters, building fire, coal fire, forest fire, oil fire, air pollution, water pollution, deforestation, industrial waste water pollution, road accidents, rail accidents, air accidents, sea accidents.

UNIT-II

Environment and Disasters:

Environment, ecosystem and disasters. Climate change – issues and concerns. Industrial hazards and safety measures. Post disaster impact on environment. Impact of developmental projects on disaster risk. Aspects of environmental management for disaster risk reduction. Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA).

UNIT-III

Disaster Risk Mitigation:

Disaster risk assessment (Hazard-Vulnerability-Capacity analysis), Hazard mapping and forecasting. Principles and aspects of Disaster prevention Disaster mitigation Preparedness for damage mitigation and coping with disasters. Capacity building for disaster/damage mitigation (structural and non-structural measures). Contingency planning for damage mitigation of different hazards.

UNIT-IV

Disaster Management:

Effect to migrate natural disaster at national and global levels. International strategy for disaster reduction. Concept of disaster management, national disaster management framework; financial arrangements; role of NGOs, community –based organizations and media. Central, state, district and local administration; Armed forces in disaster response; Disaster responses; Police and other organizations. (2009).

UNIT-V

Planning for Disaster Rescue and Risk Reduction:

Community-hazard profile of the disaster site. DM cycle, Different phases of Disaster Management: Predisaster stage, Emergency stage, Post disaster stage. Implementation of different disaster management phase and Relief mechanism during different disaster stages including cyclones, earthquakes, fire accidents, Tsunami, landslides etc. Disaster Management Act (2005); Disaster Management Policy (2009).

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Disaster Mitigation: Experiences and Reflections by Pradeep Sahni, (2013).
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