

VIDYA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

An Autonomous Institution

Aziznagar Gate, C.B. Post, Hyderabad - 500 075, Telangana.



ACADEMIC REGULATIONS (R15)

for

B.Tech Four Year Degree Programme

(Applicable for the batches admitted from the Academic Year 2017-2018 onwards)

Definitions of Key Words:

Academic Year: An academic year is referred as the period consisting of two consecutive semesters with 16 weeks each of instructional period followed by both the semester exams.

Course: A plan of study of a particular subject leading to an examination. All the courses need not carry the same weight. A course may be designed to comprise of lectures/ tutorials/ laboratory work/ field work/ outreach activities/ project work/ vocational training/ viva/ seminars/ assignments/ presentations etc. or a combination of some of these.

Choice Based Credit System (CBCS): Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) is the programme in which the students have a choice to choose from the prescribed courses and can learn at their own pace and the entire assessment is graded-based on a credit system.

Credit Point: It is the product of Grade Point and Number of Credits for a course.

Credit: A unit by which the course work is measured. It determines the number of hours of instructions required per week. One credit is equivalent to one hour of teaching (lecture or tutorial) or two hours of practical work/ field work per week.

Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA): It is a measure of overall cumulative performance of a student of all the semesters. The CGPA is the ratio of total credit points secured by a student in various courses in all semesters and the sum of the total credits of all courses in all the semesters. It is expressed up to 2nd decimal place.

Grade Point: It is a numerical weight allotted to each letter Grade on a 10-point scale.

Letter Grade: It is an index of the performance of students in a said course.

Grades are denoted by letters O, A+, A, B+, B, C, P and F.

Programme: An Educational Programme leading to the award of a Degree.

Semester: Each semester will consist of 16-18 weeks of academic work equivalent to 90 actual teaching days.

Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA): It is a measure of performance of the work done by the student in a semester. It is the ratio of total credit points secured by a student in various courses registered in a semester and the total course credits taken during that semester. It shall be expressed up to 2nd decimal place.

Transcript or Grade Card or Certificate: Based on the grades earned, a grade certificate shall be issued to all the registered students after every semester. The grade certificate will display the course details (code, title, number of credits, grade secured) along with SGPA of that semester and CGPA earned till that semester.

Types of Courses: The Courses in under B.Tech, program may be of three kind's viz., Core, Elective and Mandatory.

a) Core Course:-

There may be a Core Course in every semester, and are to be compulsorily studied by a student and is essential requirement for a given Programme.

b) Elective Course:-

Elective Course is a course which can be chosen by the students from a pool of subjects. In general, the elective course is,

- Supportive to the discipline of study
 - Providing an expanded scope of the course subjects
 - Nurturing student's proficiency/skill/Research.
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- In case an elective is "Discipline centric" and is offered by the student's department itself, the elective is called **Professional elective**.
 - On the other hand, if the elective is offered by the other departments or if the choice is given to the students to choose from other disciplines, the elective is called an "**Open Elective**."

c) Mandatory Courses (Non-Credit Courses)

AICTE considers that the Course work of certain subjects is essential and as such for the award of a B.Tech degree a pass in these subjects is made mandatory. Therefore, such types of courses are referred as **mandatory courses**. As the AICTE also feels that only a familiarity with the subject content of these courses is essential, only a pass in each of these courses is required. Therefore, these subjects are included in the curriculum as non-Credit courses.

ACADEMIC REGULATIONS FOR B. TECH. (REGULAR)

Applicable for the students of B. Tech. (Regular) from the Academic Year 2015-16 onwards.

1. Courses of Study:

The following Four year Bachelor of Technology (B.Tech.) Programmes under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) are offered with effect from the Academic Year 2015-16 onwards:

S. No.	Branch	Branch Code
I	Civil Engineering	01
II	Electrical and Electronics Engineering	02
III	Mechanical Engineering	03
IV	Electronics and Communication Engineering	04
V	Computer Science and Engineering	05
VI	Information Technology	12

2. Admission Procedure

- 2.1. Admissions will be done as per the norms prescribed by the Government of Telangana State.
- 2.2. The Government orders with regard to the admissions in vogue shall prevail.
- 2.3. The candidate should have passed the prescribed qualifying examination on the date of Admission.

3. Award of B. Tech. Degree

A student will be declared eligible for the award of B. Tech. Degree if he/she fulfills the following academic requirements:

- 3.1 The candidate shall register for 192 credits and secure all the 192 credits by securing a minimum CGPA of 5.0.
- 3.2 The external examination in all the subjects shall be conducted at the end of each semester for all the eight semesters.
- 3.3 Students joining the B.Tech. Programme shall have to complete the programme within 8 years from the year of joining. Similarly, the students joining the B.Tech. Programme in the third semester directly through Lateral Entry Scheme (LES) shall have to complete the programme within 6 years from the year of joining otherwise they shall forfeit they will not be permitted to pursue their studies nor will be allowed to write the exams.

4. Course Structure:

- 4.1 The course shall be of four Academic year's duration, each academic year having two semesters. Each semester shall have a minimum **16** weeks of instruction, with a minimum of **90** Instructional Days per Semester.

4.2 Credits:

Credits shall be assigned to each Subject/ Courses in a L: T: P: C (Lecture Periods: Tutorial Periods: Practical Periods: Credits) Structure, based on the following general pattern.

Type of course		Clock hour/week			
		L	T	P	C
Theory	1)	04	01	-	0
	2)	03	01	-	0
	3)	02	01	-	0
Practical		0	0	03	0
Drawing	1)	0	04	-	0
	2)	02	02	-	0
	3)	00	06	-	0
Mini project, Comprehensive Viva Voce Seminar, Major project		-	-	-	1 6

5. Attendance Requirements

- 5.1 A student is eligible to write the Semester End examinations only if he / she acquire a minimum of 75% of attendance in aggregate of all the subjects/Courses in that Semester.
- 5.2 Condonation for the shortage of attendance in aggregate up to 10% (65% and above and below 75%) in each semester may be granted on medical grounds with a documentary evidence approved by the Academic Committee.
- 5.3 A stipulated fee shall be payable towards condonation of attendance shortage.
- 5.4 Students, whose shortage of attendance is not condoned, are not eligible to write semester end examinations of that semester. Such students are detained and their registration for the examination stands cancelled.
- 5.5 A student detained due to shortage of attendance in a semester may seek re-admission into that semester, as and when offered, within four weeks from the date of the commencement of class work with the academic regulations of the batch into which he/she gets admitted.
- 5.6 A student will be promoted to the next semester if he/she satisfies the attendance requirement of the present semester.
- 5.7 For all mandatory, non credit courses offered in a semester, a "Satisfactory Participation Certificate" shall be issued to the student, only after securing 75% attendance in such course. Letter Grade shall be allotted for these courses.

The courses offered in 8 semesters spread over 4 years have been classified into 8 categories under CBCS.

S. No.	Subject categories	No. of Credits
1	Humanities and Social Sciences (HS) Subjects, English, Management and the courses dealing with personality development	15
2	Basic Sciences (BS) Subjects including Mathematics, Physics and Chemistry	30
3	Engineering Sciences (ES), Engg. Workshop, Drawing, Fundamentals of computer Science and courses dealing with the basics of Electrical / Electronics/ Mechanical engineering	30
4	Professional Core (PC) Subjects, Courses dealing with the concerned engineering branch	81
5	Professional Elective (PE) Subjects. The students opt electives offered by the department	12
6	Open Elective (OE) Subjects. Courses offered by the other braches representing technically important subjects from emerging areas.	9
7	Project Work, Seminar and/ or Internship in Industry or elsewhere along with mini project.	10+2+3 =15
8	Mandatory Courses (MC)	nil
Total Number of credits		192

B.Tech Year wise distribution of credits under CBCS

S.No.	Year	Semester	Credits	Total
1	1 st Year	I	25	48
		II	23	
2	2 nd Year	I	24	48
		II	24	
3	3 rd Year	I	24	48
		II	24	
4	4 th Year	I	24	48
		II	24	
Total No. of Credits				192

6. Promotion regulations

- 6.1 A student shall be promoted from B.Tech., I Year to II Year only if he/she fulfills the academic requirements of securing 50% of total credits (24 credits out of 48 credits, upto I year II Semester), from all the examinations, whether or not the candidate takes the examinations.
- 6.2 A student shall be promoted from B.Tech., II Year to III Year only if he/she fulfills the academic requirements of securing 50% of total credits (48 out of 96 credits, up to II year II semester, from all the examinations, whether or not the candidate takes the examinations.
- 6.3 A student shall be promoted from B.Tech., III year to IV year only if he/she fulfills the academic requirements of securing 50% of total credits (72 out of 144 credits) up to III year II semester), from all the examinations, whether or not the candidate takes the examinations.

7. Minimum Academic Requirements

The following minimum academic requirements are to be satisfied in addition to the requirements mentioned in item no.5.

- 7.1 A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the minimum academic requirements and has earned the credits allotted to each theory/practical/design/drawing subject/project and secured not less than 35% marks in Semester End Examination (SEE), and minimum 40% of marks in the sum total of the internal evaluation and end examination taken together.
- 7.2 The student has to pass the failed course by appearing the supplementary examination as per the requirement for the award of degree.
- 7.3 Students, who fail to earn 192 credits as indicated in the course structure within eight academic years from the year of their admission, shall forfeit their seat in B. Tech. course and their admission stands cancelled.
- 7.4 A student shall register and put up minimum Attendance and earn all 192 Credits for the award of degree.
- 7.5 When a student is detained due to shortage of attendance in any semester, no Grade allotments or SGPA/CGPA calculations will be done for that entire Semester in which a student got detained.
- 7.6 When a Student is detained due to lack of Credits in any year, he may be readmitted after fulfillment of the Academic Requirements, with the Academic Regulations of the Batch into which he gets readmitted for readmitted candidates. If there are any Professional Electives / Open Electives, the same may also be re-registered if offered. However, if those Electives are not offered in later Semesters, then alternate Electives may be chosen from the SAME set of Elective Subjects offered under that category.

- 7.7 After securing 192 Credits as specified for the successful completion of the entire UGP, an exemption of 6 Credits (two subjects with 3 credits each) may be permitted to drop resulting in 186 Credits for UGP performance evaluation. Accordingly, the performance of student in 186 Credits shall be taken into account for the calculation of 'the final CGPA and shall be indicated in the Grade Card. However, the student's performances in the earlier individual Semesters, with the corresponding SGPA for which already Grade Cards are given, will not be altered. Further, the optional drop out for such 6 Credits shall not be allowed for i) Laboratory courses, ii) Industrial Training/ Mini-Project, iii) Seminar, iv) Major Project v) Open electives.
- 7.8 A student is eligible to appear in the End Semester Examination in any Subject / Course, but absent at it or failed (thereby failing to secure P Grade or above), may reappear for that subject /Course at the supplementary exam as and when the examinations are conducted. In such cases, his Continuous Internal Evaluation(CIE) assessed earlier for that subject/Course will be carried over, and added to the marks to be obtained in the supplementary examinations, for evaluating the performance in that subject.
- 7.9 A student with a final CGPA (at the end of the UGP) < 5.00 will not be eligible for the Award of the Degree.

8 Evaluation - Distribution and weightage of Marks

- 8.1 The performance of a student in each semester shall be evaluated Subject-wise (irrespective of Credits assigned) for a maximum of 100 marks for Theory or Seminar or Drawing/Design or Industry Oriented Mini-Project or Minor Course, etc. For Practical's a maximum of 75 Marks shall be evaluated. However the B. Tech. Project work (Major Project) will be evaluated for 200 Marks. These evaluations shall be based on 25% CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and 75% SEE (Semester End Examinations) and a Letter Grade corresponding to the % marks obtained shall be given.
- 8.2 For theory subjects the distribution shall be 25 marks for Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and 75 marks for the Semester End- Examination (SEE).
- 8.3 For theory subjects, during the semester there shall be 2 midterm examinations. Each midterm examination will be conducted for 20 marks and consists of Part-A (Short Answer Questions) for 6 marks and Part-B (Long Answer Questions) for 14 marks with duration of 90 Minutes. First midterm examination shall be conducted for 2.5 units of syllabus and second midterm Examination shall be conducted for remaining 2.5 units. The Average marks secured by a student in I and II Midterm examination are considered and shall be taken as the final marks secured by the student towards Continuous Internal Evaluation in the theory subject.
- 8.4 In case a few students are absent due to health reasons or any other unavoidable circumstances, or if the performance of some of the students is very poor, all such cases will be referred to a standing committee consisting of the Controller of examinations (Chairman), HoD of the concerned dept. and the Academic coordinator. On the recommendation of the committee, a makeup test will be conducted on payment of fee fixed by the examination branch.

- 85 In order to improve the attendance and to encourage the students who are regular to the college, 5 marks in each subject will be given to the students as per the percentage of attendance shown in the table,

Table: - Marks for attendance

S.No	Percentage of attendance	Marks to be awarded
1.	Less than 75%	nil
2.	75% to 80%	3
3.	80% to 85%	4
4.	85% and above	5

- 86 The Semester End Examination will be conducted for 75 marks which consist of two parts viz. i). Part-A for 25 marks, ii). Part –B for 50 marks. Part-A is compulsory, which consists of ten questions (numbered from 1 to 10) two from each unit carrying 2/3 marks each. Part-B consists of five questions (numbered from 11 to 15) carrying 10 marks each. Each of these questions is from one unit and may contain sub-questions. For each question there will be an “either” “or” choice (i.e., there will be two questions from each unit and the student should answer any one question).
- 87 For practical subjects there shall be a continuous evaluation during the Semester for 25 marks. Out of the 25 marks for internal evaluation, day-to-day work in the laboratory shall be evaluated for 15 marks and internal practical examination shall be evaluated for 10 marks conducted by the concerned laboratory teacher.
- 88 The Practical End Semester Examination shall be conducted with an external examiner and the laboratory teacher for 50 marks. The external examiner shall be appointed by the Principal from the panel of examiners recommended by Chairman, Board of Studies in respective Branches.
- 89 For the subject having design and / or drawing, (such as Engineering Graphics, Engineering Drawing, and Machine Drawing), the distribution shall be 25 marks for Internal Evaluation (5 marks for day-to-day work and 20 marks for internal tests) and 50 marks for Semester End Examination. There shall be one internal test in a semester and shall be considered for the award of marks for internal test.
- 8.10. There shall be an industry-oriented mini-Project, to be taken up during the vacation after III year II Semester examination. However, the mini project and its report shall be evaluated in IV year I Semester at the time of practical exams. The industry oriented mini project shall be submitted in report form and should be presented before the committee, which shall be evaluated for 50 marks. The committee consists of an external examiner, Head of the department, the supervisor of mini project and a senior faculty member of the department. There shall be no internal marks for industry oriented mini project.

8.11. There shall be a seminar presentation in IV year II Semester. For the seminar, the student shall collect the information on a specialized topic and prepare a technical report, showing his understanding of the topic, and submit it to the department. It shall be evaluated by the departmental committee consisting of Head of the Department, Seminar Supervisor and a Senior Faculty member. The seminar report shall be evaluated for 50 marks. There shall be no external examination for the seminar.

8.12 . There shall be a Comprehensive Viva-Voce in IV year II semester. The 'Comprehensive Viva-Voce will be conducted by a committee consisting of Head of the Department and two Senior Faculty members of the department and is evaluated for 100 marks. The Comprehensive Viva-Voce is intended to assess the students understanding of the subjects he studied during the B. Tech. course. There will be no External Examiner for the Comprehensive Viva-Voce.

8.13 . Out of a total of 200 marks for the major project work, 50 marks shall be for Internal Evaluation and 150 marks for the End Semester evaluation. The End Semester evaluation (viva-voce) shall be conducted by committee. The committee consists of an external examiner, Head of the Department, the supervisor of project and a senior faculty member of the department. The topics for industry oriented mini project, seminar and project work shall be different from each other. The evaluation of project work shall be conducted at the end of the IV year II Semester. The internal evaluation shall be on the basis of two seminars given by each student on the topic of his project.

8.14 . The Laboratory marks and the sessional marks awarded by the faculty are subject to scrutiny by the Institution whenever/wherever necessary. In such cases, the sessional and laboratory marks awarded by the teacher will be referred to a College Academic Committee. The Committee will arrive at a scaling factor and the marks will be scaled accordingly. The recommendations of the Committee are final and binding. The laboratory records and internal test papers shall be preserved as per the University rules and produced before the Committees of the University as and when asked for.

8.15 Candidates shall be permitted to apply for recounting/revaluation of SEE scripts within the stipulated period with payment of prescribed fee.

9.0. Malpractice Rules

S.No.	Nature of Malpractices / Improper conduct during examinations	Punishment
	If the candidate:	
1. (a)	Possesses or keeps accessible in examination hall, any paper, note book, programmable calculators, Cell phones, pager, palm computers or any other form of material concerned with or related to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which he is appearing but has not made use of (material shall include any marks on the body of the candidate which can be used as an aid in the subject of the	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only.
(b)	Gives assistance or guidance or receives it from any other candidate orally or by any other body language methods or communicates through cell phones with any candidate or persons in or outside	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only of all the candidates involved. In case of an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.
2.	Has copied in the examination hall from any paper, book, programmable calculators, palm computers or any other form of material relevant to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which the candidate is appearing.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/year. The hall ticket of the candidate is to be cancelled.
3.	Impersonates any other candidate in connection with the examination.	The candidate who has impersonated shall be expelled from examination hall. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat. The performance of the original candidate, who has been impersonated, shall be cancelled in all the subjects of the examination (including practical's and project work) already appeared and shall not be allowed to appear for examinations of the remaining subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all Semester end examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat. If the imposter is an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.

4.	Smuggles in the Answer book or additional sheet or takes out or arranges to send out the question paper during the examination or answer book or additional sheet, during or after the examination.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all Semester end examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
5	Uses objectionable, abusive or offensive language in the answer paper or in letters to the examiners or writes to the examiner requesting him to award pass	Cancellation of the performance in that subject.
6	Refuses to obey the orders of the Chief Superintendent / Assistant Superintendent / any officer on duty or misbehaves or creates disturbance of any kind in and around the examination hall or organizes a walk out or instigates others to walk out, or threatens the officer-in charge or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall of any injury to his person or to any of his relations whether by words, either spoken or written or by signs or by visible representation, assaults the officer – in charge, or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall or any of his relations, or indulges in any other act of misconduct or mischief which result in damage to or destruction of property in the examination hall or any part of the college campus or engages in any other act which in the opinion of the officer on duty amounts	In case of students of the college, they shall be expelled from examination halls and cancellation of their performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate(s) has (have) already appeared and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidates also are debarred and forfeit their seats. In case of outsiders, they will be handed over to the police and a police case is registered against them.
7.	Leaves the exam hall taking away answer script or intentionally tears of the script or any part thereof inside or outside the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work & shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all Semester examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with

8.	Possess any lethal weapon or firearm in the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat.
9.	If a student of the college, who is not a candidate for the particular examination or any person not connected with the examination or college indulges in any type of malpractice or improper conduct mentioned in clauses 6 to 8.	Student of the college will be expelled from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects. If the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat. Person(s) who do not belong to the College will be handed over to police and a police
10.	Comes in a drunken condition to the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year.
11.	Copying detected on the basis of internal evidence, such as, during valuation or during Special scrutiny.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has appeared including practical examinations and project work of that semester/year examinations.
12.	If any malpractice is detected which is not covered in the above clauses 1 to 11 shall be reported to the head of Institute for further action for a suitable punishment.	

All the cases pertaining to malpractices in examinations will be referred to a committee constituted by the Chief Controller of Examination and the committee will suggest action as per the guidelines mentioned above.

10. Grading Procedure:

10.1. Marks will be awarded to indicate the performance of each student in each theory subject, or Lab/Practical, or Seminar, or Project, or Mini-Project, Minor Course etc., based on the % marks obtained in CIE+SEE(Continuous Internal Evaluation + Semester End Examination, both taken together) as specified, and a corresponding Letter Grade shall be given.

10.2. As a measure of the student's performance, a 10-point Absolute Grading System using the following Letter Grades and corresponding percentage of marks shall be followed.

Letter Grade	Performance	Grade Points	% of marks Secured (Class Intervals)
O	Outstanding	10	Greater than or equal to 90%
A+	Excellent	9	80% and less than 90%
A	Very Good	8	70% and less than 80%
B+	Good	7	60% and less than 70%
B	Average	6	50% and less than 60%
C	Pass	5	40% and less than 50%
F	Fail	0	Below 40%
Ab	Absent	0	Absent

10.3. A student obtaining F Grade in any subject shall be considered 'Failed' and will be required to reappear as 'Supplementary Candidate' in the end Semester Examination (SEE), as and when offered. In such cases; his Internal Marks (CIE Marks) in those Subject(s) will remain same as those he obtained earlier.

10.4. A Letter Grade does not imply any specific % of Marks.

10.5. In general, a student shall not be permitted to repeat any Subject/Course (s) only for the sake of 'Grade Improvement' or 'SGPA/CGPA Improvement'. However, he has to repeat all the Subjects/Courses pertaining to that Semester, when he is detained.

10.6. A student earns Grade Point (GP) in each Subject/ Course, on the basis of the Letter Grade obtained by him in that Subject/ Course (excluding Mandatory non-credit Courses). Then the corresponding 'Credit Points' (CP) are computed by multiplying the Grade Point with Credits for that particular Subject/ course. Credit Points (CP) = Grade Point (GP) x Credits for a Course.

10.7. The Student passes the Subject/ Course only when he gets $GP \geq 4$ (P Grade or above).

11. Registration/Dropping

11.1. Each student has to compulsorily register for course work at the beginning of each semester as per the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar. It is absolutely necessary for the student to register for courses in time.

11.2. The student has to register for a minimum of 20 credits and may register up to a maximum of 28 credits based on the advice of the Faculty Advisor. On an average, a student is expected to register for 24 credits.

11.3. A student at the end of II year II semester either having CGPA of ≥ 7.0 or having passed all previous courses in the first attempt with a minimum SGPA ≥ 5.0 is allowed to register for an additional course/ credits from the offered open electives.

- 11.4. A series of open Electives will be offered to the students of III year I & II sems. and IV year I sem., which can be registered by the students as and when the notifications are issued at the end of II year II sem. and III year II sem. Prior permission for registration of open Electives as an additional course is compulsory.
- 11.5. A student would be allowed to register for an additional course only if he/she satisfies the prerequisites.
- 11.6. Departments will notify at the time of registration about the minimum number of students to be enrolled for a particular open elective to be offered.
- 11.7. Any student may be barred from registering for any course for specific reasons like disciplinary reasons or any other activities carried out by a student, which detrimental to the discipline of the college.
- 11.8. Dropping of Courses: Within four weeks after the commencement of the semester, the student may, in consultation with his / her faculty advisor, drop one or more courses without prejudice to the minimum number of credits. The dropped courses are not recorded in the Grade Card.
- 11.9. After Dropping, minimum credits registered shall be 20.

12. Earning of Credits

A student shall be considered to have completed a Course successfully and earned the credits if he/she secures an acceptable letter grade in the range 'O' to 'P'. Letter grade 'F' in any Course implies failure of the student in that Course and no credits earned.

13. Passing Standards:

- 13.1. A student shall be declared successful or 'passed' in a Semester, only when he gets a SGPA ≥ 5.00 (at the end of that particular Semester); and a student shall be declared successful or 'passed' in the entire UGP, only when he/she gets a CGPA ≥ 5.00 ; subject to the condition that he secures a GP ≥ 4 (P Grade or above) in every registered Subject/ Course in each Semester (during the entire UGP) for the Degree Award, as required.
- 13.2. (i) In spite of securing P Grade or above in some (or all) Subjects/ Courses in any Semester, if a Student receives a SGPA < 5.00 and/ or CGPA < 5.00 at the end of such a Semester, then he 'may be allowed' (on the 'specific recommendations' of the Head of the Department and subsequent approval from the Principal) to be promoted to the next year in the course.
- (ii) If a student gets P grade or an SGPA is less than 5, is eligible to re appear for one or more of the same Subject(s)/ course(s) in which he has secured P Grade(s) in that Semester, at the Supplementary Examinations to be held in the next subsequent Semester(s). In such cases, his Internal Marks (CIE Marks) in those Subject(s) will remain same as those obtained earlier. In these considerations, the newly secured Letter Grades will be recorded and taken into account for calculation of SGPA and CGPA, only if there is an improvement.

13.3. A Student shall be declared successful or 'passed' in any Non-Credit Subject/ Course, if he secures a 40% marks or P grade in the end sem exam conducted by the college along with the other examinations.

13.4. After the completion of each Semester, a Grade Card or Grade Sheet (or Transcript) shall be issued to all the registered students of that semester, indicating the Letter Grades and Credits earned. It will show the details of the courses registered (Course Code, Title, No. of Credits, Grade Earned etc.), Credits earned, SGPA, and CGPA.

14. Eligibility for the award of B.Tech. Degree

A student shall be eligible for award of the B.Tech degree if he/she fulfils all the following Conditions:

14.1. The students should successfully complete all the components prescribed in the Programme of study to which he/ she is admitted.

14.2. The student should also obtain CGPA greater than or equal to 5.0.

14.3. Not having any pending disciplinary action.

15. Evaluating of Grade Point Averages:

15.1. SGPA and CGPA the *credit index* can be used further for calculating the Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and the Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA), both of which being important performance indices of the student. While SGPA is equal to the *credit index* for a semester divided by the total number of *credits* registered by the student in that semester, CGPA gives the sum total of *credit indices* of all the previous semesters divided by the total number of *credits* registered in all these semesters. Thus, The Grade Point Average (GPA) will be calculated according to the formula:

$$GPA = \frac{\sum C_i G_i}{\sum C_i}$$

where C_i = number of credits for the course i ,

G_i = grade points obtained by the student in the course.

15.2. Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) is awarded to candidates considering all the courses of the semester. Zero grade points are also included in this computation. SGPA is rounded off to TWO Decimal Places.

SGPA will be computed as follows;

$\sum [(Course\ credits) \times (Grade\ points)]$ (for all Courses passed in that semester)

 $\sum [(Course\ credits)]$ (for all courses registered in that semester)

15.3. To arrive at Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA), the formula is used considering the student's performance in all the courses taken in all the semesters completed up to the particular point of time. CGPA is rounded off to TWO Decimal Places.

CGPA will be computed as follows:

$$\sum [(Course\ credits) \times (Grade\ points)] \text{ (for all Courses passed up to that semester)}$$

$$\sum [(Course\ credits)] \text{ (for all Courses registered until that semester)}$$

CGPA is thus computed from the I Year First Semester onwards, at the end of each Semester, as per the above formula. However, the SGPA of I year I Semester itself may be taken as the CGPA, as there are no cumulative effects.

15.4. Illustrative Example:

An illustrative example given in below Table below indicates the use of the above two equations in calculating SGPA and CGPA, both of which facilitate the declaration of academic performance of a student, at the end of a semester and at the end of successive semesters respectively. Both of them shall be normally calculated up to the second decimal position, so that the CGPA, in particular, can be made use of in rank ordering the student's performance in a class. If two students get the same CGPA, the tie should be resolved by considering the number of times a student has obtained higher SGPA; But, if it is not resolved even at this stage, the number of times a student has obtained higher grades like O, A, B etc shall be taken into account in rank ordering of the students in a class.

Year and Semester	Course No.	Credits	Grade	Grade Points	Credit Points
I Year I sem	XX101	5	A	8	40
I Year I sem	XX102	4	F	0	00
I Year I sem	XX103	3	A+	9	27
I Year I sem	XX104	4	F	0	00
I Year I sem	XX105	5	C	5	25
I Year I sem	XX106	5	P	4	20
Total		26(18*)			112
SGPA = 112/26 = 4.31		CGPA = 4.31			
I Year II Sem	XX107	5	B+	7	35
I Year II Sem	XX108	4	A	8	32
I Year II Sem	XX109	3	C	5	15
I Year II Sem	XX110	5	P	4	20
I Year II Sem	XX111	4	A+	9	36
I Year II Sem	XX112	2	F	0	00
I Year II Sem	Xx113	2	A	8	16
Total		25(23*)			154
SGPA = 154/25 = 6.16		CGPA = 266/51 = 5.22			

*Total No. of credits excluding those with 'F'; this is particularly important to keep track of the number of credits earned by a student up to any semester.

16. Award of Class

16.1. After a student has satisfied the requirements prescribed for the completion of the program and is Eligible for the award of B. Tech. Degree, he shall be placed in one of the following four classes:

CGPA	Class Awarded	From the CGPA secured from 192 credits
≥8.00	First Class with Distinction	
≥6.50 - <8.00	First Class	
≥5.50 - <6.50	Second Class	
≥5.00 - <5.50	Pass Class	

16.2. The marks obtained in Internal Evaluation (IE) and Semester End Examination (SEE) will be shown in the memorandum of marks.

16.3. For the purpose of awarding first Class with Distinction (CGPA ≥ 8.0), the student must obtain the minimum required CGPA within 4 academic years or within 3 academic years in case of Lateral Entry candidates by clearing all the courses.

16.4. Candidates detained/ prevented from writing the semester end examinations due to any reason in any semester are not eligible for the award of First Class with Distinction. Such candidate's even if the CGPA ≥ 8.0 shall be placed in first class.

16.5. For the purpose of awarding First, Second and Pass Class, CGPA obtained in the examinations appeared within the maximum period allowed for the completion of course shall be considered as per the regulations.

16.6. A student with final CGPA (at the end of the UGP) < 5.00 will not be eligible for the award of the Degree.

16.7. The CGPA can be converted to equivalent percentage of marks by using the equation.,
 $\% \text{ of Marks} = (\text{CGPA} - 0.5) \times 10$

17. Consolidated Grade Card

A consolidated grade card containing credits & grades obtained by the candidates will be issued after completion of the four years B. Tech Programme.

18. Withholding of Results

If a student is having any indiscipline related issues pending, the result of the student will be withheld and will not be allowed to move into the next semester. His/ her degree will be withheld in such cases and the matter will be referred to the academic council for final decision.

19. Transitory Regulations

19.1. Discontinued, detained for attendance, detained for want of credits, or failed students are eligible for readmission as and when the course is offered during the subsequent academic year as per the college admission procedures.

19.2. Students on transfer from a non- autonomous or from an autonomous college shall complete all the courses of the concerned programme not covered in the earlier organization. However, he/she should take the remaining courses in the programme along with the other students.

- 19.3. There shall be no branch transfers after the cutoff date of admissions made in the B.Tech. I year.

20. Transcripts

After successful completion of the total programme of study, a Transcript containing performance of all academic years will be issued as a final record. Duplicate transcripts will also be issued if required after the payment of requisite fee.

21. Supplementary Examinations

In addition to the Regular end semester examinations, Supplementary Examinations for the previous semesters will be conducted along with end sem. Examinations. A student can appear for any number of supplementary examinations till he/she clears all courses which he/she could not clear in the first attempt. However the maximum stipulated period cannot be relaxed under any circumstances.

22. Graduation Ceremony

- 23.2. The College shall have its own annual Graduation Ceremony for the award of degree to students completing the prescribed academic requirements in each case, in consultation with the University and by following the provisions in the Statute.
- 23.3. The College shall institute Prizes and Awards to meritorious students, for being given away annually at the Graduation Ceremony.

24. Termination from the Program

The admission of a student to the program may be terminated and the student may be asked to leave the Institute in the following circumstances:

- 24.2. The student fails to satisfy the requirements of the program within the maximum period stipulated for that program.
- 24.3. The student fails to satisfy the norms of discipline specified by the institute from time to time.

25. Non-Credit Courses (Mandatory Courses)

- 25.2. Requirement of 75% attendance as per the college regulations is compulsory for completing the mandatory courses.
- 25.3. Specified number of Mandatory Courses among the designated ones is compulsory requirement for all the students for the award of B.Tech. Degree.
- 25.4. Although these courses do not carry any credits, performance in these subjects is evaluated following the procedure adopted for other subjects with the same marks. However, their performance will be indicated in the student's memo of marks as Satisfactory/ Unsatisfactory.
- 25.5. Although mandatory courses are Non-Credit Course, all the students should secure a minimum of 40% marks in the end sem. exam conducted by the college along with the other examinations for the award of B.Tech., degree.

26. Amendments

The Academic regulations here under are subject to amendments as may be made by the Academic Council of the College from time to time. Any or all such amendments will be effective from such date and to such batches of candidates (including those already undergoing the program) as may be decided by the Academic Council.

27. General

27.2. Wherever the words “he”, “him”, “his”, occur in the regulations, they include “she”, “her”, “hers”.

27.3. The academic regulation should be read as a whole for the purpose of an interpretation.

27.4. In case of any doubt or ambiguity in the interpretation of the above rules, the decision of the Academic Council is final.

27.5. The college may change the academic regulations, course structure & syllabi at any time.

ACADEMIC REGULATIONS FOR B. TECH. (LATERAL ENTRY STUDENTS)

Applicable for the students admitted into II year B. Tech. (Lateral Entry Scheme) from the Academic Year 2016-17 and onwards.

1. Eligibility for award of B. Tech. Degree (LES)

- 1.1 The LES candidates shall pursue a course of study for not less than three academic years and not more than six academic years.
- 1.2 The candidate shall register for 144 credits and secure 144 credits by securing a minimum CGPA of 5.0 from the exams. of B.Tech. II to IV year for the award of B.Tech. Degree.
- 1.3 The students, who fail to fulfill the requirement for the award of the degree in six Academic years from the year of admission, shall forfeit their seats. The attendance regulations of B. Tech. (Regular) shall be applicable to B.Tech.(LES).

2. Promotion Rule

- 2.1. A student shall be promoted from B.Tech., II Year to III Year if he/she gets at least a minimum of 24 out of 48 credits, up to II year II semester, from all the examinations, whether or not the candidate takes the examinations.
- 2.2. A student shall be promoted from III year to IV year if he/she gets a minimum of 48 out of 96 credits, up to III year II semester, from all the examinations, whether or not the candidate takes the examinations.
- 2.3. A student shall register and put up minimum attendance in all 144 credits and earn all 144 credits to be eligible for the award of B.Tech degree.
- 2.4. A student, who fails to earn 144 credits as indicated in the course structure within six academic years, shall forfeit his/her admission in B.Tech. Course.

3. Award of Class

A student, who satisfies all the requirements prescribed for the completion of the B.Tech. program, is eligible for the award of the said degree, in any one of the following four classes:

CGPA	Class Awarded	From the CGPA secured from 144 credits
≥8.00	First Class with Distinction	
≥6.50 - <8.00	First Class	
≥5.50 - <6.50	Second Class	
≥5.00 - <5.50	Pass Class	

4. All the other regulations as applicable to B. Tech. 4-year degree course (Regular) will hold good for B.Tech. (Lateral Entry Scheme).
5. The malpractice rules and procedures for evaluating the SGPA and CGPA mentioned under points 9 - 27, are also applicable to the later entry students.



Part – B

Course Structure & Syllabi of B.Tech., II Year I Semester

Academic Calendar of II/III B.Tech (I & II Sem.) for the Academic Year, 2017-2018

II/III YEAR I SEMESTER		Commencement of Class Work 12-06-2017	
	From	To	Duration
Registrations	12.06.2017	17.06.2017	1 Week
I Spell of Instruction	19.06.2017	14.08.2017	8 Weeks
I Mid Examinations	16.08.2017	19.08.2017	4 Days
II Spell of Instruction	21.08.2017	23.09.2017	5 Weeks
Dussehra Holidays	24.09.2017	02.10.2017	10 Days
II Spell of Instruction Continuation	03.10.2017	21.10.2017	3 Weeks
II Mid Examinations	23.10.2017	26.10.2017	4 Days
Preparation & Practical Examinations	27.10.2017	04.11.2017	10 Days
III Mid Examinations (Lateral Entry/ Re-Admitted/Betterment)	06.11.2017	09.11.2017	4 Days
End Semester Examinations	13.11.2017	25.11.2017	2 Weeks
Supply Exams	27.11.2017	09.12.2017	2 Weeks
II/III YEAR II SEMESTER		Commencement of Class Work 11-12-2017	
I Spell of Instruction	11.12.2017	06.02.2018	8 Weeks 3 Days
I Mid Examinations	07.02.2018	10.02.2018	4 Days
II Spell of Instruction	12.02.2018	09.04.2018	8 Weeks
II Mid Examinations	10.04.2018	13.04.2018	4 Days
Preparation and Practical Examinations	16.04.2018	21.04.2018	1 Week
End Semester Examinations	23.04.2018	05.05.2018	2 Weeks
Supplementary Examinations	07.05.2018	19.05.2018	2 Weeks
Summer Vacation	14.05.2018	09.6.2018	3 Weeks

COURSE STRUCTURE

II YEAR I SEMESTER

COURSE STRUCTURE

Subject Code	Subject Name	L	T	P/D	Total Credits	Total Hours	Total Marks
A13014	Probability & Statistics	3	1	0	3	4	100
A13504	Mathematical Foundations of Computer Science	3	1	0	3	4	100
A13505	Data Structures	4	1	0	4	5	100
A13406	Digital Logic Design	3	1	0	3	4	100
A13506	Object Oriented Programming	4	1	0	4	5	100
A13401	Electronic Devices & Circuits	3	1	0	3	4	100
A13585	Data Structures Lab	0	0	3	2	3	75
A13483	Electronic Devices & Circuits and Digital Logic Design Lab	0	0	3	2	3	75
MC-I	Mandatory Course-I	2	0	0	-	2	75
	Total	22	6	6	24	34	825

II YEAR II SEMESTER

COURSE STRUCTURE

Subject Code	Subject Name	L	T	P/D	Total Credits	Total Hours	Total Marks
A14507	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	4	1	0	4	5	100
A14508	Computer Organization	3	1	0	3	4	100
A14509	Database Management Systems	4	1	0	4	5	100
A14510	Software Engineering	3	1	0	3	4	100
A14511	Java Programming	4	1	0	4	5	100
A14016	Environmental Science	2	1	0	2	3	100
A14586	Java Programming Lab	0	0	3	2	3	75
A14587	Database Management Systems lab	0	0	3	2	3	75
MC-II	Mandatory Course-II	2	0	0	-	2	75
	Total	20	6	6	24	34	825

Note: All End Examinations (Theory and Practical) are of three hours duration.

L – Lecture

T – Tutorial

P – Practical

D – Drawing

II Year B.Tech. CSE/IT – I Sem

PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS

(COMMON TO CSE, IT, ME& CE)

L T P/D C

3 1 0 3

Course Objectives:

- To revise elementary concepts and techniques of probability & statistics
- To extend and formalize knowledge of the theory of probability and random variables
- To introduce new techniques for carrying out probability calculations and identifying probability distributions
- To motivate the use of statistical inference in practical data analysis
- To study elementary concepts and techniques in statistical methodology
- To provide a introduction to subsequent statistics courses

Course Outcomes:

- Demonstrate an understanding of the basic concepts of probability and random variables.
- construct the probability distribution of a random variable, based on a real-world situation, and use it to compute expectation and variance
- Understand the concept of the sampling distribution of a statistic, and in particular describe the behavior of the sample mean.
- compute probabilities based on practical situations using the binomial and normal distributions
- use the normal distribution to test statistical hypotheses and to compute confidence intervals
- Application of Regression Analysis to analyze a problem

UNIT – I

Random Variables: Random variables – Discrete and continuous- Expectation- Properties, Moment Generating Function and Fitting of Binomial, Poisson & Normal distributions

UNIT – II

Testing of Hypothesis I: Sampling Distribution-Definition of Sample, Population and Types of Sampling. Estimation- Point estimation, Interval estimation, Testing of Hypothesis- Null hypothesis – Alternative hypothesis, Type I & Type II errors – critical region confidence interval for mean, testing of hypothesis for single mean and difference between the means for large samples.

UNIT – III

Testing of Hypothesis II: Confidence interval for the proportions, Tests of hypothesis for the proportions- single and difference between the proportions for large samples. Small Samples - t-distribution, F-Distribution, χ^2 distribution

UNIT –IV

Correlation and Regression: Coefficient of correlation – The Rank correlation, Regression Coefficients – Properties of regression coefficients, the two lines of regression, Multi Linear Regression.

UNIT –V

Quality Control: Control Charts-Control lines, determination of control limits, Types of Control Charts-Control Charts for variables (mean chart, Range chart)-charts for attributes (fraction defective, no. of defectives and defects for unit).

Time Series: Components of Time Series-Measurement of Trend

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Probability & Statistics by Dr. T.K.V.Iyengar, Dr.B.Krishna Gandhi et.al S.Chand Publications.
2. Higher Engineering Mathematics by Dr. B.S. Grewal, Khanna Publishers.
3. Probability & Statistics for Engineers by Miller and John E Freund, Prentice Hall of India.
4. R.C.Gupta: Statistical Quality Control.
5. Fundamentals of Applied Statistics by S C Gupta ,Sultan Chand and Sons

REFERENCES:

1. Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics by S.C. Gupta & V.K. Kapoor, S-Chand & Sons.
2. Srimanta Pal, Subodh C. Bhunia, (2015) ,Engineering Mathematics, 1st Edition, New Delhi, Oxford University Press
3. Probability, Statistics and Queueing Theory, 2nd Edition, Trivedi, John Wiley and sons
4. Probability and Statistics by E.Rukmangadachari , Pearson Education; First edition (2012)
5. Probability and Statistics for Engineering and the Sciences, 8th Edition, Jay L Devore, Cengage Learning.
6. Willam Feller: Introduction to Probability theory and its applications. Volume –I, Wiley
7. Statistical Quality Control, M.Mahajan, Dhanpat Rai & Sons.

II Year B.Tech. CSE/IT – I Sem.
MATHEMATICAL FOUNDATIONS OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

L T P C
3 1 0 3

Course Objectives:

1. Define the syntax and semantics of propositional and predicate logic.
2. Translate statements from a natural language into its symbolic structures in logic.
3. Prove elementary properties of modular arithmetic and explain their applications in Computer Science, for example, in cryptography and hashing algorithms.
4. Apply the notion of relations on some finite structures, like strings and databases.
5. Analyze algorithms using the concept of functions and function complexity.
6. Apply graph theory models of data structures and state machines to solve problems of connectivity and constraint satisfaction, for example, scheduling.

Course Outcomes:

1. To evaluate elementary mathematical arguments and identify fallacious *reasoning* (not just fallacious conclusions).
2. Solve discrete mathematics problems that involve: computing permutations and combinations of a set.
3. Analyze and deduce problems involving recurrence relations and generating functions.
4. Perform operations on discrete structures such as sets, functions, relations, and sequences.
5. Apply graph theory models of data structures and state machines to solve problems of connectivity and constraint satisfaction, for example, scheduling.

UNIT – I:

Foundations: Basics, Sets, Fundamentals of Logic, Logical Inferences, First order logic and other methods of Proof, Rules of Inference for Quantified Propositions.

UNIT – II:

Elementary Combinatorics: Basics of Counting, Combinations and Permutations, Enumerating Combinations and Permutations with & without repetitions, constrained repetitions.

UNIT – III:

Recurrence Relations: Generating Functions, Calculating coefficient of Generating Function, Solving Recurrence relations by substitution method and Generating Functions, The Method of Characteristic Roots, Solutions to inhomogeneous recurrence relations.

UNIT – IV:

Relations and Digraphs: Relations and Directed Graphs, Special Properties of Binary Relations, Equivalence Relations, Ordering Relations, Lattice, Paths and Closures, Directed Graphs and adjacency matrices, Topological Sorting.

UNIT – V:

Graphs - Basic Concepts, Isomorphism and Sub-graphs, Trees and Their Properties, Spanning Trees, Binary Trees, Planar Graphs, Euler's Formula, Multi-graphs and Euler Circuits, Hamiltonian Graphs, Chromatic Numbers, The Four-Color Problem.

Text Books:

1. "Discrete Mathematics for Computer Scientists and Mathematicians" by Joe L. Mott, Abraham Kandel, Theodore P. Baker, Second Edition, PHI, 2009.
2. Discrete Mathematics R.K.Bisht, H.S.Dhami, OXFORD Higher Education.

Reference Books:

1. "Discrete Mathematics and its Applications", Kenneth H Rosen, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, Sixth Edition, 2007.
2. "Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science", Tremblay J P and Manohar R, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 2007.

DATA STRUCTURES

L T P C
4 1 0 4

Course Objectives:

1. Understand various static and dynamic representations of data structures.
2. Understand fundamental algorithmic problems of various nonlinear data structures.
3. To be familiar with Graph representations and traversals.
4. Know the basic concepts of Hashing.

Course Outcomes:

1. Analyze the representation of various static, dynamic and hierarchical data structures.
2. Design and implement the mechanism of stacks, general tree data structures with their applications.
3. Implement various algorithms on graph data structures, including finding the minimum spanning tree , shortest path with real time applications etc.,
4. Implementation of various advance concepts of binary trees and graphs with real time applications.
5. Outline the concepts of hashing, collision and its resolution methods using hash function

UNIT – I:

Introduction: What is data structure, Types of data structures, Static and Dynamic representation of data structure and comparison. **Strings:** String definition, String built-in functions (strlen(),strcpy(),strcat(),strcmp(),strrev()), Strings and Pointers (Ch-3,T3), **Stacks:** Stacks definition, operations on stacks, Representation and evaluation of expressions using Infix, Prefix and Postfix, Algorithms for conversions and evaluations of expressions from infix to prefix and postfix using stack, **Queues:** Operations and types of Queues.

UNIT – II:

Trees: Basic terminology, Types of trees: Binary Tree: terminology, Complete and Full Binary Tree, Extended Binary Trees, Threaded Binary Trees and In order Threading, Representation of Trees using Arrays and Linked lists (advantages and disadvantages). Tree Traversal and Representation of Algebraic expressions; Algorithms for Tree Traversals.

UNIT – III:

Advanced concepts on trees: Representation and Creation of Binary Search Trees (BST), Algorithm for Inserting, deleting and searching in BST. Representation and advantages of AVL Trees, algorithms on AVL Trees-Insertion, Rotation and Deletion. M-way trees with examples, Definition and advantages of B-trees, B+ Trees, Red-Black Trees.

UNIT – IV:

Graphs-Basic terminology, Representation of graphs: sequential representation (Adjacency, Path Matrix) Linked representation. Graph Traversals-Breadth First Search, Depth First Search with algorithms. Definition and properties of Spanning Tree, Minimum Spanning Tree, Dijkstra Algorithms.

UNIT -- V:

Hashing: General Idea, Hash Functions, Separate Chaining ,Open Addressing-Linear probing, Quadratic Probing, Double Hashing, Rehashing, Extensible Hashing, Collisions in Hashing, Implementation of Dictionaries

Text Books:

1. Data Structures, Seymour Lipschutz, Schaum's Outlines, Tata McGraw-Hill, Special Second Edition.
2. Data Structures, A Pseudo code Approach with C, Richard F.Gillberg&Behrouz A. Forouzan, Cengage Learning, India Edition, Second Edition, 2005.
3. Data Structures Using C, Second Edition Reema Thereja OXFORD higher Education.

Reference Books:

1. "Data Structures Using C and C++", Aaron M. Tenenbaum, YedidyahLangsam and Moshe J. Augenstein PHI Learning Private Limited, Delhi India.
2. "Fundamentals of Data Structures", Horowitz and Sahani, *Galgotia Publications Pvt Ltd* Delhi India.
3. Data Structure Using C, A.K. Sharma, Pearson Education India.

II Year B.Tech. CSE/IT – I Sem.

DIGITAL LOGIC DESIGN

L T P C
3 1 0 3

Course Objectives:

1. Understand the concepts of Binary system and conversions.
2. Be familiar with the concepts of logical functions using Boolean algebra
3. Learn various combinational circuits.
4. Understand the functionality of flip flops and design of sequential circuits.
5. Know the concepts of basic memory system.

Course Outcomes:

1. Understand various number systems, conversions, range and error detecting and correcting codes and their significance.
2. Evaluate the minimization of logic gates using Boolean algebraic principles and k-maps.
3. Design various simple and complex combinational circuits with real time applications.
4. Analyze the basic principles behind Flip flops & the design of sequential circuits with real time applications.
5. Illustrate various types of memory devices and their design.

UNIT -- I:

Number Systems: Binary, Octal, Hexa Decimal, and Conversions, range; Binary additions and subtractions (using 1c and 2c), concept of overflow; representations of negative numbers using 1's and 2's complement and range; **BCD numbers:** Representation of 8421, 2421, Ex-3, Gray and self complementary codes; additions and subtractions on 8421 codes; **Error detecting codes:** even, odd parity, hamming codes; **Error correcting codes:** hamming codes, block parity codes; Floating point representation.

UNIT --II:

Boolean Algebra and Digital Logic GATES, Basic Boolean laws and properties; Boolean functions; canonical and standard forms (SOP, POS); Gate minimization using three and four variable K-Map's with and without don't cares. Encoders, Decoders, Multiplexers, D-Multiplexers;

UNIT -- III:

Definition of combinational circuits, design procedure for half, full, decimal (8421) adders and subtractors; Combinational Circuit Design for BCD code converters.

UNIT -- IV:

Sequential circuits, latches, Flip Flops; Analysis of clocked sequential circuits, State Reduction and Assignment, Register, Ripple Counters, Synchronous Counters, Other Counters.

UNIT -- V:

Types of Memory – Main memory – Random Access Memory, ROM, Types of ROM; Decoder and RAM interface: Address lines, data lines, chip select signal; Design of large memories using small memories, using decoders; problems in memory design; Cache Memory- design issues, hit and miss ratio related problems; Associative and Auxiliary memory.

Text Books:

1. M. Morris Mano, Digital Design, Third Edition, Pearson Education/PHI, 2001.
2. Roth, Fundamentals of Logic Design, Fifth Edition, Thomson, 2004.

Reference Books:

1. John F. Wakerly, Digital Design: Principles and Practices, 4th Edition, Pearson / Prentice Hall, 2005.
2. Malvino & Leach, Digital Principles and Applications, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Edu., 2010.
3. A.K. Maini, Digital Electronics, Principles and Integrated Circuits, 1st Ed, Wiley India Publ., 2007.
4. M. Morris Mano and Michael D. Ciletti, Digital Design, 5th Edition, Pearson Education, 2012.

OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING

L T P C
4 1 0 4

Course Objectives:

1. Understand the C++ program structure and also the basics of C++ Programming language.
2. Use input and output formatted stream classes and the file streams and file modes to access the files.
3. Know the template classes and functions and Runtime error and how to handle that error.

Course Outcomes:

1. Describe the important concepts of object oriented programming like object and class, Encapsulation, inheritance and polymorphism.
2. Develop the applications using object oriented programming with C++.
3. Implement the concept of inheritance and polymorphism.
4. Apply I/O streams and files to develop programs for real time problems.
5. Apply advance features like templates and exception handling to make programs supporting reusability and sophistication

UNIT -- I:

Concepts of OOP: Introduction to OOP, Procedural versus Object Oriented Programming, Principles, Benefits and applications of OOP.

C++ Basics: Overview, Program structure, namespace, identifiers, variables, constants, enumerations, operators, typecasting, control structures.

UNIT -- II:

C++ Functions: Simple functions Call and Return by reference, Inline functions, Overloading of functions, default arguments, friend functions.

Objects and classes: Basics of object and class in C++, Private and public members, static data and function members, constructors and their types, destructors, operator overloading.

UNIT -- III:

Inheritance: Concept of Inheritance, types of inheritance: single, multiple, multilevel, hierarchical, hybrid, protected members, overriding, virtual base class.

Polymorphism: Pointers in C++, Pointers and Objects, this pointer, virtual and pure virtual functions, implementing polymorphism.

UNIT -- IV:

I/O Streams: Concept of streams, cin and cout objects, C++ stream classes, Unformatted and formatted I/O, manipulators.

File management: File stream, C++ File stream classes, File management functions, File modes, sequential and random access files.

UNIT -- V:

Templates: Function and class templates, overloading of template functions.

Exceptions: Basics of exception handling, exception handling mechanisms, throwing, catching mechanisms, rethrowing an exception.

Text Books:

1. The Complete Reference C++, Herbert Schlitz, TATA McGraw Hill, Fourth Edition, 2003.
2. Object Oriented Programming in C++, SauravSahay, Oxford University Press, Second Edition, 2012.
3. Object Oriented Programming with C++, Reema Thereja OXFORD higher Education.

Reference Books:

1. Object Oriented Programming with C++, E Balagurusamy, TATA McGraw Hill, Sixth Edition, 2013.
2. C++ Programming, Black Book, Steven Holzner, dreamtech
3. Object Oriented Programming in Turbo C++, Robert Lafore, Galgotia
4. Object Oriented Programming with ANSI and Turbo C++, Ashok Kamthane, Pearson

II Year B.Tech. CSE/IT I-Sem.
ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS

L T P C
3 1 0 3

Course Objectives:

This is a fundamental course, basic knowledge of which is required by all the circuit branch engineers. This course focuses:

1. To familiarize the student with the principle of operation, analysis and design of Junction diode, BJT and FET transistors and amplifier circuits.
2. To understand diode as rectifier. To study basic principle of filter circuits and various types.

Course Outcomes:

1. Understand and analyze the different types of diodes, operation and its characteristics Design and analyze the DC bias circuitry of BJT and FET Design biasing circuits using diodes and transistors.
2. To analyze and design diode application circuits, amplifier circuits and oscillators employing BJT, FET devices.

UNIT -I: P-N Junction Diode:

Qualitative Theory of P-N Junction, P-N Junction as a Diode, Diode Equation, Volt-Ampere Characteristics, Temperature dependence of VI characteristic, Ideal versus Practical – Resistance levels (Static and Dynamic), Transition and Diffusion Capacitances, Diode Equivalent Circuits, Load Line Analysis, Breakdown Mechanisms in Semiconductor Diodes, Zener Diode Characteristics.

Special Purpose Electronic Devices: Principle of Operation and Characteristics of Tunnel Diode (with the help of Energy Band Diagram), Varactor Diode, SCR and Semiconductor Photo Diode, UJT and Characteristics.

UNIT-II: Rectifiers and Filters:

The P-N junction as a Rectifier, Half wave Rectifier, Full wave Rectifier, Bridge Rectifier, Harmonic components in a Rectifier Circuit, Inductor Filters, Capacitor Filters, L- Section Filters, π - Section Filters, Comparison of Filters, Voltage Regulation using Zener Diode.

UNIT-III: Bipolar Junction Transistor:

The Junction Transistor, BJT Symbol, Transistor Current Components, Transistor Construction, BJT Operation, Common Base, Common Emitter and Common Collector Configurations, Comparison of CB, CE, and CC Amplifier Configurations, Transistor as an Amplifier, Limits of Operation, BJT Specifications. **BJT Small Signal Model:** BJT Hybrid model, Determination of h-parameters from Transistor Characteristics, Analysis of a Transistor Amplifier Circuit using h- Parameters.

UNIT-IV: Transistor Biasing and Stabilization:

Operating Point, The DC and AC Load lines, Need for Biasing, Fixed Bias, Collector Feedback Bias, Emitter Feedback Bias, Collector - Emitter Feedback Bias, Voltage Divider Bias, Bias Stability, Stabilization Factors, Stabilization against variations in V_{be} and β , Bias Compensation using Diodes and Transistors, Thermal Runaway, Thermal Stability,

UNIT-V: Field Effect Transistor and Biasing:

Field Effect Transistor: The Junction Field Effect Transistor (Construction, principle of operation, symbol) – Pinch-off Voltage - Volt-Ampere characteristics, FET as Voltage Variable Resistor, The JFET Small Signal Model, MOSFET (Construction, principle of operation, symbol), MOSFET Characteristics in Enhancement and Depletion modes. Biasing FET, Comparison of BJT and FET.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Millman's Electronic Devices and Circuits – J. Millman, C.C.Halkias, and Satyabrata Jit, 2 Ed., 1998, TMH.
2. Electronic Devices and Circuits – Mohammad Rashid, Cengage Learning, 2013
3. Electronic Devices and Circuits – David A. Bell, 5 Ed, Oxford.

REFERENCES:

1. Integrated Electronics – J. Millman and Christos C. Halkias, 1991 Ed., 2008, TMH.
2. Electronic Devices and Circuits – R.L. Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, 9 Ed., 2006, PEI/PHI.
3. Electronic Devices and Circuits – B. P. Singh, Rekha Singh, Pearson, 2Ed, 2013.
4. Electronic Devices and Circuits - K. Lal Kishore, 2 Ed., 2005, BSP.
5. Electronic Devices and Circuits – Anil K. Maini, Varsha Agarwal, 1 Ed., 2009, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
6. Electronic Devices and Circuits – S.Salivahanan, N.Suresh Kumar, A.Vallavaraj, 2 Ed., 2008, TMH.

DATA STRUCTURES LAB

L T P C
0 0 3 2

Course Outcomes:

1. Develop the programs on stacks and its applications.
2. Demonstrate the operations on trees.
3. Demonstrate the implementation of various advanced trees.
4. Design and implementation of programs on BST and Graph Traversals.

Part-A

1. Program to illustrate string built in functions
2. Program to evaluate postfix notations
3. Program to convert infix to postfix notation
4. Program to illustrate tree traversals
 - a) In order b) Pre order c) Post order
5. Program to illustrate insertion, deletion and searching in Binary Search Tree.
6. Program to illustrate Graph traversals
 - a) Breadth First Search
 - b) Depth First Search
7. Program to illustrate Insertion, deletion and Rotation on AVL Trees.

Part-B

1. Program to illustrate Function Overloading to calculate area of a circle, rectangle and square
2. Program to illustrate virtual function
3. Program to illustrate default constructor, parameterized constructor and copy constructors
4. Program to illustrate single Inheritance, multiple inheritance, multilevel inheritance, hybrid inheritance
5. Program to illustrate run time polymorphism, compile time polymorphism
6. Program to illustrate Operator Overloading
 - a)Unary Operator b) Binary Operator
7. Program to illustrate Exception Handling Mechanisms using try, catch, throw keywords
8. Program to illustrate formatted and unformatted I/O streams

Electronic Devices & Circuits and Digital Logic Design Lab

L T P/D C
0 0 3 2

PART A:

List of Experiments (EDC)

1. Forward & Reverse Bias Characteristics of PN Junction Diode.
2. Zener diode characteristics and Zener as voltage Regulator.
3. Half Wave Rectifier with & without filters.
4. Full Wave Rectifier with & without filters.
5. Input & Output Characteristics of Transistor in CB Configuration and h-parameter calculations.
6. Input & Output Characteristics of Transistor in CE Configuration and h-parameter calculations.
7. FET characteristics.
8. UJT Characteristics

PART B:

List of Experiments (DLD)

1. Verify the functionality of logic gates & Flip-flops
2. Verification of De-Morgan's laws
3. Implementation and verification of full adder and full subtractor using logic gates.
4. Implementation and verification of 4X1 multiplexer & Demultiplexer using logic gates.
5. Implementation and verification of 2X4 Decoder and 1X4 De-multiplexer using logic gates.
6. Implementation of given function and verification using IC 74LS151 (8X1 multiplexer).
7. To design and verify the 4-bit ripple counter & decade counter
8. Verify the functionality of 4-bit magnitude comparator using IC 74LS85.
9. Verify the functionality of Universal Shift Register IC 74LS194/195

Note: Minimum 6 experiments from each part.

Part – C

Syllabi of

B.Tech., II Year II Semester

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS

L T P C
4 1 0 4

Course Objectives:

1. Understand the asymptotic performance of algorithms.
2. Be familiar with graph algorithms and dynamic programming.
3. Understand the concept of back tracking, branch and bound.
4. Introducing the concept of NP-complete problems and different techniques to deal With them.
5. To understand the concepts of divide and conquer and greedy approaches.

Course Outcomes:

1. Acquire the knowledge of algorithm analysis and its notations that are applied on the problems solved by divide and conquer paradigm.
2. Apply the major graph algorithms for model engineering problems and knowledge of the greedy paradigm
3. Apply the dynamic-programming paradigm and recite algorithms that employ this paradigm.
4. Apply the concept of back tracking, branch and bound paradigm for real time problems.
5. Analyze the complexity of problems and differentiate that in terms of P and NP problems with examples.

UNIT I

Introduction: Algorithm, Pseudo code for expressing algorithms, Performance Analysis-Space complexity, Time complexity, Asymptotic Notation- Big oh notation, Omega notation, Theta notation and Little oh notation, Probabilistic analysis, Disjoint Sets- disjoint set operations, union and find operations.

Divide and conquer: General method, applications-Binary search, Quick sort, Merge sort, Stassen's matrix multiplication.

UNIT II

Graphs: Breadth First Search, Depth First Search, spanning trees, connected and bi-connected components

Greedy method: General method, applications-Job sequencing with dead lines, 0/1 knapsack problem, Minimum cost spanning trees, Single source shortest path problem.

UNIT III

Dynamic Programming: General method, applications-Matrix chain multiplication, Optimal binary search trees, 0/1 knapsack problem, All pairs shortest path problem, Travelling sales person problem, Reliability design.

UNIT IV:

Backtracking: General method, applications-n-queen problem, sum of subsets problem, graph coloring, Hamiltonian cycles.

Branch and Bound: General method, applications - Travelling sales person problem, 0/1 knapsack problem- LC Branch and Bound solution, FIFO Branch and Bound solution.

UNIT V

Lower Bound Theory: Comparison Trees, NP-Hard and NP-Complete problems: Basic concepts, non deterministic algorithms, NP - Hard and NP Complete classes, Clique Decision Problem (CDP), Node cover decision problem.

Text Books:

1. Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms, Ellis Horowitz, SatrajSahni and Rajasekharam, Galgotia publications pvt. Ltd.
2. Design and Analysis of algorithms, Aho, Ullman and Hopcroft, Pearson education.

References:

1. Introduction to Design and Analysis of Algorithms A strategic approach, R.C.T.Lee, S.S.Tseng, R.C.Chang and T.Tsai, McGraw Hill.
2. Data structures and Algorithm Analysis in C++, Allen Weiss, Second edition, Pearson education.

II Year B.Tech. CSE/IT –II Sem

COMPUTER ORGANIZATION

L T P C
3 1 0 3

Course Objectives:

1. Understand instruction format, life cycle and CPU Architecture and Organization
2. Know the basic Architecture of Microprocessor.
3. Understand different types of I/O interfaces.
4. Familiar with the concepts of pipelining techniques.
5. Understand the Multiprocessor concepts

Course Outcomes:

1. Understand the basic organization of computer and different instruction formats and addressing modes.
2. Analyze the concept of pipelining, segment registers and pin diagram of CPU.
3. Write simple programmes on assembly language.
4. Evaluate various modes of data transfer between CPU and I/O devices.
5. Examine various inter connection structures of multi processors.

UNIT -- I:

Instruction: Instruction Definition, instruction cycle, instruction storage, types of instruction formats (Zero, one, two and three address).

Addressing modes: mode field, implied, immediate register, register direct, register indirect, auto increment, decrement, indexed, relative, base address mode, Numerical examples and problems.

UNIT -- II:

CPU-Organization: 8086 – CPU – Block diagram and pin diagram, concept of pipelining, minimum and maximum mode, segment register and generation of 20 bits address, concept of address, data, control and systems bus, Types of flags.

UNIT -- III:

CPU and Main Memory interface, programming the basic computer – Machine Assembly Languages. **Assembler:** basic assembly language instructions (ADD, SUB, LOAD, STORE, MOV, CMP, JUMP). **Micro-programmed control:** control memory, address sequencing, micro program example and design of control unit.

UNIT -- IV:

I/O interface: I/O Bus and Interface modules, I/O versus Memory Bus. **Modes of Transfer:** Example of programmed I/O, interrupt-initiated I/O, software considerations. Daisy- Chaining priority. **DMA:** DMA Controller, DMA Transfer, Intel 8089 IOP.

UNIT -- V:

Multi Processors: Characteristics of Multi Processor; **Interconnection structures:** Time shared common bus, multiport memory, crossbar switch, multi-stage switching network; **Introduction to Flynn’s classification:** SISD, SIMD, MISD, MIMD (Introduction).

Text Books:

1. Computer System Architecture – M. Morris Mano, Third Edition, Pearson/PHI, 2011.
2. Microprocessor and Interfacing – Douglas V Hall, Second Edition, TATA McGraw Hill, 2006.

Reference Books:

1. Computer Organization – Carl Hamacher, ZvonksVranesic, SafeaZaky, V Edition, McGraw Hill.
2. Computer Organization and Architecture – William Stallings, 6th Edn. Pearson/ PHI.

DATABASE MANGEMENT SYSTEMS

II Year B.Tech. CSE –II Sem

L T P C

4 1 0 4

Course Objectives:

1. To provide a sound introduction to Database management systems, Databases and its applications,
2. To familiarize the participant to give a good formal foundation on the relational model of data
3. To present SQL and procedural interfaces to SQL comprehensively
4. To give an introduction to systematic database design approaches conceptual design, logical design, schema refinement and physical design
5. To introduce the concepts of transactions and transaction process and the issues and techniques relating to concurrency and recovery manager.

Course Outcomes:

1. Design Entity-Relationship Model for enterprise level databases.
2. Develop the database and provide restricted access to different users of database and formulate the Complex SQL queries.
3. Analyze various Relational Formal Query Languages and various Normal forms to carry out Schema refinement
4. Use of suitable Indices and Hashing mechanisms for real time implementation.
5. Ability to analyze various concurrency control protocols and working principles of recovery algorithms.

UNIT-I

Introduction to Database System Concepts: Database-System Applications, Purpose of Database Systems, View of Data, Database Language, Database Design, Database Architecture, Database Users and Administrators.

Introduction to the Relation Models and Database Design using ER Model: Structure of Relational Databases, Database Schema, Keys, Schema Diagrams, Relational Query Languages, Relational Operations, Overview of the Design Process, The Entity-Relationship Model, Constraints, Removing Redundant Attributes in Entity Sets, Entity-Relationship Diagrams, Reduction to Relational Schemas, Entity-Relationship Design Issues, Extended E-R Features.

UNIT-II

Introduction to SQL: Overview of the SQL Query Language, SQL Data Definition, Basic Structure of SQL Queries, Integrity Constraints, SQL Data Types, Additional Basic Operations, Set Operations, Null Values, Aggregate Functions, Sub Queries, Nested Sub queries, Modification of the Database.

Intermediate and Advanced SQL: Join Expressions, Views, Authorization, Advanced Aggregation Features, Cursors, Functions and Procedures, Triggers.

UNIT-III

Formal Relational Query Languages: The Relational Algebra, the Tuple Relational Calculus, the Domain Relational Calculus.

Relational Database Design: Features of Good Relational Designs, Atomic Domains and First Normal Form, Decomposition Using Functional Dependencies, Decomposition Using Multi valued Dependencies, More Normal Forms.

UNIT-IV

Indexing and Hashing: Basic Concepts, Ordered Indices, B+-Tree Index Files, B+-Tree Extensions, Multiple-Key Access, Static Hashing, Dynamic Hashing, Comparison of Ordered Indexing and Hashing, Bitmap Indices.

Transactions: Transaction Concept, a Simple Transaction Model, Storage Structure, Transaction Atomicity and Durability, Transaction Isolation, Serializability, Transaction Isolation and Atomicity, Transaction Isolation Levels.

UNIT-V

Concurrency Control: Lock-Based Protocols, Deadlock Handling, Multiple Granularity, Timestamp-Based Protocols, Validation-Based Protocols, Multi version schemes.

Recovery System: Failure Classification, Storage, Recovery and Atomicity, Recovery Algorithm, Buffer Management, Failure with Loss of Nonvolatile Storage, ARIES, Remote Backup Systems.

Text Books:

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth, S. Sudarshan, "Database System Concepts", 6th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill.
2. Raghu Rama Kirshna, Johannes Gehrke, "Database Management System" Tata McGraw Hill 3rd Edition.

Reference Books:

1. Peter Rob & Carlos Coronel "Database System Concepts" Cengage Learning.
2. RamezElmasri, Shamkanth B. Navrate "Fundamentals of Database Systems " 7th Edition, Pearson Education.
3. C.J. Date "Introduction to Database Systems" Pearson Education

II Year B.Tech. CSE/IT –II Sem

SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

L T P C
3 1 0 3

Course Objectives:

1. Understand the framework activities for a given project.
2. Choose a process model to apply for given project requirements.
3. Design various system models for a given scenario.
4. Design and apply various testing techniques.
5. Understand metrics for Process and Products.

Course Outcomes:

1. Choose a process model to apply for given project requirements.
2. Analyze and apply the framework activities for a given project.
3. Design various system models for a given scenario.
4. Design and apply various testing techniques.
5. Understand metrics for Process and Products.

UNIT I:

Introduction to Software Engineering: The evolving role of software, Changing Nature of Software, Software myths. A Generic view of process: Software engineering- A layered technology, a process framework, The Capability Maturity Model Integration (CMMI), personal and team process models.

UNIT II:

Process models: The waterfall model, Incremental process models, Evolutionary process model, agile process. Software Requirements: Functional and non-functional requirements, the software requirements document. Requirements engineering process: Feasibility studies, Requirements elicitation and analysis, Requirements validation, Requirements management

UNIT III:

System models: Context Models, Behavioral models, Data models, Object models, structured methods. Design Engineering: Design process and Design quality, Design concepts, the design model, Modeling component level design: design class based components, conducting component level design. Performing User interface design: Golden rules.

UNIT IV:

Testing Strategies: A strategic approach to software testing, test strategies for conventional software, Black-Box and White-Box testing, Validation testing, System testing, Product metrics : Software Quality, Metrics for Analysis Model- function based metrics, Metrics for Design Model-object oriented metrics, class oriented metrics, component design metrics, Metrics for source code, Metrics for maintenance.

UNIT V:

Metrics for Process and Products: Metrics for software quality. Risk management: Reactive vs. Proactive Risk strategies, software risks, Risk identification, Risk projection, Risk refinement, RMMM, RMMM Plan. Quality Management: Quality concepts, Software Reviews, Formal technical reviews, Software reliability, The ISO 9000 quality standards.

Text Books:

1. Software Engineering, A practitioner's Approach- Roger S. Pressman, 6th edition. McGraw Hill International Edition.
2. Software Engineering- Sommerville, 7th edition, Pearson education.

References:

1. Software Engineering- K.K. Agarwal & Yogesh Singh, New Age International Publishers
2. Software Engineering, an Engineering approach- James F. Peters, Witold Pedrycz, John Wiely.
3. Systems Analysis and Design- Shely Cashman Rosenblatt, Thomson Publications.
4. Software Engineering principles and practice- Waman S Jawadekar, the McGraw-Hill Companies.

II Year B.Tech. CSE –II Sem

JAVA PROGRAMMING

L T P C
4 1 0 4

Course Objectives:

1. Understand the concept of OOP and learn the basic syntax and semantics of the Java language and programming environment.
2. Be familiar with the purpose and usage principles of inheritance, polymorphism, encapsulation and method overloading.
3. Understand Exceptional handling and multithreading concepts.
4. Be familiar with GUI applications.

Course Outcomes:

1. Design, write and test a java program to implement a working understand the fundamental concepts of the object oriented paradigm and their implementation in the Java programming language.
2. Write code to define classes and interfaces that uses class libraries such as java.lang, java.util, java.io. Use exception handling and multithreading in programs.
3. Develop GUI applications.
4. Give object oriented solutions for the complex and real world problems.

UNIT – I:

Fundamentals of Object Oriented Programming: Object-Oriented Paradigm, Basic Concepts of Object Oriented Programming- Objects and Classes, Data abstraction and encapsulation, inheritance , Polymorphism, Data binding, Message Communication, Benefits of OOP, Applications of OOP. **Java Basics** History of Java, Java buzzwords, data types, variables, scope and life time of variables, arrays, operators, expressions, control statements, type conversion and costing, simple java program, concepts of classes, objects, constructors, methods, access control, this keyword, garbage collection, overloading methods and constructors, parameter passing, recursion, nested and inner classes, Strings.

UNIT – II:

Inheritance – Base class object, subclass, subtype, substitutability, forms of inheritance-specialization, specification, construction, extension, limitation, combination, Member access rules, super uses, using final with inheritance, polymorphism- method overriding, abstract classes, Object class.

Packages and Interfaces : Defining, Creating and Accessing a Package, Understanding CLASSPATH, importing packages, differences between classes and interfaces, File, Byte Streams, Character Streams, Stream I/O.

UNIT – III: Exception handling - Concepts of exception handling, exception hierarchy, usage of try, catch, throw, throws and finally, built in exceptions, creating own exception sub classes. Package java.util, The Collection Interface, list interface, Queue interface, The Collection class: LinkedList Class, HashSet Class. Tree Set Class, StringTokenizer, Date, Random, Scanner.

Multi threading: Differences between multi threading and multitasking, thread life cycle, creating threads, thread priorities, synchronizing threads, inter thread communication.

UNIT -- IV:

Event Handling: Events, Event sources, Event classes, Event Listeners, Delegation event model, handling mouse and keyboard events, Adapter classes.

AWT: class hierarchy, component, container, panel, window, frame, canvas, graphics, Layout Manager – layout manager types – boarder, grid, flow, card and grib bag.

UNIT -- V:

AWT controls: Labels, button, canvas, scrollbars, text components, check box, check box groups, choices, lists panels – scroll pane, dialogs, menu bar.

Applets – Concepts of Applets, differences between applets and applications, life cycle of an apple, create applets, passing parameters to applets.

JDBC Connectivity: JDBC Type 1 to 4 Drivers, connection establishment, Query Execution.

Text Books:

1. Java- the complete reference, Seventh edition, Herbert Schildt, Tata McGraw Hill.
2. Database Programming with JDBC&JAVA, Second Edition, George Reese, O'Reilly Media.
3. Programming in JAVA Second Edition, OXFORD Higher Education.

Reference Books:

1. Thinking in Java Fourth Edition, Bruce Eckel
2. Introduction to Java programming, Y. Daniel Liang, Pearson Education.
3. Understanding OOP with Java, updated edition, T. Budd, Pearson Education.

II Year B.Tech. CSE/IT –II Sem.
ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE
Common to all Branches

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Course Objectives:

- Develop an understanding on the importance of environmental protection.
- Understanding the significance of ecological balance for sustainable development.
- The ability to apply quantitative reasoning and practical skills to environmental problems.

Course Outcomes:

- To enable the students to realize the importance of the sustainable use of natural resources.
- To make the students aware of the impacts of human actions on environment and measures to minimize and mitigate them.
- To enable the students to become aware of the current issues and problems pertaining to the environment.

UNIT I:

Ecosystems:

Definition, Scope and Importance of ecosystem; Classification of ecosystems, Structure and Functions of ecosystem: Food chains, Food Web and Ecological Pyramids, Flow of energy; Bioaccumulation and Biomagnifications; Ecosystem Value services and Carrying Capacity.

BIODIVERSITY AND BIOTIC RESOURCES: Introduction, Definition, levels of Biodiversity, Value of biodiversity, Hot spots of biodiversity, Threats to biodiversity, conservation of biodiversity: In-Situ and Ex-situ conservation.

UNIT II:

Natural Resources: Classification of Resources, **Water resources:** use and over utilization of surface and ground water, Floods and Droughts, Dams: benefits and problems. **Energy resources:** growing energy needs, Renewable Energy Sources – Solar, Hydro-Power, Wind, Tidal, Geo-Thermal, Biomass, Bio-fuels, Hydrogen as a fuel and Biogas and Non Renewable Energy – Coal, Petroleum, LPG, Natural Gas, SNG, CNG. **Land resources:** land as a resource, land degradation – Landslide and Soil Erosion; **Forest Resources – Uses and Exploitation.**

UNIT III:

Environmental Pollution and Control: Types of Pollution, Sources, Effects and Control measures and Quality Standards for

1. Air Pollution
2. Water Pollution
3. Soil Pollution
4. Noise Pollution

Solid, Hazardous, Biomedical and e-Waste Management and Handling Rules, Nuclear Hazards – Case Studies. **Waste water treatment methods:** Effluent treatment plants (ETP), Sewage treatment plants (STP), Common and combined effluent treatment plants (CETP).

UNIT IV:

Global Environmental Problems And Global Efforts: Green house effect, Green House Gases (GHG), Global Warming, Sea level rise, climate change and their impacts on human environment; Ozone depletion and Ozone depleting substances (ODS); Acid Rains, Deforestation and Desertification.

Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA): Definition of Impact: classification of impacts, Methods

of baseline data acquisition. Impacts on different environmental components; Environmental Impact Statement (EIS). Environmental Management Plan (EMP) - Rain Water Harvesting, Water Shed Management and Bioremediation.

UNIT V:

Environmental Policy, Legislation, Rules And Regulations: Environmental Protection act, Legal aspects Air (Prevention and Control of pollution) Act- 1981, Water (Prevention and Control of pollution) Act-1974, Forest Conservation Act, Wildlife Act 1972. **Towards Sustainable Future:** Concept of Sustainable Development, Threats to Sustainability: Population and its explosion, Crazy Consumerism, Over-exploitation of resources; Environmental Education, Role of Civil Societies, Role of IT in Environment, Smart Cities, Concept of Green Building, Low Carbon Lifestyle, Life cycle assessment and Ecological Foot Print.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Text Book of Environmental Studies by Anubha Kaushik (4th Edition), New age International Publishers.
2. Environmental studies by Erach Bharucha 2005, University Grants Commission, University Press.
3. Environmental studies, From crisis to cure by R.Rajagopalan, 2005

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Environmental Science: Towards a Sustainable Future by Richard T. Wright. 2008 PHL Learning Private Ltd. New Delhi.
2. Environmental Science by Daniel B. Botkin & Edward A. Keller, Willey INDIA Edition.
3. Text book of Environmental Science and Technology by M.Anji Reddy 2007

II Year B.Tech. CSE–II Sem.

JAVA PROGRAMMING LAB

L T P C
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Course Outcomes:

1. Familiarize with Java Environment and use of Java Development Kit for the creation and execution of java programs
2. Develop programs on various concepts like data abstraction & data hiding, encapsulation, inheritance, polymorphism.
3. Create and use threads, handle exceptions and write applets.
4. Develop the programs using interfaces, inner classes, wrapper classes and generics.
5. Develop GUI applications.

Week 1:-

- 1) Write a program to find total, average of given two numbers by using function with default arguments, static data members and this keyword?
- 2) Write a program to illustrate class and objects (Banking operations)

Week 2:-

- 3) Write a program to illustrate constructors? (Inventory of Books)
- 4) Write a program to create a class complex with necessary operator overloading and type conversion such as integer to complex, complex to double.

Week 3:-

- 5) Write a program that randomly generates complex numbers and write two numbers per line in a file along with an operator(+,-,*,/,). The numbers are written to file in the format (a+ib)
- 6) Write a program to read one line at a time, perform the corresponding operation on two complex numbers read, write the result to another file (one per line)

Week 4:-

- 7) Write a program to illustrate inheritance (Student Evaluation)
- 8) Write a java program to handle the situation of exception handling.

Week 5:-

- 9) Write a java program to demonstrate the concept of polymorphism.
- 10) Write a java program to illustrate Method Overriding?

Week 6:-

- 11) Write a java program to illustrate Method overloading of assignment operator?
- 12) Write a program to illustrate Array Manipulation?

Week 7:-

- 13) Write a program to illustrate Synchronization?
- 14) Write a program to StringTokenizer?

Week 8:-

- 15) Write a program to implement the concept of User defined Exceptions.
- 16) Write a program to illustrate the use of creation of packages.

Week 9:-

- 17) Write a program to illustrate Multithreading and Multitasking?
- 18) Write a program to illustrate thread priorities.

Week 10:-

- 19) Write a program to illustrate applet concept.

Week 11:-

- 20) Write a program to illustrate Event Handling (keyboard, Mouse events)

Week 12:-

- 21) Write a program to develop a calculator application using AWT.

Week 13:-

- 22) Write a program to illustrate JDBC.

II Year B.Tech. CSE/IT –II Sem.
DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS LAB

L T P C
0 0 3 2

Course Outcomes:

1. Use the SQL commands such as DDL, DML, DCL, TCL to create, manipulate, access data from database objects and providing authorization to access database by different users.
2. To apply various integrity Constraints on the database tables for preserving the integrity of the database.
3. Design and implement PL/SQL programs which include procedures, functions, cursor and triggers.

1. Database Schema for a customer-sale scenario

Customer (**Cust id: integer**, cust_name: string)

Item (**item id: integer**, item_name: string, price: integer)

Sale (**bill no: integer**, bill_date: date, **cust_id: integer**, **item_id: integer**, qty_sold: integer)

For the above schema, perform the following—

- a) Create the tables with the appropriate integrity constraints
- b) Insert around 10 records in each of the tables
- c) List all the bills for the current date with the customer names and item numbers
- d) List the total Bill details with the quantity sold, price of the item and the final amount
- e) List the details of the customer who have bought a product which has a price>200
- f) Give a count of how many products have been bought by each customer
- g) Give a list of products bought by a customer having cust_id as 5
- h) List the item details which are sold as of today
- i) Create a view which lists out the bill_no, bill_date, cust_id, item_id, price, qty_sold, amount

Create a view which lists the daily sales date wise for the last one week

2. Database Schema for a Student Library scenario

Student(**Stud no : integer**, Stud_name: string) Membership(**Mem no: integer**, Stud_no: integer)

Book(**book no: integer**, book_name:string, author: string)

Iss_rec(**iss no:integer**, iss_date: date, **Mem_no: integer**, **book_no: integer**)

For the above schema, perform the following

- a) Create the tables with the appropriate integrity constraints
- b) Insert around 10 records in each of the tables
- c) List all the student names with their membership numbers
- d) List all the issues for the current date with student and Book names
- e) List the details of students who borrowed book whose author is CJDATE
- f) Give a count of how many books have been bought by each student
- g) Give a list of books taken by student with stud_no as 5
- h) List the book details which are issued as of today
- i) Create a view which lists out the iss_no, iss_date, stud_name, book name
- j) Create a view which lists the daily issues-date wise for the last one week

3. Database Schema for a Employee-pay scenario

Employee (**emp id : integer**, emp_name: string) department (**dept id: integer**, dept_name:string)

Paydetails (**emp_id: integer**, **dept_id: integer**, basic: integer, deductions: integer, additions: integer, DOJ: date) payroll(**emp_id: integer**, pay_date: date)

For the above schema, perform the following

- a) Create the tables with the appropriate integrity constraints
- b) Insert around 10 records in each of the tables
- c) List the employee details department wise

- d) List all the employee names who joined after particular date
- e) List the details of employees whose basic salary is between 10,000 and 20,000
- f) Give a count of how many employees are working in each department
- g) Give a names of the employees whose netsalary>10,000
- h) List the details for an employee_id=5
- i) Create a view which lists out the emp_name, department, basic, dedeuctions, netsalary
- j) Create a view which lists the emp_name and his netsalary

4. Database Schema for a Video Library scenario

Customer (cust_no: integer,cust_name: string)

Membership (**Mem_no: integer, cust_no: integer**)

Cassette (**cass_no:integer**, cass_name:string, Language: String)

Iss_rec(**iss_no: integer**, iss_date: date, **mem_no: integer, cass_no: integer**)

For the above schema, perform the following

- a) Create the tables with the appropriate integrity constraints
- b) Insert around 10 records in each of the tables
- c) List all the customer names with their membership numbers
- d) List all the issues for the current date with the customer names and cassette names
- e) List the details of the customer who has borrowed the cassette whose title is “ The Legend”
- f) Give a count of how many cassettes have been borrowed by each customer
- g) Give a list of book which has been taken by the student with mem_no as 5
- h) List the cassettes issues for today
- i) Create a view which lists outs the iss_no, iss_date, cust_name, cass_name
- j) Create a view which lists issues-date wise for the last one week

5. Database Schema for a student-Lab scenario

Student(**stud_no: integer**, stud_name: string, **class: string**)

Class(**class: string,descrip: string**)

Lab(**mach_no: integer**, Lab_no: integer, description: String)

Allotment(**Stud_no: Integer, mach_no: integer, dayof week: string**)

For the above schema, perform the following

- a) List all the machine allotments with the student names, lab and machine numbers
- b) List the total number of lab allotments day wise
- c) Give a count of how many machines have been allocated to the ‘CSE’ class
- d) Give a machine allotment details of the stud_no 5 with his personal and class details
- e) Count for how many machines have been allocated in **Lab_no 1** for the day of the week as “Monday”
- f) How many students class wise have allocated machines in the labs
- g) Create a view which lists out the stud_no, stud_name, mach_no, lab_no, dayofweek
- h) Create a view which lists the machine allotment details for “Thursday”.

- 6. Create a cursor, which displays all employee numbers and names from the EMP table.
- 7. Create a cursor, which update the salaries of all employees as per the given data.
- 8. Create a cursor, which displays names of employees having salary > 50000.
- 9. Create a procedure to find reverse of a given number
- 10. Create a procedure to update the salaries of all employees as per the given data
- 11. Create a procedure to demonstrate IN, OUT and INOUT parameters
- 12. Create a function to check whether given string is palindrome or not.
- 13. Create a function to find sum of salaries of all employees working in depart number 10.
- 14. Create a trigger before/after update on employee table for each row/statement.
- 15. Create a trigger before/after delete on employee table for each row/statement.
- 16. Create a trigger before/after insert on employee table for each row/statement.

Part – D

Syllabi of

MANDATORY COURSES

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS AND CYBER LAWS

L	T	P/D	C
2	0	0	0

Course Objectives:

1. To make students familiar with Intellectual Property Rights.
2. To understand innovations in engineering and other domains.
3. To be familiar with patents, copyrights and various acts related to innovations.

Course Outcomes:

1. To define various terms related to Intellectual Property Rights.
2. To understand the process of patent, copyrights and related procedures.
3. To analyze the situation of IPR in the Indian context with that of global scenario.
4. To understand the patenting process through various case studies.

UNIT - I:

Introduction to Intellectual property Rights (IPR):

Introduction, Types of Intellectual Property Rights, International Organizations, Agencies and Treaties, Importance of Intellectual Property Rights.

UNIT - II:

Trade Marks:

Purpose And Function Of Trademarks, Acquisition Of Trade Mark Rights, Protectable Matter, Selecting And Evaluating Trade Mark, Trade Mark Registration Processes.

UNIT - III:

Copy rights Law:

Fundamental Of Copy Right Law, Originality Of Material, Rights Of Reproduction, Rights To Perform The Work Publicly, Copy Right Ownership Issues, Copy Right Registration, Notice Of Copy Right, International Copy Right Law.

Patents Law:

Foundation of Patent Law, Patent Searching Process, Ownership Rights And Transfer

UNIT - IV:

Trade Secrets:

Trade Secrete Law, Determination Of Trade Secrets Status, Liability For Misappropriations Of Trade Secrets, Protection For Submission, Trade Secret Litigation.

Unfair competition: Misappropriation Right Of Publicity, False Advertising.

UNIT - V:

Cyber Law:

Cyber Crime, Information Security, Cyber Criminals, Classification Of Cyber Criminals- Legal Perspectives- Indian Perspectives- Cyber Crimes And Indian ITA 2000, Global Perspective On Cyber Crime- Cyber Crime Era.

TEXT BOOKS & REFERENCES:

1. Deborah, E. Bo Choux, Intellectual Property Right, Cengage Learning
2. Prabuddha Ganguli, Intellectual Property Right - Unleashing The Knowledge Economy, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Company Ltd.,
3. Nina Godbole and Sunitha Belapure, "Cyber Security" Wiley India 2012.

PROFESSIONAL ETHICS, HUMAN VALUES AND SELF DEVELOPMENT

Course Objectives:	L	T	P/D	C
	2	0	0	0

- To offer the students an appropriate set of values to live by
- To help them achieve a balanced life with appropriate attitudes and behaviour
- To ensure harmonious life with sustained happiness and prosperity
- To create awareness on Ethical human conduct, Engineering Ethics, Social responsibility as an engineer.

Course Outcomes:

- Cultivate the habit of Introspection; Inspirations from within and outside and journal writing to become Successful Engineers with hopes of a better human being.
- Ethical Responsibilities of Engineers while - dealing with the issues.
- To maintain work life –balance and societal well being.
- Develop Right thinking and understanding

UNIT – I

Course Introduction to Values: Need, Guidelines, Content and Educational Process, Application of values, Universal values. Natural Acceptance. Self Exploration – Meditation- self exploration. Continuous Happiness and Prosperity - Right thinking and understanding. Ambition and Aspiration.

UNIT - II:

Harmony in the Human Being:

Harmony in Myself: Human being as a co-existence of 'I' and the material 'Body'. Needs of Self ('I') and 'Body'. The Body as an instrument of 'I' (I being the Doer, Seer and Enjoyer). Harmony of I with the Body, Correct Appraisal of Physical needs

UNIT - III:

Harmony in the Family, Society and in Nature:

Harmony in Human - Human Relationships: Harmony in the Family, Values in Human - Human Relationships, Trust, Respect and other Salient Values in Relationships. Harmony in the Society, Universal Harmony Order.

Harmony in the nature and Existence: Whole existence as Co-existence: Inter-connectedness and Mutual fulfillment among the four orders of nature - Recyclability and Self-regulation in nature.

UNIT - IV:

Professional Ethics:

Introduction, Profession, Professionals, Professionalism, Professional's- roles and risks, Professional Accountability, Ethics in Engineering Profession, Roles of Engineers, Balanced outlook on Law and Responsibilities as Citizens, Professional Responsibilities, Professional Rights.

UNIT - V:

Self Development:

Behavior and Attitude, Stress Management- Types of Stress, Self Management, Choices we make, Excellence.

Meditation: Importance of Meditation, Observation, Introspection, Contemplation, Concentration, Relaxation, Systematic Practice of Meditation.

Inner Cleaning, Need to purify our Conscience and develop Purity in Thoughts and Actions

Journal Writing: Uses and Self Development.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. R. R. Gaur, R Sangal, g p Bagaria, 2009, A foundation course in human values and professional ethics.
2. Professional ethics by R Subramanian Oxford press
3. M Govindrajan, S Natrajan & V. S Senthil kumar, Engineering Ethics (including Humna Values), Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India Ltd
4. Self development modules from heartfulness institute (content.heartfulness.org)
5. Prof. K Subba Raju 2013, Success secrets for engineering students, Smart student publication 3rd edition.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Ivan Illich, 1974, Energy & Equity, The Trinity Press, Worcester, and HarperCollins, USA
2. E. F. Schumaner, 1973, small is Beautiful: a study of economics as if people mattered. Blond & Briggs, Britain.
3. A Nagraj, 1998 Jeevan Vidya ek Parichay, Divya Path Sansthan, Amarkantak.
4. Sussan George, 1976, How the Other Half Dies, Penguin Press, Reprinted 1986, 1991.
5. P. L. Dhar, R. R. Gaur, 1990, Science and Humanism, Commonwealth Publishers.
6. A. N. Tripathy, 2003, Human Values, New Age International Publishers.
7. Subhas Palekar, 2000, How to practice Natural Farming, Pracheen(Vaidik) Krishi Tantra Shodh, Amravati.
8. Donella H. Meadows, Dennis L. Meadows, Jorgen Randers, William W. Behrens III, 1972, Limits to Growth - Club of Rome's report, Universe Books.
9. E G Seebauer & Robert L.Berry, 2000, Fundamentals of Ethics for Scientists & Engineers, Oxford University Press.

PROFESSIONAL COMMUNICATION

L	T	P	C
2	0	0	0

Introduction:

The world is in need of effective and efficient professionals. Technical students are to be equipped with Professional Communication skills to enable them to face the growing employment demands. The course has been introduced to bridge the gap between communication skills of ELCS and ACS.

Course Objectives:

To enable a student:

- speak & write intelligible English
- understand professional etiquette and learn appropriate mannerism
- learn about leadership, team building skills and to solve problems by taking decisions
- to present effectively
- knowing his/her strengths and overcoming weaknesses

Course Outcomes:

A student learns:

- to speak and write appropriate English
- the professional demands
- to solve problems and take decisions
- requisite professional skills

Unit: I

Academic Vocabulary and Grammar

Exercises on: Correction of sentences

Tenses, Articles, Prepositions, etc.

Synonyms, Antonyms, One word substitutes, Idioms & Phrases

Unit: II

Self Appraisal

Self Introduction,

SWOT Analysis,

Goal setting

Personality Development

Unit: III

Professional Etiquette

Etiquette

Mannerism

Positive Attitude

Behavioral Traits

Unit: IV

Team Building

Leadership skills
Team Work
Decision Making/ Problem Solving / Conflict managements
Case Study

Unit: V

Presentation Skills

Poster Presentation
Oral Presentation

References:

- 1) Rao, M.S. *Soft Skills Enhancing Employability*. New Delhi: I.K. Publishing House, 2010.
- 2) Rao, Nageshwar. *Communication Skills*. New Delhi: Himalaya Publishing House Pvt.Ltd, 2008
- 3) Ashrif Rizvi. *Effective Technical Communication*, Tata Mc Grahill, 2011.
- 4) Daniel G. Riordan & Steven E. Pauley. *Technical Report Writing Today*, Biztantra Publishers, 2005.
- 5) David A McCurry & Joanne Buckely, *Handbook for Technical Writing* CENGAGE Learning 2008.
- 6) *Raymond Murphy's English Grammar with CD*, Murphy, Cambridge University Press, 2012.
- 7) William Standard. *Living English Structures*- Allen-Pearson, 2011.
- 8) S M Guptha. *Current English Grammar and Usage*, PHI, 2013.
- 9) Krishna Swami. *Modern English Grammar*-, McMillan, 2009.
- 10) Anjana Agarwal. *Powerful Vocabulary Builder*, New Age International Publishers, 2011

DISASTER MANAGEMENT

L	T	P/D	C
2	0	0	0

Course Objectives:

- To provide knowledge related to the broad field of environmental risk assessment.
- Steps involved in the risk assessment process, including statistical characterization of observed data.
- Knowledge about tools that can be used in defining environmental risks, particularly as related to human health.
- To develop practical skills in disaster mitigation, planning, response and post disaster rehabilitation, particularly related to health and public health.

Course Outcomes:

- Develop an understanding of the key concepts, definitions a key perspectives of all Hazards Emergency Management
- Understand the Emergency/Disaster Management Cycle
- Have a basic understanding for the history of Emergency Management
- Develop a basic under understanding of Prevention, Mitigation, Preparedness, Response and Recovery
- Develop a basic understanding for the role of public and private partnerships

UNIT-I

Introduction to the Different Types of Disasters:

Natural Disasters- Meaning and nature of natural disasters, their types and effects. Floods, drought, cyclone, earthquakes, landslides, avalanches, Volcanic eruptions, Heat and cold waves, Climatic change: global warming, Sea level rise, ozone depletion.

Man Made Disasters- Nuclear disasters, chemical disasters, biological disasters, building fire, coal fire, forest fire, oil fire, air pollution, water pollution, deforestation, industrial waste water pollution, road accidents, rail accidents, air accidents, sea accidents.

UNIT-II

Environment and Disasters:

Environment, ecosystem and disasters. Climate change – issues and concerns. Industrial hazards and safety measures. Post disaster impact on environment. Impact of developmental projects on disaster risk. Aspects of environmental management for disaster risk reduction. Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA).

UNIT-III

Disaster Risk Mitigation:

Disaster risk assessment (Hazard-Vulnerability-Capacity analysis), Hazard mapping and forecasting. Principles and aspects of Disaster prevention Disaster mitigation Preparedness for damage mitigation and coping with disasters. Capacity building for disaster/damage mitigation (structural and non-structural measures). Contingency planning for damage mitigation of different hazards.

UNIT-IV

Disaster Management:

Effect to migrate natural disaster at national and global levels. International strategy for disaster reduction. Concept of disaster management, national disaster management framework; financial arrangements; role of NGOs, community –based organizations and media. Central, state, district and local administration; Armed forces in disaster response; Disaster responses; Police and other organizations. (2009).

UNIT-V

Planning for Disaster Rescue and Risk Reduction:

Community-hazard profile of the disaster site. DM cycle, Different phases of Disaster Management: Predisaster stage, Emergency stage, Post disaster stage. Implementation of different disaster management phase and Relief mechanism during different disaster stages including cyclones, earthquakes, fire accidents, Tsunami, landslides etc. Disaster Management Act (2005); Disaster Management Policy (2009).

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Disaster Mitigation: Experiences and Reflections by Pradeep Sahni, (2013).
2. Natural Hazards & Disasters by Donald Hyndman & David Hyndman - Cengage Learning (2009).