# VIDYA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

### An Autonomous Institution

Aziznagar Gate, C.B. Post, Hyderabad – 500075, Telangana, India.



# M.Tech Syllabus (R-19) EPS

Department of

**Electrical and Electronics Engineering** 



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#### M. TECH. (ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS) EFFECTIVE FROM ACADEMIC YEAR 2019- 20 ADMITTED BATCH COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS

#### I Semester

Category	Course Title	Int. marks	Ext. marks	L	Т	Р	С
19D2CS1101	Modelling of Power System Components	25	75	4	0	0	4
19D2CS1102	AI Techniques in Electrical Engineering	25	75	4	0	0	4
19D2CS1103	Modern Control Theory	25	75	4	0	0	4
19D2E11101	<ol> <li>1. EHV AC Transmission</li> <li>2. High Voltage Engineering</li> <li>3. Advanced Digital Signal Processing</li> </ol>	25	75	3	0	0	3
19D2E11102	<ol> <li>Power Quality</li> <li>Microcontrollers and applications</li> <li>Distribution Automation</li> </ol>	25	75	3	0	0	3
19D2E11103	*Open Elective – I	25	75	3	0	0	3
19D2E21101	Power & Energy Systems Lab - I	25	75	0	0	3	2
19D2E21102	Seminar – I	100	0	0	0	3	2
	Total	275	525	21	0	6	25

#### **II** Semester

Category	Course Title	Int. marks	Ext. marks	L	Т	Р	С
19D2CS1204	Advanced Power System Analysis	25	75	4	0	0	4
19D2CS1205	Flexible AC Transmission Systems (FACTS)	25	75	4	0	0	4
19D2CS1206	Power System Operation and Deregulation	25	75	4	0	0	4
19D2E31201 19D2E31202 19D2E31203	<ol> <li>Gas Insulated Systems(GIS)</li> <li>Programmable Logic Controllers and applications</li> <li>Energy Auditing Conservation and Management</li> </ol>	25	75	3	0	0	3
19D2E41201 19D2E41202 19D2E41203	<ol> <li>Reactive Power Compensation and Management</li> <li>Power System Reliability</li> <li>Voltage Stability</li> </ol>	25	75	3	0	0	3
191EOE1201	*Open Elective – II	25	75	3	0	0	3
19D2LB1201	Power & Energy Systems Lab - II	25	75	0	0	3	2
19D2SM1201	Seminar –II	100	0	0	0	3	2
	Total	275	525	21	0	6	25



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#### **III Semester**

<b>Course Code</b>	Course Title	Int.	Ext.	L	Т	Р	С
		marks	marks				
19D2CS2107	Technical Paper Writing	100	0	0	3	0	2
19D1CV2101	Comprehensive Viva-Voce	0	100	0	0	0	4
19D1PW2101	Project work Review I	100	0	0	0	22	8
	Total	200	100	0	3	22	14

**IV Semester** 

Course Code	Course Title	Int.	Ext.	L	Т	Р	С
		marks	marks				
19D1PW2202	Project work Review II	100	0	0	0	24	8
19D1PE2201	Project Evaluation (Viva-Voce)	0	100	0	0	0	16
	Total	100	100	0	0	24	24

\*Open Elective subjects must be chosen from the list of open electives offered by other departments.

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#### MODELLING OF POWER SYSTEM COMPONENTS (Professional Core - I)

Prerequisite: Computer Methods in Power Systems

#### **Course objectives:**

- To remember the dynamic characteristics of power system equipment,
- To recognize dynamic performance of power systems
- To illustrate the system stability and controls.

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- Choose the fundamental dynamic behavior and controls of power systems to perform basic stability analysis.
- Comprehend concepts in modeling and simulating the dynamic phenomena of power systems Interpret results of system stability studies
- Analyze theory and practice of modeling main power system components, such as synchronous machines, excitation systems and governors

#### UNIT- I BASIC CONCEPTS

Power system stability states of operation and system security - system dynamics - problems system model analysis of steady State stability and transient stability - simplified representation of Excitation control.

#### UNIT- II MODELING OF SYNCHRONOUS MACHINE

Synchronous machine - park's Transformation-analysis of steady state performance per - unit quantities-Equivalent circuits of synchronous machine - determination of parameters of equivalent circuits.

#### UNIT- III EXCITATION SYSTEM

Excitation system modeling-excitation systems block Diagram - system representation by state equations-Dynamics of a synchronous generator connected to infinite bus - system model Synchronous machine model-stator equations rotor equations - Synchronous machine model with field circuit - one equivalent damper winding on q axis (model 1.1) - calculation of Initial conditions.

#### UNIT- IV ANALYSIS OF SINGLE MACHINE SYSTEM

Small signal analysis with block diagram - Representation Characteristic equation and application of Routh Hurwitz criterion- synchronizing and damping torque analysis-small signal model - State equations.



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#### UNIT – V APPLICATION OF POWER SYSTEM STABILIZERS

Basic concepts in applying PSS - Control signals - Structure and tuning of PSS - Washout circuit - Dynamic compensator analysis of single machine infinite bus system with and without PSS.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. K. R. PADIYAR," Power system dynamics "- B.S. Publications.
- 2. P.M. Anderson and A. A. Fouad, "Power system control and stability", IEEE Press

- 1. Dr.N.V.Ramana, Power System Analysis, Pearson Education, 2001.
- 2. R. Ramanujam, "Power Systems Dynamics"- PHI Publications.



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#### AI TECHNIQUES IN ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING (Professional Core-2)

Pre-requisites: Mathematics, Control Systems

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To locate soft commanding methodologies, such as artificial neural networks, Fuzzy logic and genetic Algorithms.
- To observe the concepts of feed forward neural networks and about feedback neural networks.
- To practice the concept of fuzziness involved in various systems and comprehensive knowledge of fuzzy logic control and to design the fuzzy control
- To analyze genetic algorithm, genetic operations and genetic mutations.

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of this course, the student will be able to

- Understand feed forward neural networks, feedback neural networks and learning techniques.
- Understand fuzziness involved in various systems and fuzzy set theory.
- Develop fuzzy logic control for applications in electrical engineering
- Develop genetic algorithm for applications in electrical engineering.

#### UNIT-I ARTIFICIAL NEURAL NETWORKS

Introduction, Models of Neuron Network-Architectures –Knowledge representation, Artificial Intelligence and Neural networks–Learning process-Error correction learning, Hebbian learning – Competitive learning- Boltzman learning, supervised learning-Unsupervised learning–Reinforcement learning-Learning tasks.

#### UNIT-II ANN PARADIGMS

Multi-layer perceptron using Back propagation Algorithm (BPA), Self –Organizing Map (SOM), Radial Basis Function Network-Functional Link Network (FLN), Hopfield Network.

#### UNIT-III FUZZY LOGIC

Introduction –Fuzzy versus crisp, Fuzzy sets-Membership function –Basic Fuzzy set operations, Properties of Fuzzy sets –Fuzzy Cartesian Product, Operations on Fuzzy relations - Fuzzy logic–Fuzzy Quantifiers, Fuzzy Inference-Fuzzy Rule based system, Defuzzification methods.

#### UNIT-IV GENETIC ALGORITHMS

Introduction-Encoding –Fitness Function-Reproduction operators, Genetic Modeling -Genetic operators-Cross over- Single site cross over, Two point cross over –Multi point cross over Uniform cross over, Matrix cross over-Cross over Rate-Inversion & Deletion, Mutation operator –Mutation –Mutation Rate-Bit-wise operators, Generational cycle-convergence of Genetic Algorithm.

#### UNIT-V APPLICATIONS OF AI TECHNIQUES

Load forecasting, Load flow studies, Economic load dispatch, Load frequency control, Single area system and two area system, Reactive power control, Speed control of DC and AC Motors.

**TEXT BOOKS** 



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- 1. Simon O Haykin, Neural Networks: A comprehensive Foundation: International Edition 2ed,
- 2. Timothy J Ross, Fuzzy Logic with Engineering Applications, 3ed, Wiley Publishers.
- 3. S.Rajasekaran and G.A.V.Pai Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic & Genetic Algorithms, PHI, New Delhi, 2003.
- 4. Rober J. Schalkoff, Artificial Neural Networks, Tata McGraw Hill Edition, 2011.

- 1. P.D.Wasserman; Neural Computing Theory & Practice, Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York, 1989.
- 2. Bart Kosko; Neural Network & Fuzzy System, Prentice Hall, 1992
- 3. D.E.Goldberg, Genetic Algorithms, Addison-Wesl., 2010



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#### **MODERN CONTROL THEORY (Professional Core - III)**

#### Prerequisite: Control Systems Course

#### Objectives

- To explain the concepts of basic and modern control system for the real time analysis and design of control systems.
- To Explain and apply concepts of state variables analysis.
- To study and analyzenon linear systems.
- To analyze the concept of stability of nonlinear systems and categorization.
- To apply the comprehensive knowledge of optimal theory for Control Systems.

**Course Outcomes:** Upon completion of this course, students should be able to:

- Apply the knowledge of basic and modern control system for the real time analysis and design of control systems.
- Understand the concepts of state variables analysis.
- Analyze the concept of stability of nonlinear systems and optimal control.

#### UNIT-I MATHEMATICAL PRELIMINARIES

Fields, Vectors and Vector Spaces – Linear combinations and Bases – Linear Transformations and Matrices – Scalar Product and Norms – Eigen-values, Eigen Vectors and a Canonical form representation of Linear operators – The concept of state – State Equations for Dynamic systems – Time invariance and Linearity – Non-uniqueness of state model – State diagrams for Continuous-Time State models.

#### UNIT-II STATE VARIABLE ANALYSIS

Linear Continuous time models for Physical systems– Existence and Uniqueness of Solutions to Continuous-Time State Equations – Solutions of Linear Time Invariant Continuous-Time State Equations – State transition matrix and its properties. General concept of controllability – General concept of Observability – Controllability tests for Continuous-Time Invariant Systems – Observability tests for Continuous-Time Invariant Systems – Observability tests for Controllability and Observability of State Model in Jordan Canonical form – Controllability and Observability Canonical forms of State model.

#### UNIT-III NON LINEAR SYSTEMS

Introduction – Non Linear Systems - Types of Non-Linearities – Saturation – Dead-Zone - Backlash – Jump Phenomenon etc; – Singular Points – Introduction to Linearization of nonlinear systems, Properties of Non-Linear systems – Describing function–describing function analysis of nonlinear systems – Stability analysis of Non-Linear systems through describing functions. Introduction to phase-plane analysis, Method of Isoclines for Constructing Trajectories, singular points, phase-plane analysis of nonlinear control systems.



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#### UNIT-IV STABILITY ANALYSIS

Stability in the sense of Lyapunov, Lyapunov's stability, and Lypanov's instability theorems - Stability Analysis of the Linear continuous time invariant systems by Lyapunov second method – Generation of Lyapunov functions – Variable gradient method – Krasovskii's method. State feedback controller design through Pole Assignment – State observers: Full order and Reduced order.

#### UNIT-V OPTIMAL CONTROL

Introduction to optimal control - Formulation of optimal control problems – calculus of variations – fundamental concepts, functional, variation of functional – fundamental theorem of Calculus of variations – boundary conditions – constrained minimization – formulation using Hamiltonian method – Linear Quadratic regulator.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Modern Control System Theory by M. Gopal new age international -1984
- 2. Control System Engineering, Nagrath and Gopal New Age International Fourth Edition

- 1. Optimal control by Kirck, Dover Publications
- 2. Advanced Control Theory A. NagoorKani, RBA Publications, 1999
- 3. Modern Control Engineering by Ogata.K Prentice Hall 1997



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#### EHV AC TRANSMISSION (Professional Elective - I)

#### Prerequisite: Power Systems -II

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To identify the different aspects of Extra High Voltage A.C and D.C Transmission design and Analysis
- To understand the importance of modern developments of E.H.V and U.H.V transmission systems.
- To demonstrate EHV ac transmission system components, protection and insulation level for over voltages.

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- List the necessity of EHV AC transmission, choice of voltage for transmission, line losses and power handling capability.
- Estimate the Statistical procedures for line designs, scientific and engineering principles in power systems.
- Construct commercial transmission system.

#### UNIT- I

E.H.V.A.C. Transmission line trends and preliminary aspect standard transmission voltages – Estimation at line and ground parameters-Bundle conductor systems-Inductance and Capacitance of E.H.V. lines – positive, negative and zero sequence impedance – Line Parameters for Modes of Propagation.

#### UNIT- II

Electrostatic field and voltage gradients – calculations of electrostatic field of AC lines – effect of high electrostatic field on biological organisms and human beings - surface voltage gradients and maximum gradients of actual transmission lines – voltage gradients on sub conductor.

#### UNIT- III

Electrostatic induction in unenergized lines – measurement of field and voltage gradients for three phase single and double circuit lines – un energized lines. Power Frequency Voltage control and over-voltages in EHV lines: No load voltage – charging currents at power frequency-voltage control – shunt and series compensation – static VAR compensation.

#### UNIT - IV

Corona in E.H.V. lines – Corona loss formulae- attention of traveling waves due to Corona – Audio noise due to Corona, its generation, characteristic and limits. Measurements of audio noise radio interference due to Corona - properties of radio noise – frequency spectrum of RI fields – Measurements of RI and RIV.



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#### UNIT- V

Design of EHV lines based on steady state and transient limits - EHV cables and their characteristics.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- R. D. Begamudre, "EHVAC Transmission Engineering", New Age International (p) Ltd. 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition.
- 2. K. R. Padiyar, "HVDC Power Transmission Systems" New Age International (p) Ltd. 2<sup>nd</sup> revised Edition, 2012.

- 1. S. Rao "EHVAC and HVDC Transmission Engg. Practice" Khanna publishers.
- Arrillaga. J"High Voltage Direct Current Transmission" 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition (London) peter Peregrines, IEE, 1998.
- 3. Padiyar. K.R, "FACTS Controllers in Power Transmission and Distribution" New Age Int. Publishers, 2007.
- 4. Hingorani H G and Gyugyi. L "Understanding FACTS-Concepts and Technology of Flexible AC Transmission Systems" New York, IEEE Press, 2000.



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#### HIGH VOLTAGE ENGINEERING (Professional Elective - I)

#### Prerequisite: Power Systems and Electrical & Electronics Instrumentation

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To distinguish the Gaseous, liquid and solid dielectric behavior under High Voltage.
- To understand the generation methods of High A.C, DC & Impulse Voltages required for various application.
- To apply the measuring techniques of High A.C., D.C & Impulse voltages and currents.
- To identify the testing techniques for High Voltage Equipment.

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- Know conduction and breakdown will occur in gases, liquids and solids dielectrics, and different applications of the insulating materials in electrical power apparatus.
- Explain the insulation testing of various components in power systems for different types of voltages, namely power frequency A.C, high frequency, switching or lightning impulses, for which generation of high voltages in laboratories is essential
- Interpret the necessity to measure the voltages and currents accurately, ensuring perfect safety to the personnel and equipment.
- Detect the necessary condition for all the electrical equipment which are capable of withstanding the over voltages which met in service like natural causes lightning or system originated ones switching or power frequency transient voltages.

#### UNIT- I INTRODUCTION TO HIGH VOLTAGE ENGINEERING

Electric Field Stresses, Gas / Vacuum as Insulator, Liquid Dielectrics, Solids and Composites, Estimation and Control of Electric Stress, Numerical methods for electric field computation, Surge voltages, their distribution and control, Applications of insulating materials in transformers, rotating machines, circuit breakers, cable power capacitors and bushings.

#### UNIT- II BREAK DOWN IN DIELECTRIC MATERIALS

Gases as insulating media, collision process, Ionization process, Townsend's criteria of breakdown in gases, Paschen's law. Liquid as Insulator, pure and commercial liquids, breakdown in pure and commercial liquids. Intrinsic breakdown, electromechanical breakdown, thermal breakdown, breakdown of solid dielectrics in practice, Breakdown in composite dielectrics, solid dielectrics used in practice.

#### UNIT-III GENERATION & MEASUREMENT OF HIGH VOLTAGES & CURRENTS

Generation of High Direct Current Voltages, Generation of High alternating voltages, Generation of Impulse Voltages, Generation of Impulse currents, Tripping and control of impulse generators. Measurement of High Direct Current voltages, Measurement of High Voltages alternating and impulse, Measurement of High direct Currents, alternating and Impulse, Oscilloscope for impulse voltage and current measurements.



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#### UNIT-IV OVER VOLTAGES & INSULATION CO-ORDINATION

Natural causes for over voltages – Lightning phenomenon, Overvoltage due to switching surges, system faults and other abnormal conditions, Principles of Insulation Coordination on High voltage and Extra High Voltage power systems.

#### UNIT- V TESTING OF MATERIALS & ELECTRICAL APPARATUS

Measurement of D.C Resistivity, Measurement of Dielectric Constant and loss factor, Partial discharge measurements. Testing of Insulators and bushings, Testing of Isolators and circuit breakers, testing of cables, Testing of Transformers, Testing of Surge Arresters, and Radio Interference measurements.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. High Voltage Engineering by M.S. Naidu and V. Kamaraju TMH Publications, 3rd Edition
- 2. High Voltage Engineering: Fundamentals by E. Kuffel, W.S. Zaengl, J.Kuffel by Elsevier, 2nd Edition.

- 1. High Voltage Engineering by C.L. Wadhwa, New Age Internationals (P) Limited, 1997.
- 2. High Voltage Insulation Engineering by Ravindra Arora, Wolfgang Mosch, New Age International (P) Limited, 1995.
- 3. High Voltage Engineering, Theory and Practice by Mazen Abdel Salam, Hussein Anis, Ahdan El-Morshedy, RoshdyRadwan, Marcel Dekker



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#### ADVANCED DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING (Professional Elective - I)

#### Prerequisite: Digital Signal Processing

#### **Course Learning Objectives**

- To Comprehend characteristics of discrete time signals and systems
- To analyze and process signals using various transform techniques.
- To identify various factors involved in design of digital filters.
- To illustrate the effects of finite word length implementation.

#### **Course Outcomes**

- Analyze and process signals in the discrete domain
- Design filters to suit specific requirements for specific applications.
- Perform statistical analysis and inferences on various types of signals.
- Design multi rate signal processing of signals through systems.
- Analyze binary fixed point and floating-point representation of numbers and arithmetic operations

#### UNIT-I DIGITAL FILTER STRUCTURES

Block diagram representation – Equivalent Structures – FIR and IIR digital filter Structures AII pass Filters-tunable IIR Digital Sine-cosine generator- Computational complexity of digital filter structures.

#### UNIT-II DIGITAL FILTER DESIGN

Preliminary considerations- Bilinear transformation method of IIR filter design – design of Low pass high-pass – Band-pass, and Band stop- IIR digital filters – Spectral transformations of IIR filters – FIR filter design –based on Windowed Fourier series – design of FIR digital filters with least – mean squareerror – constrained Least –square design of FIR digital filters.

#### UNIT-III DSP ALGORITHM IMPLÉMENTATION

Computation of the discrete Fourier transform- Number representation – Arithmetic operations – handling of overflow – Tunable digital filters – function approximation.

#### UNIT-IV ANALYSIS OF FINITE WORD LENGTH EFFECTS

The Quantization process and errors-Quantization of fixed –point and floating –point Numbers – Analysis of coefficient Quantization effects – Analysis of

Arithmetic Round-off errors- Dynamic range scaling – signal –to- noise in Low –order IIR filters- Low – Sensitivity Digital filter – Reduction of Product round-off errors feedback – Limit cycles in IIR digital filter – Round – off errors in FFT Algorithms.



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#### UNIT-V POWER SPECTRUM ESTIMATION

Estimation of spectra from Finite Duration Observations signals- Nonparametric methods for power spectrum Estimation- parametric method for power spectrum Estimation- Estimation of spectral form-Finite duration observation of signals- Non-parametric methods for power spectrum estimation – Walsh methods – Blackman and torchy method.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Digital Signal Processing principles –algorithms and Applications- john G. Proakis –PHI 3<sup>rd</sup> edition 2002.
- Digital Time Signal Processing: Alan V. Oppenheim, Ronald W ,Shafer PHI 1996 1<sup>st</sup> Edition reprint
- 3. Advanced Digital Signal Processing Theory and Applications Glenn Zelniker, Fred J. Taylor.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. Digital Signal Processing S Salivahanan. A Vallavaraj C. Gnanapriya TMH 2<sup>nd</sup> reprint 2001.
- 2. Digital Signal Processing Sanjit K. Mitra TMH second edition.
- 3. Theory and Applications of Digital Signal Processing Lourens R RebinarandBernold.
- 4. Digital Filter Analysis and Design Auntoniam TMH
- 5. Digital Signal Processing J.S. Chitode First Edition, 2008, Technical Publications.



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#### **POWER QUALITY (Professional Elective - II)**

#### **Prerequisite: Power Systems and Power Electronics**

#### **Course Objectives**

- To know different terms of power quality.
- To Illustrate of voltage power quality issue short and long interruption
- To construct study of characterization of voltage sag magnitude and three phase unbalanced voltage sag.
- To know the behavior of power electronics loads; induction motors, synchronous motor etc by the power quality issues
- To prepare mitigation of power quality issues by the VSI converters.

**Course Outcomes:** Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- Know the severity of power quality problems in distribution system;
- Understand the concept of voltage sag transformation from up-stream (higher voltages) to downstream (lower voltage)
- Compute the concept of improving the power quality to sensitive load by various mitigating custom power devices

#### UNIT-I INTRODUCTION

Introduction of the Power Quality (PQ) problem, Terms used in PQ: Voltage, Sag, Swell, Surges, Harmonics, over voltages, spikes, Voltage fluctuations, Transients, Interruption, overview of power quality phenomenon, Remedies to improve power quality, power quality monitoring.

#### UNIT-II LONG & SHORT INTERRUPTIONS

Interruptions – Definition – Difference between failures, outage, Interruptions – causes of Long Interruptions – Origin of Interruptions – Limits for the Interruption frequency – Limits for the interruption duration – costs of Interruption – Overview of Reliability evaluation to power quality, comparison of observations and reliability evaluation.

#### SHORT INTERRUPTIONS

Definition, origin of short interruptions, basic principle, fuse saving, voltage magnitude events due to reclosing, voltage during the interruption, monitoring of short interruptions, difference between medium and low voltage systems. Multiple events, single phase tripping – voltage and current during fault period, voltage and current at post fault period, stochastic prediction of short interruptions.



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#### UNIT III 1 & 3-PHASE VOLTAGE SAG CHARACTERIZATION

Voltage sag – definition, causes of voltage sag, voltage sag magnitude, and monitoring, theoretical calculation of voltage sag magnitude, voltage sag calculation in non-radial systems, meshed systems, and voltage sag duration.

Three phase faults, phase angle jumps, magnitude and phase angle jumps for three phase unbalanced sags, load influence on voltage sags.

#### UNIT-IV POWER QUALITY CONSIDERATIONS IN INDUSTRIAL POWER SYSTEMS

Voltage sag – equipment behavior of Power electronic loads, induction motors, synchronous motors, computers, consumer electronics, adjustable speed AC drives, and its operation. Mitigation of AC Drives, adjustable speed DC drives and its operation, mitigation methods of DC drives.

#### UNIT-V MITIGATION OF INTERRUPTIONS & VOLTAGE SAGS

Overview of mitigation methods – from fault to trip, reducing the number of faults, reducing the fault clearing time changing the power system, installing mitigation equipment, improving equipment immunity, different events, and mitigation methods. System equipment interface – voltage source converter, series voltage controller, shunt controller, combined shunt and series controller.

#### POWER QUALITY AND EMC STANDARDS

Introduction to standardization, IEC Electromagnetic compatibility standards, European voltage characteristics standards, PQ surveys.

#### **TEXTBOOKS:**

- 1. Math H J Bollen "Understanding Power Quality Problems", IEEE Press.
- 2. R. C. Dugan, M.F. Mc Granaghan and H. W. Beaty, "Electric Power Systems Quality." New York: McGraw-Hill. 1996

- 1. G. T. Heydt, 'Electric Power Quality', 2nd Edition. (West Lafayette, IN, Stars in a Circle Publications, 1994).
- 2. Power Quality VAR Compensation in Power Systems, R. SastryVedamMulukutla S. Sarma, CRC Press.
- 3. A Ghosh, G. Ledwich, Power Quality Enhancement Using Custom Power Devices. Kluwer Academic, 2002



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#### MICROCONTROLLERS AND APPLICATIONS (Professional Elective - II)

#### Prerequisite: Microprocessors and Interfacing Devices

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To relate the basic architecture and addressing modes of a microcontroller.
- To summarize the principles of top down design to microcontroller software development
- To demonstrate assembly language programs for the advanced Microcontroller , assembly language code for high-level language structures such as IF-THEN-ELSE and DO-WHILE
- To analyze a typical I/O interface and to discuss timing issues
- To identify different types of memory used in microcontroller systems

**Course Outcomes:** Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- Distinguish Types of computers & microcontrollers,
- Generalize 8-Bit, 16- Bit & 32 Bit advanced Microcontrollers.
- Construct Real time Applications of Microcontrollers.
- Demonstrate RTOS for Microcontrollers.
- Translate Hardware applications using Microcontrollers.

#### UNIT-I OVERVIEW OF ARCHITECTURE & MICROCONTROLLER RESOURCES

Architecture of a microcontroller – Microcontroller resources – Resources in advanced and next generation microcontrollers – 8051 microcontroller – Internal and External memories – Counters and Timers – Synchronous serial-cum asynchronous serial communication - Interrupts.

#### UNIT-II 8051- MICROCONTROLLERS INSTRUCTION SET

Basic assembly language programming – Data transfer instructions – Data and Bit-manipulation instructions – Arithmetic instructions – Instructions for Logical operations on the test among the Registers, Internal RAM, and SFRs – Program flow control instructions – Interrupt control flow.

#### UNIT-III REAL TIME CONTROL &INTERRUPTS

Interrupt handling structure of an MCU – Interrupt Latency and Interrupt deadline – Multiple sources of the interrupts – Non-maskable interrupt sources – Enabling or disabling of the sources – Polling to determine the interrupt source and assignment of the priorities among them – Interrupt structure in Intel 8051.

#### TIMERS

Programmable Timers in the MCU's – Free running counter and real time control – Interrupt interval and density constraints.



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**UNIT-IV SYSTEMS DESIGN: DIGITAL AND ANALOG INTERFACING METHODS** Switch, Keypad and Keyboard interfacings – LED and Array of LEDs – Keyboard-cum-Display controller (8279) – Alphanumeric Devices – Display Systems and its interfaces – Printer interfaces – Programmable instruments interface using IEEE 488 Bus – Interfacing with the Flash Memory – Interfaces – Interfacing to High Power Devices – Analog input interfacing – Analog output interfacing – Optical motor shaft encoders – Industrial control – Industrial process control system – Prototype MCU based Measuring instruments – Robotics and Embedded control – Digital Signal Processing and digital filters.

#### UNIT-V REAL TIME OPERATING SYSTEM FOR MICROCONTROLLERS

Real Time operating system – RTOS of Keil (RTX51) – Use of RTOS in Design – Software development tools for Microcontrollers.

**16-Bit Microcontrollers:** Hardware – Memory map in Intel 80196 family MCU system – IO ports – Programmable Timers and High-speed outputs and input captures – Interrupts – instructions. ARM 32 Bit MCUs: Introduction to 16/32 Bit processors – ARM architecture and organization – ARM / Thumb programming model – ARM / Thumb instruction set – Development tools.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Raj Kamal," Microcontrollers Architecture, Programming, Interfacing and System Design"-Pearson Education, 2005.
- 2. Mazidi and Mazidi, "The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems" PHI, 2000.

- 1. A. V. Deshmuk, "Microcontrollers (Theory & Applications)" WTMH, 2005.
- 2. John B. Peatman, "Design with PIC Microcontrollers" Pearson Education, 2005.
- 3. Microcontroller Programming, Julio Sanchez, Maria P. Canton, CRC Press.
- 4. The 8051 Microcontroller, Ayala, Cengage Learning.
- 5. Microprocessors and Microcontrollers, Architecture, Programming and System Design, Krishna Kant, PHI Learning PVT. Ltd.
- 6. Microprocessors, Nilesh B. Bahadure, PHI Learning PVT. Ltd.



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#### **DISTRIBUTION AUTOMATION (Professional Elective - II)**

#### **Prerequisite: Electrical Distribution Systems**

#### **Course objectives:**

- To list the distribution systems for load modeling
- To understand the design & working of substations.
- To compute system protection
- To give a comprehensive idea on communication systems.

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- Find the transfer of electrical data in distribution system through Digital Communication.
- Predict load forecasting and reliability in economic point of view
- Apply Distribution Automation objectives and SCADA
- To have a knowledge on management of different electrical parameters.

#### UNIT-I DISTRIBUTION AUTOMATION AND THE UTILITY SYSTEM

Introduction to Distribution Automation (DA), control system interfaces, control and data requirements, centralized (Vs) decentralized control, DA System (DAS), DA Hardware, DAS software.

#### UNIT-II DISTRIBUTION AUTOMATION FUNCTIONS

DA capabilities, Automation system computer facilities, management processes, Information management, system reliability management, system efficiency management, voltage management, Load management.

#### UNIT-III COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS FOR DA

DA communication requirements, Communication reliability, Cost effectiveness, Data rate Requirements, Two way capability, Ability to communicate during outages and faults, Ease of operation and maintenance, Conforming to the architecture of data flow

#### COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS USED IN DA

Distribution line carrier (Power line carrier), Ripple control, Zero crossing technique, telephone, cable TV, Radio, AM broadcast, FM SCA, VHF Radio, UHF Radio, Microwave satellite. Fiber optics, Hybrid Communication systems, Communication systems used in field tests.

#### UNIT-IV TECHNICAL BENEFITS

DA benefit categories, Capital deferred savings, Operation and Maintenance savings, Interruption related savings, Customer related savings, Operational savings, improved operation, Function benefits, Potential benefits for functions, and function shared benefits, Guidelines for formulation of estimating equations Parameters required, economic impact areas, Resources for determining benefits impact on distribution system, integration of benefits into economic evaluation.



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#### UNIT-V ECONOMIC EVALUATION METHODS

Development and evaluation of alternate plans, Select study area, Select study period, Project load growth, Develop Alternatives, Calculate operating and maintenance costs, Evaluate alternatives. Economic comparison of alternate plans, Classification of expenses and capital expenditures, Comparison of revenue requirements of alternative plans, Book Life and Continuing plant analysis, Year by year revenue requirement analysis, short term analysis, end of study adjustment, Break even analysis, Sensitivity analysis computational aids.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Control and Automation of Electrical Distribution Systems, James. Northcote Green Robert Wilson, CRC Press.
- 2. Electric Power Distribution Automation, Dr. M. K. Khedkar, Dr.G.M.Dhole, University Science press.
- 3. Power Distribution Automation, Biswarup Das-IET Power and Energy Series 75.

- 1. IEEE Tutorial Course "Distribution Automation"
- 2. IEEE Working Group on "Distribution Automation"



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#### POWER & ENERGY SYSTEMS LAB – I

Prerequisites: Power System Analysis, Power System Reliability, Voltage Stability

#### **Course Objectives:**

- Develop Programs for Power System Analysis.
- Design models for Power Systems and Power Electronics.
- Develop Programs of Power System Reliability and Power Electronics.

**Course outcomes:** Upon the completion of the lab, the student will be able to understand/Simulate/Analyze

- Power System Analysis using Software.
- Models of Power Systems and Power Electronics.
- Programs of Power System Reliability and Power Electronics.

#### List of Experiments

- 1. Develop Program for  $Y_{BUS}$  formation.
- 2. Develop Program for G-S Load Flow Analysis.
- 3. Develop Program for N-R Load Flow Analysis.
- 4. Develop Program for FDLF Load Flow Analysis.
- 5. Develop Program for Short Circuit Analysis.
- 6. Develop Program for Transient Stability Analysis for Single Machine connected to Infinite Bus by Point by Point Method.
- 7. Develop Program for Generation System Reliability Analysis.
- 8. Develop Program for Distribution System Reliability Analysis.
- 9. Develop Simulation of RLC Circuit
- 10. Develop Simulation of Single Phase Full Converter with RLE Load
- 11. Develop Program model for Closed Loop Speed Control of Separately Excited D.C Motor.
- 12. Develop Program model for Sinusoidal Pulse Width Modulation.

Note: From the above list minimum 10 experiments are to be conducted using suitable software.



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#### ADVANCED POWER SYSTEM ANALYSIS (Professional Core - 4)

#### Prerequisite: Computer Methods in Power Systems

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To analyze a Power System Network using graph theory.
- To interpret the formation of Network matrices.
- To construct the necessity of load flow studies and various methods of Analysis.
- To examine short circuit analysis using Z<sub>Bus</sub>.

**Course Outcomes:** Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to Remember proper mathematical models for analysis.

- Conclude methodologies of load flow studies for the power network.
- Apply contingency Analysis.
- Analyze power system studies.

#### UNIT-I

Admittance Model and Network Calculations, Branch and Node Admittances, Mutually Coupled Branches in  $Y_{BUS}$ , An Equivalent Admittance Network, Modification of  $Y_{BUS}$ , Network Incidence Matrix and  $Y_{BUS}$ , Method of Successive Elimination, Node Elimination, Triangular Factorization, Sparsity and Near Optimal Ordering.

#### UNIT-II

Impedance Model and Network Calculations, the BUS Admittance and Impedance Matrices, Thevenin's Theorem and  $Z_{BUS}$ , Algorithms for building  $Z_{BUS}$  Modification of existing  $Z_{BUS}$ , Calculation of  $Z_{BUS}$  elements from  $Y_{BUS}$ , Power Invariant Transformations, Mutually Coupled Branches in  $Z_{BUS}$ .

#### UNIT-III

Gauss Seidel method, N-R Method, Decoupled method, fast decoupled method, comparison between power flow solutions. DC load flow.

#### UNIT-IV

 $Z_{BUS}$  Method in Contingency Analysis, Adding and Removing Multiple Lines, Piecewise Solution of Interconnected Systems, Analysis of Single Contingencies, Analysis of Multiple Contingencies, Contingency Analysis of DC Model, System Reduction for Contingency and Fault Studies.

#### UNIT-V

Fault Analysis: Symmetrical faults-Fault calculations using  $Z_{BUS}$ - Fault calculations using  $Z_{BUS}$  equivalent circuits –Selection of circuit breakers- Unsymmetrical faults-Problems on various types of faults.



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#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Dr.N.V.Ramana, Power System Analysis, Pearson Education, 2001.
- 2. John J. Grainger and W. D. Stevenson, Power System Analysis, T.M.H. Edition.
- 3. I. J. Nagrath& D. P. Kothari, Modern Power System Analysis, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- Power System Analysis and Design by J. Duncan Glover and M.S. Sarma., Cengage 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition.
- 2. Olle. L.Elgard, "Electrical Energy Systems Theory"-T.M.H. Edition.
- 3. Power systems stability and control, PrabhaKundur, The McGraw Hill companies.
- 4. Power System Operation and Control, Dr. K. Uma Rao, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
- 5. Operation and Control in Power Systems, PSR Murthy, Bs Publications.
- 6. Power System Operation, Robert H. Miller, Jamesh H. Malinowski, Tata McGraw Hill companies.
- Power Systems Analysis, operation and control by Abhijit Chakrabarti, SunithaHalder, PHI 3/e, 2010



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#### FLEXIBLE AC TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS (FACTS) (Professional Core - V)

Prerequisite: Power Electronics and Power Systems-II

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To understand the fundamentals of FACTS Controllers, Importance of controllable parameters and types of FACTS controllers & their benefits
- To recall the oobjectives of Shunt and Series compensation
- To explain ccontrol of STATCOM and SVC and their comparison And the regulation of STATCOM
- To analyze the functioning and control of GCSC, TSSC and TCSC

**Course Outcomes:** Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- Choose proper controller for the specific application based on system requirements
- Understand various systems thoroughly and their requirements
- Interpret the control circuits of Shunt Controllers SVC & STATCOM for various functions viz. Transient stability Enhancement, voltage instability prevention and power oscillation damping
- Detect the Power and control circuits of Series Controllers GCSC, TSSC and TCSC

#### UNIT - I FACTS CONCEPTS

Transmission interconnections power flow in an AC system, loading capability limits, Dynamic stability considerations, importance of controllable parameters basic types of FACTS controllers, benefits from FACTS controllers.

#### UNIT – II VOLTAGE SOURCE CONVERTERS

Single phase three phase full wave bridge converters transformer connections for 12 pulse 24 and 48 pulse operation. Three level voltage source converter, pulse width modulation converter, basic concept of current source Converters, and comparison of current source converters with voltage source converters.

#### UNIT – III STATIC SHUNT COMPENSATION

Objectives of shunt compensation, mid-point voltage regulation voltage instability prevention, improvement of transient stability, Power oscillation damping, Methods of controllable VAR generation, variable impedance type static VAR generators switching converter type VAR generators hybrid VAR generators.



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#### UNIT – IV SVC AND STATCOM

The regulation and slope transfer function and dynamic performance, transient stability enhancement and power oscillation damping operating point control and summary of compensator control.

#### UNIT – V STATIC SERIES COMPENSATORS

Concept of series capacitive compensation, improvement of transient stability, power oscillation damping, and functional requirements of GTO thyristor controlled series capacitor (GSC), thyristor switched series capacitor (TSSC), and thyristor controlled series capacitor (TCSC), Control schemes for GSC TSSC and TCSC.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Hingorani H G and Gyugyi. L "Understanding FACTS-Concepts and Technology of Flexible AC Transmission Systems" New York, IEEE Press, 2000.
- 2. Padiyar.K.R, "FACTS Controllers in Power Transmission and Distribution" New Age Int. Publishers, 2007

- 1. Zhang, Xiao-Ping, Rehtanz, Christian, Pal, Bikash "Flexible AC Transmission Systems: Modeling and Control", Springer, 2012
- 2. Yong-Hua Song, Allan Johns, "Flexible AC Transmission Systems", IET, 1999

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#### POWER SYSTEM OPERATION AND DEREGULATION (Professional Core - VI)

Prerequisite: Power System Operation and Control

#### **Course objectives:**

- To find OPF with security constraints.
- To generalize modeling of load frequency control of a power system.
- To compute reactive power control of a power system.
- To apply the concept of deregulation and ATC.

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- Know the optimal scheduling of power plants
- Outline the modeling of turbine and generator
- Compute the steady state behavior of the power system for voltage and frequency fluctuations.
- Analyze ATC and the cost of transmission

#### UNIT- I OPTIMAL POWER FLOW

Introduction- Solution to the optimal power flow-gradient method-Newton's method-Linear sensitivity analysis- Linear programming methods- Security constrained OPF-Interior point algorithm- Bus incremental costs

#### UNIT- II POWER SYSTEM SECURITY

Introduction - Factors affecting power system security-Contingency analysis-Detection of network problems-Linear sensitivity analysis-AC power flow methods - contingency selection-concentric relaxation-Bounding area method

#### UNIT- III STATE ESTIMATION IN POWER SYSTEMS

Introduction- Power system state estimation- Maximum likelihood Weighted Least squares estimation-Matrix formulation- State estimation of AC network- State estimation by orthogonal decompositiondetection and identification of Bad measurements-

Estimation of quantities not being measured- Network observability and pseudo measurements

#### UNIT- IV POWER SYSTEM DEREGULATION

Introduction- motivation for restructuring of power systems- Electricity market entities model-benefits of deregulation- terminology-deregulation in Indian power sectorOperations in power markets-power pools-transmission networks and electricity markets.



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#### UNIT-V AVAILABLE TRANSFER CAPABILITY

Introduction methods: of determination of ATC - ATC calculation considering the effect of contingency analysis- Transmission open access and pricing-cost components of transmission system- transmission pricing methods-Incremental cost based transmission pricing.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. J. Wood & B.F. Woollenberg- John Wiley Power Generation, "Operation and Control"-2<sup>nd</sup> edition.
- 2. P. Venkatesh. B. V. Manikandan, S. Charles Raja- A. Srinivasan, "Electrical power systems: Analysis, security, Deregulation"- PHI 2012

- 1. Bhattacharya, Kankar, Bollen, Math, Daalder, Jaap E. "Operation of Restructured Power System", 2001, Springer.
- 2. Venkatesh P., Manikandan B. V., Raja S. Charles , Srinivasan A. Electrical Power Systems: Analysis, Security And Deregulation, Phi Learning Pvt Ltd

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#### GAS INSULATED SYSTEMS (GIS) (Professional Elective – III)

Prerequisite: Switch Gear and Protection

#### **Course objectives:**

- To know the GIS concepts and principles
- To choose Air Insulated Substation and GIS
- To demonstrate the design and constructional aspects of GIS
- Toanalyzetransient phenomenon, problems and diagnostic methods in GIS

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- Know the advantages of GIS systems over air insulated systems
- Observe constructional design features of GIS design
- Discriminate the Problems and design diagnostic methods of GIS

#### UNIT – I INTRODUCTION TO GIS AND PROPERTIES OF SF<sub>6</sub>

Characteristics of GIS- Introduction to  $SF_6$  - Physical properties-Chemical properties - Electrical properties-Specification of  $SF_6$  gas for GIS application - Handling of  $SF_6$  gas before use - Safe handling of  $SF_6$  gas in electrical equipment - Equipment for handling the  $SF_6$  Gas -  $SF_6$  and environment.

#### UNIT – II LAYOUT OF GIS STATIONS

Advancement of GIS station - Comparison with Air Insulated Substation - Economics of GIS - User Requirements for GIS - Main Features for GIS - Planning and Installation components of a GIS station.

#### UNIT – III DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION OF GIS STATION

Introduction - Rating of GIS components - Design

Features - Estimation of different types of Electrical Stresses -Design Aspects of GIS components -Insulation Design for Components - Insulation Design for GIS - Thermal Considerations in the Design of GIS - Effect of very Fast Transient Over-voltages (VFTO) on the GIS design - Insulation Coordination systems - Gas handling and Monitoring System Design.

#### UNIT – IV FAST TRANSIENT PHENOMENA IN GIS

Introduction- Disconnector Switching in Relation to Very fast Transients-Origin of VFTO-Propagation and Mechanism of VFTO-VFTO Characteristics- Effects of VFTO-Testing of GIS for VFTO.

#### UNIT – V SPECIAL PROBLEMS IN GIS AND GIS DIAGNOSTICS

Introduction - particles their effects and their control- Insulating Spacers and their Reliability -  $SF_6$  Gas Decomposition - Characteristics of imperfections in insulation - Insulation Diagnostic methods - PD Measurement and UHF Method.



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#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. M. S. Naidu, Gas Insulated Substations, IK International Publishing House.
- 2. Hermann J. Koch, Gas Insulated Substations, June 2014, Wiley-IEEE Press

- 1. Olivier Gallot Lavellee, Dielectric materials and Electrostatics, Wiley-IEEE Press.
- 2. Jaun Martinez, Dielectric Materials for Electrical Engineering, Wiley-IEEE Press.



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#### PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC CONTROLLERS AND APPLICATIONS (Professional Elective – III)

#### **Course Objectives**

- It is to provide and ensure a comprehensive understanding of using advanced controllers in measurement and control instrumentation.
- To illustrate about data acquisition process of collecting information from field instruments.
- To analyze Programmable Logic Controller (PLC), IO Modules and internal features.
- To Comprehend Programming in Ladder Logic, addressing of IO.
- To apply PID and its Tunning.

#### **Course Outcomes**

- Describe the main functional units in a PLC and be able to explain how they interact.
- They should know different bus types used in automation industries.
- Development of ladder logic programming for simple process.
- At the end of each chapter, review question, problems given to reinforce their understanding of the concepts.

#### UNIT - I

PLC Basics PLC system, I/O modules and interfacing CPU processor programming equipment programming formats, construction of PLC ladder diagrams, devices connected to I/O modules.

#### UNIT - II

PLC Programming input instructions, outputs, operational procedures, programming examples using contacts and coils. Drill-press operation.

Digital logic gates programming in the Boolean algebra system, conversion examples Ladder diagrams for process control Ladder diagrams and sequence listings, ladder diagram construction and flow chart for spray process system.

#### UNIT - III

PLC Registers: Characteristics of Registers module addressing holding registers input registers, output registers. PLC Functions Timer functions and industrial applications counters counter function industrial applications, Architecture functions, Number comparison functions, number conversion functions.

#### UNIT - IV

Data handling functions: SKIP, Master control Relay Jump Move FIFO, FAL, ONS, CLR and Sweep functions and their applications. Bit Pattern and changing a bit shift register, sequence functions and applications, controlling of two axes and three axis Robots with PLC, Matrix functions.



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#### UNIT - V

Analog PLC operation: Analog modules and systems Analog signal processing multi bit data processing, analog output application examples, PID principles position indicator with PID control, PID modules, PID tuning, PID functions

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Programmable Logic Controllers Principle and Applications by John W. Webb & Ronald A. Reiss, Fifth Edition, PHI
- 2. Digital Design by Morris Mano, PHI, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition 2006.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Programmable logic Controllers, Frank D. Petruzella, 4th Edition, McGraw Hill Publishers.
- 2. Programmable Logic Controllers Programming Method and Applications by JR. Hackworth & F.D Hackworth Jr. Pearson, 2004.
- Programmable logic controllers and their Engineering Applications, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Alan J. Crispin.



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#### ENERGY AUDITING CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT (Professional Elective – III)

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To know the necessity of conservation of energy
- To generalize the methods of energy management
- To illustrate the factors to increase the efficiency of electrical equipment
- To detect the benefits of carrying out energy audits.

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of this course, the student will be able to

- Tell energy audit of industries
- Predict management of energy systems
- Sequence the methods of improving efficiency of electric motor
- Analyze the power factor and to design a good illumination system
- Determine pay back periods for energy saving equipment

#### UNIT- I BASIC PRINCIPLES OF ENERGY AUDIT

Energy audit- definitions, concept, types of audit, energy index, cost index, pie charts, Sankey diagrams, load profiles, Energy conservation schemes- Energy audit of industries- energy saving potential, energy audit of process industry, thermal power station, building energy audit.

#### UNIT- II ENERGY MANAGEMENT

Principles of energy management, organizing energy management program, initiating, planning, controlling, promoting, monitoring, reporting- Energy manger, Qualities, and functions, language, Questionnaire – check list for top management.

#### UNIT- III ENERGY EFFICIENT MOTORS

Energy efficient motors, factors affecting efficiency, loss distribution, constructional details, characteristics - variable speed, variable duty cycle systems, RMS hp- voltage variation-voltage unbalance- over motoring- motor energy audit

# UNIT- IV POWER FACTOR IMPROVEMENT, LIGHTING AND ENERGY INSTRUMENTS

Power factor – methods of improvement, location of capacitors, pf with non linear loads, effect of harmonics on power factor, power factor motor controllers - Good lighting system design and practice, lighting control, lighting energy audit - Energy Instruments- wattmeter, data loggers, thermocouples, pyrometers, lux meters, tongue testers ,application of PLC's.



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#### UNIT- V ECONOMIC ASPECTS AND ANALYSIS

Economics Analysis-Depreciation Methods, time value of money, rate of return, present worth method, replacement analysis, life cycle costing analysis- Energy efficient motors- calculation of simple payback method, net present worth method- Power factor correction, lighting - Applications of life cycle costing analysis, return on investment.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Energy management by W.R. Murphy AND G. Mckay Butter worth, Heinemann publications.
- 2. Energy management by Paul o' Callaghan, Mc-graw Hill Book company-1st edition, 1998.

- 1. Energy efficient electric motors by John .C. Andreas, Marcel Dekker Inc Ltd-2nd edition, 1995
- 2. Energy management hand book by W. C. Turner, John wiley and sons
- 3. Energy management and good lighting practice : fuel efficiency- booklet 12- EEO

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#### REACTIVE POWER COMPENSATION AND MANAGEMENT (Professional Elective – IV)

Prerequisite: Power Systems - II

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To identify the necessity of reactive power compensation
- To describe load compensation
- To select various types of reactive power compensation in transmission systems
- To contrast reactive power coordination system
- To characterize distribution side and utility side reactive power management.

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- · Distinguish the importance of load compensation in symmetrical as well as un symmetrical loads
- Observe various compensation methods in transmission lines
- Construct model for reactive power coordination
- Distinguish demand side reactive power management& user side reactive power management

#### UNIT – I LOAD COMPENSATION

Objectives and specifications – reactive power characteristics – inductive and capacitive approximate biasing – Load compensator as a voltage regulator – phase balancing and power factor correction of unsymmetrical loads- examples.

#### UNIT - II STEADY – STATE REACTIVE POWER COMPENSATION IN TRANSMISSION SYSTEM

Uncompensated line – types of compensation – Passive shunt and series and dynamic shunt compensation –examples

#### TRANSIENT STATE REACTIVE POWER COMPENSATION IN TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS

Characteristic time periods – passive shunt compensation – static compensations- series capacitor compensation – compensation using synchronous condensers – examples

#### UNIT – III REACTIVE POWER COORDINATION

Objective – Mathematical modeling – Operation planning – transmission benefits – Basic concepts of quality of power supply – disturbances- steady –state variations – effects of under voltages – frequency – Harmonics, radio frequency and electromagnetic interferences



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#### UNIT - IV

#### DEMAND SIDE MANAGEMENT

Load patterns – basic methods load shaping – power tariffs- KVAR based tariffs penalties for voltage flickers and Harmonic voltage levels

#### DISTRIBUTION SIDE REACTIVE POWER MANAGEMENT

System losses –loss reduction methods – examples – Reactive power planning – objectives – Economics Planning capacitor placement – retrofitting of capacitor banks

#### UNIT - V USER SIDE REACTIVE POWER MANAGEMENT

KVAR requirements for domestic appliances – Purpose of using capacitors – selection of capacitors – deciding factors – types of available capacitor, characteristics and Limitations

# REACTIVE POWER MANAGEMENT IN ELECTRIC TRACTION SYSTEMS AND ARE FURNACES

Typical layout of traction systems – reactive power control requirements – distribution transformers-Electric arc furnaces – basic operations- furnaces transformer –filter requirements – remedial measures – power factor of an arc furnace

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Reactive power control in Electric power systems by T. J. E. Miller, John Wiley and sons, 1982.
- 2. Reactive power Management by D. M. Tagare, Tata McGraw Hill, 2004.

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Wolfgang Hofmann, JurgenSchlabbach, Wolfgang Just "Reactive Power Compensation: A Practical Guide, April, 2012, Wiley publication.


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## **POWER SYSTEM RELIABILITY (Professional Elective – IV)**

Prerequisite: Reliability Engineering

### **Course Objectives:**

- To identify the generation system model and recursive relation for capacitive model building
- To calculate the equivalent transitional rates, cumulative probability and cumulative frequency
- To classify the risk, system and load point reliability indices
- To evaluate the basic reliability indices

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- Find loss of load and energy indices for generation systems model
- Describe merging generation and load models
- Apply various indices for distribution systems

### UNIT- I GENERATING SYSTEM RELIABILITY ANALYSIS – I

Generation system model – capacity outage probability tables – Recursive relation for capacitive model building – sequential addition method – unit removal – Evaluation of loss of load and energy indices – Examples.

#### UNIT- II GENERATING SYSTEM RELIABILITY ANALYSIS – II

Frequency and Duration methods – Evaluation of equivalent transitional rates of identical and nonidentical units – Evaluation of cumulative probability and cumulative frequency of non-identical generating units – 2- level daily load representation - merging generation and load models – Examples.

## UNIT- III OPERATING RESERVE EVALUATION

Basic concepts - risk indices – PJM methods – security function approach – rapid start and hot reserve units – Modelling using STPM approach.

#### BULK POWER SYSTEM RELIABILITY EVALUATION

Basic configuration – conditional probability approach – system and load point reliability indices – weather effects on transmission lines – Weighted average rate and Markov model – Common mode failures.



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### UNIT- IV: INTER CONNECTED SYSTEM RELIABILITY ANALYSIS

Probability array method – Two inter connected systems with independent loads – effects of limited and unlimited tie capacity - imperfect tie – Two connected Systems with correlated loads – Expression for cumulative probability and cumulative frequency.

## DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM RELIABILITY ANALYSIS - I (RADIAL CONFIGURATION)

Basic Techniques – Radial networks –Evaluation of Basic reliability indices, performance indices – load point and system reliability indices – customer oriented, loss and energy oriented indices – Examples.

### UNIT - V: DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM RELIABILITY ANALYSIS - II (PARALLEL CONFIGURATION)

Basic techniques – inclusion of bus bar failures, scheduled maintenance – temporary and transient failures – weather effects – common mode failures –Evaluation of various indices – Examples

### SUBSTATIONS AND SWITCHING STATIONS

Effects of short-circuits - breaker operation – Open and Shortcircuit failures – Active and Passive failures – switching after faults – circuit breaker model – preventive maintenance – exponential maintenance times.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Reliability Evaluation of Power systems by R. Billinton, R. N. Allan, BS Publications, 2007.
- 2. Reliability Modeling in Electric Power Systems by J. Endrenyi, John Wiley and Sons, 1978

- 1. Reliability Engineering: Theory and Practice by Alessandro Birolini, Springer Publications.
- 2. An Introduction to Reliability and Maintainability Engineering by Charles Ebeling, TMH Publications.
- 3. Reliability Engineering by E. Balaguruswamy, TMH Publications.
- 4. Reliability Engineering by Elsayed A. Elsayed, Prentice Hall Publications.



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## **VOLTAGE STABILITY (Professional Elective – IV)**

Prerequisite: Computers Methods in Power Systems

### **Course Objectives:**

- To choose SEC Planning and Operational Standards of Security
- To estimate Reactive Power Control in Generation/Transmission Interconnected Networks
- To apply stability/Instability in Generation/Transmission Interconnected Networks
- To analyze design and Operational Solutions
- To characterize voltage Control in Distribution Networks

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- Understand issues related to power system stability and control.
- Demonstrate various load models in voltage stability analysis.
- Detect reactive power compensation techniques & their practical importance

### UNIT – I INTRODUCTION TO VOLTAGE STABILITY

Definitions of Voltage Stability, Voltage Collapse, Voltage Security; Physical relation indicating dependency of voltage on reactive power flow; Factors affecting Voltage collapse and instability; Previous cases of voltage collapse incidences.

#### UNIT – II GRAPHICAL ANALYSIS OF VOLTAGE STABILITY

Comparison of Voltage and angular stability of the system; Graphical Methods describing voltage collapse phenomenon: P-V and Q-V curves; detailed description of voltage collapse phenomenon with the help of Q-V curves.

### UNIT – III ANALYSIS OF VOLTAGE STABILITY

Analysis of voltage stability on SMLB system: Analytical treatment and analysis.

#### **VOLTAGE STABILITY INDICES**

Voltage collapse proximity indicator; Determinant of Jacobin as proximity indicators; Voltage stability margin.



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### UNIT – IV POWER SYSTEM LOADS

Loads that influences voltage stability: Discharge lights, Induction Motor, Airconditioning, heat pumps, electronic power supplies, OH lines and cables.

## **REACTIVE POWER COMPENSATION**

Generation and Absorption of reactive power; Series and Shunt compensation; Synchronous condensers, SVC s; OLTC s; Booster Transformers.

## UNIT-V: VOLTAGE STABILITY MARGIN

Stability Margin: Compensated and un-compensated systems.

### **VOLTAGE SECURITY**

Definition; Voltage security; Methods to improve voltage stability and its practical aspects.

#### **TEXT BOOKS**:

- 1. "Performance, operation and control of EHV power transmission system"-A. CHAKRABARTHY, D. P. KOTARI and A. K. MUKOPADYAY, A. H. Wheeler Publishing, I Edition, 1995.
- 2. "Power System Dynamics: Stability and Control" K. R. PADIYAR, II Edition, B. S. Publications.

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. "Power System Voltage Stability"- C. W. TAYLOR, McGraw Hill, 1994.



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## POWER AND ENERGY SYSTEMS LAB – II

Prerequisites: Power System Analysis, Power System Protection

### **Course Objectives:**

- To understand the Performance of Transformers and Synchronous Machines.
- To select the Transmission Lines, UG Cables, String Insulators, CTs and PTs.
- To analyze the characteristics of OC, UV/OV, negative sequence relays.

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of the lab, the student will be able to

- Test and evaluate the performance of Power Transformers and Synchronous Machines.
- Test and evaluate the performance of Transmission lines, UG Cables, Insulators and other Auxiliary Power Systems Equipment
- Test, Evaluate/Choose the various types of Relays (Electromagnetic, Static and Microprocessor based relays.

### LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Determination of Equivalent circuit of a 3-Winding Transformer.
- 2. Determination of Sequence Impedances of a Cylindrical Rotor Synchronous Machine.
- 3. Fault Analysis:
  - i. Single Line to Ground fault (L-G).
  - ii. Line to Line fault (L-L).
  - iii. Double Line to Ground fault (L-L-G).
  - iv. Triple Line to Ground fault (L-L-L-G).
- 4. Determination of Sub-transient reactance's of a Salient Pole Synchronous Machine.
- 5. Determination of Sequence Impedances of Three Phase Transformer
- 6. Characteristics of Over Current Relays
  - i. IDMT Electromagnetic Relay (7051 A).
  - ii. Microprocessor based Relay (7051 B)
- 7. Characteristics of Percentage biased Differential Relay.
  - i. Electromagnetic Relay (7054 A).
  - ii. Static Relay (7054 B).
- 8. Characteristics of Over Voltage Relay.
  - I. Electromagnetic Relay (7053 A).
  - II. Microprocessor based Relay (7053 B).
- 9. Characteristics of Under Voltage (UV) and Negative sequence Relays
  - i. Uv Electromagnetic Relay (7052 A).
  - ii. Uv Microprocessor Based Relay (7052 B).
  - iii. Static Negative Sequence Relay (7055).
- 10. Performance and Testing of Generator Protection System.
- 11. Performance and Testing of Transformer Protection System.
- 12. Performance and Testing of Feeder Protection System.



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- 13. Performance and Testing of Transmission Line Model.
- 14. Differential protection on Single Phase Transformer.

Note: From the above list minimum 10 experiments are to be conducted.



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## M. TECH. (ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS) EFFECTIVE FROM ACADEMIC YEAR 2019- 20 ADMITTED BATCH

## LIST OF OPEN ELECTIVES

## **OPEN ELECTIVE-I**

- 1. RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS
- 2. ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION & SAFETY

## **OPEN ELECTIVE-II**

- 1. ENERGY FROM WASTE
- 2. DISTRIBUTED GENERATION AND MICROGRID
- 3. RELIABILITY ENGINEERING



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## M.Tech EPS I Semester RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS (Open Elective - I)

## **Course Objectives:**

- To recognize the awareness of energy conservation in students
- To identify the use of renewable energy sources for electrical power generation
- To collect different energy storage methods
- To detect about environmental effects of energy conversion

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of this course, the student will be able to

- find different renewable energy sources to produce electrical power
- estimate the use of conventional energy sources to produce electrical energy
- role-play of the miscellaneous energy conversion systems
- Apply the concepts of energy Store systems to avoid the environmental pollution

## UNIT-I

Photo voltaic power generation ,spectral distribution of energy in solar radiation, solar cell configurations, voltage developed by solar cell, photo current and load current, practical solar cell performance, commercial photo voltaic systems, test specifications for PV systems, applications of super conducting materials in electrical equipment systems.

## UNIT-II

Principles of MHD power generation, ideal MHD generator performance, practical MHD generator, MHD technology.

## WIND ENERGY CONVERSION

Power from wind, properties of air and wind, types of wind Turbines, operating characteristics.

## UNIT-III

Tides and tidal power stations, modes of operation, tidal project examples, turbines and generators for tidal power generation.

## WAVE ENERGY CONVERSION

properties of waves and power content, vertex motion of Waves, device applications. Types of ocean thermal energy conversion systems Application of OTEC systems examples,



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## UNIT-IV MISCELLANEOUS ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEMS

Coal gasification and liquefaction, biomass conversion, geothermal energy, thermo electric energy conversion, principles of EMF generation, description of fuel cells, Co-generation and energy storage, combined cycle co-generation, energy storage.

## **GLOBAL ENERGY POSITION AND ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS**

Energy units, global energy position.

## UNIT-V

Types of fuel cells,  $H_2$ - $O_2$  Fuel cells, Application of fuel cells – Batteries, Description of batteries, Battery application for large power. Environmental effects of energy conversion systems, pollution from coal and preventive measures steam stations and pollution, pollution free energy systems.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. "Energy conversion systems" by Rakosh das Begamudre, New age International publishers, New Delhi 2000.
- "Renewable Energy Resources" by John Twidell and Tony Weir, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Fspon& Co.

- 1. "Understanding Renewable Energy Systems" by Volker Quaschning, 2005, UK.
- 2. "Renewable Energy Systems-Advanced Conversion, Technologies & Applications" by Faner Lin Luo Honer Ye, CRC press, Taylor & Francis group.



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## **M.Tech EPS I Semester**

## ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION & SAFETY (Open Elective - I)

**Course Objectives:** The course should enable the students to:

- Understand Electrical Wiring with IE rules. Residential Building Electrification, Electrification of commercial Installation, Electrification of factory unit Installation
- Protection against electric shocks, Safety Measures & Prevention of Accidents

Course Outcomes: The students will be able to:

- Acquire the knowledge of different types wires and wiring systems, I.E. rules and Electric supply act.
- Explain the importance of earthling, rating of wires & cables, procedures for residential, commercial electrification.
- Able to estimate the length of wire, cable, conduit, earth wire, and earthing and also cost of residential, commercial electrification.

## UNIT-I ELECTRICAL WIRING WITH IE RULES

Introduction, Define types of wires; Different types of wiring system; Comparison of different types of wiring; Different types and specifications of wiring materials; Accessories and wiring tools; Prepare I.E. rules for wiring, including Electricity supply act 2003& 2005;

## UNIT-II RESIDENTIAL BUILDING ELECTRIFICATION

General rules guidelines for wiring of Residential Installation and positioning of equipment's; Principles of circuit design in lighting and power circuits.; Procedures for designing the circuits and deciding the number of circuits.; Method of drawing single line diagram.; Selection of type of wiring and rating of wires &cables.; Load calculations and selection of size of conductor.; Selection of rating of main switch, distributions board, protective switchgear ELCB and MCB and wiring accessories.; Earthing of Residential Installation.

## UNIT-III ELECTRIFICATION OF COMMERCIAL INSTALLATION

Concept of commercial Installation.; Differentiate between electrification of Residential and commercial Installation.; Fundamental considerations for planning of an electrical Installation system for commercial building.; Design considerations of electrical Installation system for commercial building.; Load calculations & selection of size of service connection and nature of supply.; Deciding the size of cables, bus bar and bus bar chambers.; Mounting arrangements and positioning of switch boards, distribution boards main switch etc.; Earthing of the electrical Installation; Selection of type wire, wiring system & layout.



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## Unit-IV ELECTRIFICATION OF FACTORY UNIT INSTALLATION

Concept of Industrial load; Concept of Motor wiring circuit and single line diagram. Important guidelines about power wiring and Motor wiring.; Design consideration of Electrical Installation in small Industry/Factory/workshop.; Motor current calculations.; Selection and rating of wire, cable size & conduct.; Deciding fuse rating, starter, distribution boards main switch etc.; Deciding the cable route, determination of length of wire, cable, conduit, earth wire, and earthing.

## UNIT-V PROTECTION AGAINST ELECTRIC SHOCKS

Electric shock- General , Protection against direct contact, Protection against indirect contact, Protection of goods in case of insulation fault, Implementation of the TT system, Implementation of the TN system, Implementation of the IT system. Protection provided for enclosed equipment: codes IP and IK, IP code definition, Elements of the IP Code and their meanings, IK Code definition, IP and IK code specifications for distribution switchboards

## SAFETY MEASURES & PREVENTION OF ACCIDENTS

Concept of electrical safety, electrical accidents, its causes & preventions.; Safety signs and symbols used in industry.; Electrical shocks and factors affecting the severity of it, method of rescuing electrocuted person & different methods of artificial respiration.; Electrical safety as per I.E. Rules 1956.; Do's & don'ts regarding safety while working on electrical installations.; Concept of Permit system, its preparation & regulation for attending to electrical work.; Precautions to be taken to avoid fire due to electrical reasons, operation of fire extinguishers, types of fire extinguishers.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Dr. S.L. Uppal of Electrical Wiring, Estimating and Costing, New Age International (p) Limited, New Delhi.
- 2. Electrical Design Estimating and Costing, K.B. Raina & S.K. Battacharya, new age international (p) limited. Publishers
- 3. Electrical estimating & costing 2<sup>nd</sup> addition By Surjit singh
- 4. Electrical Installation Estimating & Costing, Gupta, J.B., S. K. Kataria& Sons, New Delhi.



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**M.Tech EPS II Semester** 

## ENERGY FROM WASTE (Open Elective - II)

Prerequisite: Renewable Energy Sources, Physics, Environmental Studies

## **Course Objectives:**

- To classify solid waste sources
- To identify methods of solid waste disposal
- To study various energy generation methods
- To analyse biogas production methods and recycling of e-waste

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- Understand technologies for generation of energy from solid waste
- Compare methods of solid waste disposal
- Identify sources of energy from bio-chemical conversion
- Analyze methods for management of e-waste

## UNIT- I

Solid Waste Sources Solid Waste Sources, types, composition, Properties, Global warming, Municipal Solid Waste: Physical, chemical and biological properties, Waste Collection and, Transfer stations, Waste minimization and recycling of municipal waste, Segregation of waste, Size Reduction, Managing Waste. Status of technologies for generation of Energy from Waste Treatment and Disposal Aerobic composting, incineration, Furnace type and design, Medical waste /Pharmaceutical waste treatment Technologies, incineration, Environmental impacts, Measures to mitigate environmental effects due to incineration.

## UNIT - II

Land Fill method of Solid waste disposal Land fill classification, Types, methods and Sitting consideration, Layout and preliminary design of landfills: Composition, characteristics, generation, Movement and control of landfill leach ate and gases, Environmental monitoring system for land fill gases.

### UNIT - III

Energy Generation from Waste Bio-chemical Conversion: Sources of energy generation, anaerobic digestion of sewage and municipal wastes, direct combustion of MSW-refuse derived solid fuel, Industrial waste, agro residues, Anaerobic Digestion.



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## UNIT - IV

Biogas production, Land fill gas generation and utilization, Thermo-chemical conversion: Sources of energy generation, Gasification of waste using Gasifiers, Briquetting, Utilization and advantages of briquetting, Environmental benefits of Bio-chemical and Thermo- chemical conversion.

## UNIT - V

E-waste: e-waste in the global context – Growth of Electrical and Electronics Industry in India – Environmental concerns and health hazards – Recycling e-waste: a thriving economy of the unorganized sector – Global trade in hazardous waste – impact of hazardous e-waste in India. Management of e-waste: e-waste legislation, Government regulations on e-waste management – International experience – need for stringent health safeguards and environmental protection laws of India.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Nicholas P. Cheremisinoff. Handbook of Solid Waste Management and Waste Minimization Technologies. An Imprint of Elsevier, New Delhi (2003).
- 2. P. AarneVesilind, William A. Worrell and Debra R. Reinhart. Solid Waste Engineering. Thomson Asia Pte Ltd. Singapore (2002)
- 3. M. Dutta , B. P. Parida, B. K. Guha and T. R. Surkrishnan. Industrial Solid Waste Management and Landfilling practice. Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi (1999).
- 4. "E-waste in India: Research unit, Rajya Sabha Secretariat, New Delhi, June 2011"
- 5. AmalenduBagchi. Design, construction and Monitoring of Landfills. John Wiley and Sons. New York. (1994)
- 6. M. L. Davis and D. A. Cornwell. Introduction to environmental engineering. Mc Graw Hill International Edition, Singapore (2008)
- C. S. Rao. Environmental Pollution Control Engineering. Wiley Eastern Ltd. New Delhi (1995) 8. S. K. Agarwal. Industrial Environment Assessment and Strategy. APH Publishing Corporation. New Delhi (1996)
- 9. Sofer, Samir S. (ed.), Zaborsky, R. (ed.), "Biomass Conversion Processes for Energy and Fuels", New York, Plenum Press, 1981
- 10. Hagerty, D.Joseph; Pavoni, Joseph L; Heer, John E., "Solid Waste Management", New York, Van Nostrand, 1973
- George Tchobanoglous, Hilary Theisen and Samuel Vigil Prsl: Tchobanoglous, George Theisen, Hillary Vigil, Samuel, "Integrated Solid Waste management: Engineering Principles and Management issues", New York, McGraw Hill, 1993.



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## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. C Parker and T Roberts (Ed), Energy from Waste An Evaluation of Conversion Technologies, Elsevier Applied Science, London, 1985
- KL Shah, Basics of Solid and Hazardous Waste Management Technology, Prentice Hall, 2000 3. M Datta, Waste Disposal in Engineered Landfills, Narosa Publishing House, 1997
- 3. G Rich et.al, Hazardous Waste Management Technology, Podvan Publishers, 1987
- 4. AD Bhide, BB Sundaresan, Solid Waste Management in Developing Countries, INSDOC, New Delhi, 1983 FUEL CELL AND

## 5. Google books:

(i) e-waste Management: From waste to Resource Klaus Hieronymi, RamzyKahnat, Eric williams Tech. & Engg.-2013(Publisher: Earthscan 2013).

- (ii) What is the impact of E-waste: Tamara Thompson
- (iii) E-waste poses a Health Hazard: SairudeenPattazhy

## 6. Weblinks :

www.unep.orgwww.routledge.com www.amazon.com www.bookdepository.com www.ecoactiv.com



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## M.Tech EPS II Semester DISTRIBUTED GENERATION AND MICROGRID (Open Elective – II)

## **Course Objectives**

- To illustrate the concept of distributed generation  $\Box$  To analyze the impact of grid integration.
- To study concept of Micro grid and its configuration
- To find optimal size, placement and control aspects of DGs

Course Outcomes: Upon the Completion of the course student will be able to

- Find the size and optimal placement DG
- Analyze the impact of grid integration and control aspects of DGs
- Model and analyze a micro grid taking into consideration the planning and operational issues of the DGs to be connected in the system
- Describe the technical impacts of DGs in power systems

## UNIT - I

Need for distributed generation - Renewable sources in distributed generation - Current scenario in distributed generation - Planning of DGs – Siting and sizing of DGs – Optimal placement of DG sources in distribution systems.

## UNIT - II

Grid integration of DGs – Different types of interfaces - Inverter based DGs and rotating machine based interfaces - Aggregation of multiple DG units - Energy storage elements - Batteries, ultracapacitors, flywheels.

## UNIT - III

Technical impacts of DGs – Transmission systems, Distribution systems, De-regulation – Impact of DGs upon protective relaying – Impact of DGs upon transient and dynamic stability of existing distribution systems.

## UNIT-IV

Economic and control aspects of DGs – Market facts, issues and challenges - Limitations of DGs - Voltage control techniques, Reactive power control, Harmonics, Power quality issues - Reliability of DG based systems – Steady state and Dynamic analysis.



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## UNIT - V

Introduction to micro-grids – Types of micro-grids – Autonomous and non-autonomous grids – Sizing of micro-grids - Modeling & analysis - Micro-grids with multiple DGs – Micro-grids with power electronic interfacing units - Transients in micro-grids - Protection of micro-grids – Case studies.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. H. Lee Willis, Walter G. Scott , 'Distributed Power Generation Planning and Evaluation', Marcel Decker Press, 2000.
- 2. M.GodoySimoes, Felix A.Farret, 'Renewable Energy Systems Design and Analysis with Induction Generators', CRC press.
- 3. Robert Lasseter, Paolo Piagi, ' Micro-grid: A Conceptual Solution', PESC 2004, June 2004.
- 4. F. Katiraei, M.R. Iravani, 'Transients of a Micro-Grid System with Multiple Distributed Energy Resources', International Conference on Power Systems Transients (IPST'05) in Montreal, Canada on June 19-23, 2005.
- 5. Z. Ye, R. Walling, N. Miller, P. Du, K. Nelson, 'Facility Microgrids', General Electric Global Research Center, Niskayuna, New York, Subcontract report, May 2005.



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## M.Tech EPS II Semester RELIABILITY ENGINEERING (Open Elective – II)

## **Course Objectives:**

- To comprehend the concept of Reliability and Unreliability
- Derive the expressions for probability of failure, Expected value and standard deviation of Binominal distribution, Poisson distribution, normal distribution and weibull distributions.
- Formulating expressions for Reliability analysis of series-parallel and Non-series parallel systems
- Deriving expressions for Time dependent and Limiting State Probabilities using Markov models.

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of this course, the student will be able to

- Apply fundamental knowledge of Reliability to modeling and analysis of series- parallel and Non-series parallel systems.
- Solve some practical problems related with Generation, Transmission and Utilization of Electrical Energy.
- Understand or become aware of various failures, causes of failures and remedies for failures in practical systems.

## UNIT – I

Rules for combining probabilities of events, Definition of Reliability. Significance of the terms appearing in the definition. Probability distributions: Random variables, probability density and distribution functions. Mathematical expectation, Binominal distribution, Poisson distribution, normal distribution, weibull distribution.

## UNIT - II

Hazard rate, derivation of the reliability function in terms of the hazard rate. Failures: Causes of failures, types of failures (early failures, chance failures and wear-out failures). Bath tub curve. Preventive and corrective maintenance. Modes of failure. Measures of reliability: mean time to failure and mean time between failures.

## UNIT - III

Classification of engineering systems: series, parallel and series-parallel systems- Expressions for the reliability of the basic configurations.

Reliability evaluation of Non-series-parallel configurations: Decomposition, Path based and cutest based methods, Deduction of the Paths and cutsets from Event tree.



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## UNIT - IV

Discrete Markov Chains: General modeling concepts, stochastic transitional probability matrix, time dependent probability evaluation and limiting state probability evaluation of one component repairable model. Absorbing states.

Continuous Markov Processes: Modeling concepts, State space diagrams, Stochastic Transitional Probability Matrix, Evaluating time dependent and limiting state Probabilities of one component repairable model. Evaluation of Limiting state probabilities of two component repairable model.

## UNIT - V

Approximate system Reliability analysis of Series systems, parallel systems with two and more than two components, Network reduction techniques. Minimal cutest/failure mode approach.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. "Reliability evaluation of Engineering systems", Roy Billinton and Ronald N Allan, BS Publications.
- 2. "Reliability Engineering", Elsayed A. Elsayed, Prentice Hall Publications.

- 1. "Reliability Engineering: Theory and Practice", By Alessandro Birolini, Springer Publications.
- 2. "An Introduction to Reliability and Maintainability Engineering", Charles Ebeling, TMH Publications.
- 3. "Reliability Engineering", E. Balaguruswamy, TMH Publications.

# VIDYA JYOTHI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

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## M.Tech Syllabus (R-15)

## **Electrical Power Systems**

Department of

**Electrical and Electronics Engineering** 



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M.Tech R15 Regulations

#### M. TECH. (ELECRICAL POWER SYSTEMS) COURSE STRUCTURE R 15

1 fear – 1 Semester									
Subject Code	Category	Course Title	Int. marks	Ext. marks	L	Р	С		
15D2CS1101	Core Course I	Advanced Power System Analysis	40	60	4		4		
15D2CS1102	Core Course II	Advanced Power System Protection	40	60	4		4		
15D2CS1103	Core Course III	Modern Control Theory	40	60	4		4		
15D2E11101	Core Elective I	1. EHV AC Transmission	40	60	4		4		
15D2E11102		2. High Voltage Engineering							
15D2E11103		3. Advanced Digital Signal Processing							
15D2E21101	Core Elective II	1. Power Quality	40	60	4		4		
15D2E21102		2. Microcontrollers and applications							
15D2E21103		3. Distribution Automation							
15D2OE1101	Open Elective I	1.Optimization Techniques	40	60	4		4		
15D2OE1102		2. Digital control systems							
15D2OE1103		3.Renewable energy systems							
15D2OE1104		4.HVDC Transmission							
15D2OE1105		5. Analysis of power converters							
15D2OE1106		6.Embedded Systems							
15D2LB1101	Laboratory I	Power Systems Lab-I	40	60		4	2		
15D2SM1101	Seminar I	Seminar-I	50			4	2		
		Total Credits			24	8	28		
I Voor II Somostor									

#### I Year – II Semester Subject Р **Course Title** С Category Int. Ext. L Code marks marks 15D2CS1204 Core Course IV Power System Dynamics 40 60 4 4 --15D2CS1205 Core Course V Flexible AC Transmission Systems (FACTS) 40 4 4 60 ---15D2CS1206 Core Course VI Power System Operation and Deregulation 40 60 4 4 --Core Elective III 1. Gas Insulated Systems(GIS) 40 4 15D2E31201 60 --4 2. Programmable Logic Controllers and their 15D2E31202 Applications 15D2E31203 3. High frequency magnetic components 15D2E41201 1. Reactive Power Compensation and Management 40 60 4 4 ---15D2E41202 Core Elective IV 2. Power System Reliability 15D2E41203 3. Voltage Stability 15D2OE1201 1.Instrumentation & Control 40 60 4 4 15D2OE1202 2.Intelligent Control 15D2OE1203 3.Smart grid technologies **Open Elective II** 15D2OE1204 4.AI Techniques in Electrical Engineering 15D2OE1205 5.Reliability Engineering 15D2OE1206 6. Energy Auditing, Conservation & Management 15D2LB1201 Laboratory II Power Systems Lab-II 40 60 4 2 Seminar II 15D2SM1201 Seminar-II 50 4 2 ----**Total Credits** 8 24 28



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	II Year - I Semester					
Subject Code	Course Title		Ext. marks	L	Р	C
15D2CV2101	Comprehensive Viva-Voce		100			4
15D2PW2101	Project work Review I	50			24	12
	Total Credits				24	16
	II Year - II Semester					
Subject	Course Title	Int.	Ext.	L	Р	С
Code		marks	marks			
15D2PW2202	Project work Review II	50			8	4
15D2PE2201	Project Evaluation (Viva-Voce)		150		16	12

**Total Credits** 



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M. TECH – I YEAR – I SEM. (EPS)

M.Tech R15 Regulations

#### ADVANCED POWER SYSTEM ANALYSIS (Core Course I)

#### Prerequisite: Computer Methods in Power Systems Course Objectives:

To analyze a Power System Network using graph theory. To interpret the formation of Network matrices. To construct the necessity of load flow studies and various methods of Analysis. To examine short circuit analysis using Z<sub>Bus</sub>.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

Remember proper mathematical models for analysis.

Conclude methodologies of load flow studies for the power network.

Apply contingency Analysis.

Analyze power system studies.

#### UNIT-I:

Admittance Model and Network Calculations, Branch and Node Admittances, Mutually Coupled Branches in  $Y_{BUS}$ , An Equivalent Admittance Network, Modification of  $Y_{BUS}$ , Network Incidence Matrix and  $Y_{BUS}$ , Method of Successive Elimination, Node Elimination, Triangular Factorization, Sparsity and Near Optimal Ordering.

#### UNIT-II:

Impedance Model and Network Calculations, the BUS Admittance and Impedance Matrices, Thevenin''s Theorem and Z<sub>BUS</sub>, Algorithms for building Z<sub>BUS</sub> Modification of existing Z<sub>BUS</sub>, Calculation of Z<sub>BUS</sub> elements from Y<sub>BUS</sub>, Power Invariant Transformations, Mutually Coupled Branches in Z<sub>BUS</sub>.

#### UNIT-III:

Gauss Seidel method, N-R Method, Decoupled method, fast decoupled method, comparison between power flow solutions. DC load flow.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

Z<sub>BUS</sub> Method in Contingency Analysis, Adding and Removing Multiple Lines, Piecewise Solution of Interconnected Systems, Analysis of Single Contingencies, Analysis of Multiple Contingencies, Contingency Analysis of DC Model, System Reduction for Contingency and Fault Studies.

#### **UNIT-V:**

Fault Analysis: Symmetrical faults-Fault calculations using Z<sub>BUS</sub>- Fault calculations using Z<sub>BUS</sub> equivalent circuits –Selection of circuit breakers- Unsymmetrical faults-Problems on various types of faults.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. John J.Grainger and W.D. Stevenson, "Power System Analysis"- T.M.H.Edition.
- 2. Modern Power System Analysis by I.J.Nagrath & D.P.Kothari Tata M Graw Hi Publishing Company Ltd, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition.

- 1. Power System Analysis and Design by J.Duncan Glover and M.S.Sarma., cengage 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition.
- 2. Olle. L.Elgard, "Electrical Energy Systems Theory"-T.M.H.Edition.
- 3. Power systems stability and control, Prabha Kundur, The Mc Graw Hill companies.
- 4. Power System Operation and Control, Dr. K. Uma Rao, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
- 5. Operation and Control in Power Systems, PSR Murthy, Bs Publications.
- 6. Power System Operation, Robert H. Miller, Jamesh H. Malinowski, The Mc Graw Hill companies.
- 7. Power Systems Analysis, operation and control by Abhijit Chakrabarti, Sunitha Halder, PHI 3/e ,  $2010\,$



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M.Tech R15 Regulations

#### M. TECH – I YEAR – I SEM. (EPS)

#### ADVANCED POWER SYSTEM PROTECTION

(Core Course II)

#### Prerequisite: Switch Gear and Protection Course Objectives:

To distinguish all kinds of circuit breakers and relays for protection of Generators, Transformers and feeder bus bars from Over voltages and other hazards.

To generalize neutral grounding for overall protection.

To illustrate the phenomenon of Over Voltages and its classification.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

Understand the basic function of a circuit breaker, all kinds of circuit breakers and differentiate fuse and circuit breakers under fault condition.

Describe the necessity for the protection of alternators, transformers and feeder bus bars from over voltages and other hazards

Illustrate neutral grounding, and how over voltages can be generated and how system can be protected against lightning and switching transient over voltages with various protective means Identify operation and control of microprocessor based relays.

#### UNIT-I:

**Static Relays:** Advantages of static relays-Basic construction of static relays-Level detectors-Replica impedance –Mixing circuits-General equation for two input phase and amplitude comparators-Duality between amplitude and phase comparators.

**Amplitude Comparators**: Circulating current type and opposed voltage type- rectifier bridge comparators, Direct and Instantaneous comparators.

#### UNIT-II:

**Phase Comparators:** Coincidence circuit type- block spike phase comparator, techniques to measure the period of coincidence-Integrating type-Rectifier and Vector product type- Phase comparators.

**Static Over Current Relays:** Instantaneous over-current relay-Time over-current relays-basic principles –definite time and Inverse definite time over-current relays.

#### UNIT-III:

**Static Differential Relays:** Analysis of Static Differential Relays –Static Relay schemes –Duo bias transformer differential protection –Harmonic restraint relay.

**Static Distance Relays:** Static impedance-reactance–MHO and angle impedance relay-sampling comparator –realization of reactance and MHO relay using sampling comparator.

#### UNIT-IV:

**Multi-Input Comparators:** Conic section characteristics-Three input amplitude comparator –Hybrid comparator-switched distance schemes –Poly phase distance schemes- phase fault scheme –three phase scheme – combined and ground fault scheme.

**Power Swings:** Effect of power swings on the performance of distance relays –Power swing analysis-Principle of out of step tripping and blocking relays-effect of line and length and source impedance on distance relays. **UNIT-V:** 

**Microprocessor based Protective Relays:** (Block diagram and flowchart approach only)-Over current relays-impedance relays-directional relay-reactance relay .Generalized mathematical expressions for distance relays-measurement of resistance and reactance –MHO and offset MHO relays-Realization of MHO characteristics- Realization of offset MHO characteristics - Basic principle of Digital computer relaying.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Badri Ram and D.N.Vishwakarma, "Power system protection and Switch gear", TMH publication New Delhi 1995.
- 2. T.S.Madhava Rao, "Static relays", TMH publication, second edition 1989.

- 1. Protection and Switchgear, Bhavesh Bhalja, R. P. Mahesheari, Nilesh G. Chothani, Oxford University Press.
- 2. Electrical Power System Protection, C. Christopoulos and A. Wright, Springer International.



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M.Tech R15 Regulations

#### M. TECH - I YEAR - I SEM. (EPS)

#### MODERN CONTROL THEORY (Core Course III)

#### Prerequisite: Control Systems Course Objectives

To explain the concepts of basic and modern control system for the real time analysis and design of control systems.

To Explain and apply concepts of state variables analysis. To study and analyze non linear systems.

To analyze the concept of stability of nonlinear systems and categorization. To apply the comprehensive knowledge of optimal theory for Control Systems.

#### **Course Outcomes**

Upon completion of this course, students should be able to:

Apply the knowledge of basic and modern control system for the real time analysis and design of control systems.

Understand the concepts of state variables analysis.

Analyze the concept of stability of nonlinear systems and optimal control.

#### UNIT-I:

**Mathematical Preliminaries:** Fields, Vectors and Vector Spaces – Linear combinations and Bases – Linear Transformations and Matrices – Scalar Product and Norms – Eigen-values, Eigen Vectors and a Canonical form representation of Linear operators – The concept of state – State Equations for Dynamic systems – Time invariance and Linearity – Non-uniqueness of state model – State diagrams for Continuous-Time State models.

#### UNIT-II:

**State Variable Analysis:** Linear Continuous time models for Physical systems– Existence and Uniqueness of Solutions to Continuous-Time State Equations – Solutions of Linear Time Invariant Continuous-Time State Equations – State transition matrix and its properties. General concept of controllability – General concept of Observability – Controllability tests for Continuous-Time Invariant Systems – Observability tests for Continuous-Time Invariant Systems – Controllability and Observability of State Model in Jordan Canonical form – Controllability and Observability Canonical forms of State model.

#### UNIT-III:

Non Linear Systems: Introduction – Non Linear Systems - Types of Non-Linearities – Saturation – Dead-Zone - Backlash – Jump Phenomenon etc; – Singular Points – Introduction to Linearization of nonlinear systems, Properties of Non-Linear systems – Describing function–describing function analysis of nonlinear systems – Stability analysis of Non-Linear systems through describing functions. Introduction to phase-plane analysis, Method of Isoclines for Constructing Trajectories, singular points, phase-plane analysis of nonlinear control systems.

#### UNIT-IV:

**Stability Analysis:** Stability in the sense of Lyapunov, Lyapunov''s stability and Lypanov''s instability theorems - Stability Analysis of the Linear continuous time invariant systems by Lyapunov second method – Generation of Lyapunov functions – Variable gradient method – Krasooviski''s method. State feedback controller design through Pole Assignment – State observers: Full order and Reduced order.

#### UNIT-V:

**Optimal Control:** Introduction to optimal control - Formulation of optimal control problems – calculus of variations – fundamental concepts, functional, variation of functional – fundamental theorem of theorem of Calculus of variations – boundary conditions – constrained minimization – formulation using Hamiltonian method – Linear Quadratic regulator.



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#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. modern control system theory by m.gopal new age international -1984
- 2. Control System Engineering, Nagrath and Gopal New Age International Fourth Edition

- 1. Optimal control by Kirck , Dover Publications
- 2. Advanced Control Theory A. Nagoor Kani, RBA Publications, 1999
- 3. Modern Control Engineering by Ogata.K Prentice Hall 1997



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M.Tech R15 Regulations

#### M. TECH - I YEAR - I SEM. (EPS)

### EHV AC TRANSMISSION

(Core Elective- I)

## Prerequisite: Power Systems -II

Course objectives:

To identify the different aspects of Extra High Voltage A.C and D.C Transmission design and Analysis

To understand the importance of modern developments of E.H.V and U.H.V transmission systems.

To demonstrate EHV ac transmission system components, protection and insulation level for over voltages.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

List the necessity of EHV AC transmission, choice of voltage for transmission, line losses and power handling capability.

Estimate the Statistical procedures for line designs, scientific and engineering principles in power systems.

#### Construct commercial transmission system

#### UNIT-I:

E.H.V.A.C. Transmission line trends and preliminary aspect standard transmission voltages – Estimation at line and ground parameters-Bundle conductor systems-Inductance and Capacitance of E.H.V. lines – positive, negative and zero sequence impedance – Line Parameters for Modes of Propagation.

#### UNIT-II:

Electrostatic field and voltage gradients - calculations of electrostatic field of AC lines - effect of high electrostatic field on biological organisms and human beings - surface voltage gradients and maximum gradients of actual transmission lines - voltage gradients on sub conductor.

#### UNIT- III:

Electrostatic induction in unenergized lines – measurement of field and voltage gradients for three phase single and double circuit lines – un energized lines. Power Frequency Voltage control and over-voltages in EHV lines: No load voltage – charging currents at power frequency-voltage control – shunt and series compensation – static VAR compensation.

#### UNIT - IV:

Corona in E.H.V. lines – Corona loss formulae- attention of traveling waves due to Corona – Audio noise due to Corona, its generation, characteristic and limits. Measurements of audio noise radio interference due to Corona - properties of radio noise – frequency spectrum of RI fields – Measurements of RI and RIV.

#### UNIT-V:

Design of EHV lines based on steady state and transient limits - EHV cables and their characteristics.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. R. D. Begamudre ,"EHVAC Transmission Engineering", New Age International (p) Ltd. 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition.
- 2. K.R. Padiyar, "HVDC Power Transmission Systems" New Age International (p) Ltd. 2<sup>nd</sup> revised

## Edition, 2012.

- **REFERENCES:**
- 1. S. Rao "EHVAC and HVDC Transmission Engg. Practice" Khanna publishers.
- 2. Arrillaga.J "High Voltage Direct Current Transmission" 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition (London) peter Peregrines, IEE, 1998.
- 3. Padiyar.K.R, "FACTS Controllers in Power Transmission and Distribution" New Age Int. Publishers, 2007.
- 4. Hingorani H G and Gyugyi. L "Understanding FACTS-Concepts and Technology of Flexible AC Transmission Systems" New York, IEEE Press, 2000.



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M.Tech R15 Regulations

#### M. TECH – I YEAR – I SEM. (EPS)

#### HIGH VOLTAGE ENGINEERING (Core Elective I)

#### Prerequisite: Power Systems and Electrical & Electronics Instrumentation Course Objectives:

To distinguish the Gaseous, liquid and solid dielectric behavior under High Voltage.

To understand the generation methods of High A.C, DC & Impulse Voltages required for various application. To apply the measuring techniques of High A.C., D.C & Impulse voltages and currents. To identify the testing techniques for High Voltage Equipment.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

Know conduction and breakdown will occur in gases, liquids and solids dielectrics and different applications of the insulating materials in electrical power apparatus.

Explain the insulation testing of various components in power systems for different types of voltages, namely power frequency A.C, high frequency, switching or lightning impulses, for which generation of high voltages in laboratories is essential

Interpret the necessity to measure the voltages and currents accurately, ensuring perfect safety to the personnel and equipment.

Detect the necessary condition for all the electrical equipment which are capable of withstanding the over voltages which met in service like natural causes lightning or system originated ones switching or power frequency transient voltages.

#### UNIT- I:

**Introduction To High Volatge Engineering:** Electric Field Stresses, Gas / Vacuum as Insulator, Liquid Dielectrics, Solids and Composites, Estimation and Control of Electric Stress, Numerical methods for electric field computation, Surge voltages, their distribution and control, Applications of insulating materials in transformers, rotating machines, circuit breakers, cable power capacitors and bushings.

#### UNIT-II:

**Break Down In Dielectric Materials:** Gases as insulating media, collision process, Ionization process, Townsend's criteria of breakdown in gases, Paschen's law. Liquid as Insulator, pure and commercial liquids, breakdown in pure and commercial liquids. Intrinsic breakdown, electromechanical breakdown, thermal breakdown, breakdown of solid dielectrics in practice, Breakdown in composite dielectrics, solid dielectrics used in practice.

#### UNIT-III:

**Generation & Measurement of High Voltages & Currents :** Generation of High Direct Current Voltages, Generation of High alternating voltages, Generation of Impulse Voltages, Generation of Impulse currents, Tripping and control of impulse generators. Measurement of High Direct Current voltages, Measurement of High Voltages alternating and impulse, Measurement of High Currents-direct, alternating and Impulse, Oscilloscope for impulse voltage and current measurements.

#### UNIT-IV:

**Over Voltages & Insulation Co-Ordination:** Natural causes for over voltages – Lightning phenomenon, Overvoltage due to switching surges, system faults and other abnormal conditions, Principles of Insulation Coordination on High voltage and Extra High Voltage power systems.

#### UNIT-V:

**Testing of Materials & Electrical Apparatus:** Measurement of D.C Resistivity, Measurement of Dielectric Constant and loss factor, Partial discharge measurements. Testing of Insulators and bushings, Testing of Isolators and circuit breakers, testing of cables, Testing of Transformers, Testing of Surge Arresters, and Radio Interference measurements.



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#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. High Voltage Engineering by M.S.Naidu and V. Kamaraju TMH Publications, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition
- 2. High Voltage Engineering: Fundamentals by E.Kuffel, W.S.Zaengl, J.Kuffel by Elsevier, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition.

- 1. High Voltage Engineering by C.L.Wadhwa, New Age Internationals (P) Limited, 1997.
- 2. High Voltage Insulation Engineering by Ravindra Arora, Wolfgang Mosch, New Age International (P) Limited, 1995.
- 3. High Voltage Engineering, Theory and Practice by Mazen Abdel Salam, Hussein Anis, Ahdan El-Morshedy, Roshdy Radwan, Marcel Dekker



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M.Tech R15 Regulations

M. Tech - I Year - I Sem. (EPS)

#### ADVANCED DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

(Core Elective-I)

#### Prerequisite: Digital Signal Processing Course Learning Objectives

To Comprehend characteristics of discrete time signals and systems

- To analyze and process signals using various transform techniques
- To identify various factors involved in design of digital filters
- To illustrate the effects of finite word length implementation.

#### **Course Outcomes**

Analyze and process signals in the discrete domain

Design filters to suit specific requirements for specific applications Perform statistical analysis and inferences on various types of signals Design multi rate signal processing of

signals through systems.

Analyze binary fixed point and floating-point representation of numbers and arithmetic operations

#### UNIT-I:

**Digital Filter Structures:** Block diagram representation – Equivalent Structures – FIR and IIR digital filter Structures AII pass Filters-tunable IIR Digital Sine-cosine generator- Computational complexity of digital filter structures.

#### UNIT-II:

#### **Digital Filter Design :**

Preliminary considerations- Bilinear transformation method of IIR filter design –design of Low pass high-pass – Band-pass, and Band stop- IIR digital filters – Spectral transformations of IIR filters – FIR filter design –based on Windowed Fourier series – design of FIR digital filters with least – mean square-error – constrained Least –square design of FIR digital filters.

#### UNIT-III:

**DSP Algorithme Implémentation :** Computation of the discrete Fourier transform- Number representation – Arithmetic operations – handling of overflow – Tunable digital filters – function approximation.

#### UNIT-IV:

#### Analysis Of Finite Word Length Effects: The Quantization process and errors-Quantization of fixed

-point and floating -point Numbers - Analysis of coefficient Quantization effects - Analysis of Arithmetic Round-off errors-Dynamic range scaling - signal -to- noise in Low -order IIR filters- Low - Sensitivity Digital filter - Reduction of Product round-off errors feedback - Limit cycles in IIR digital filter - Round - off errors in FFT Algorithms.

#### UNIT-V:

**Power Spectrum Estimation :** Estimation of spectra from Finite Duration Observations signals-Non-parametric methods for power spectrum Estimation- Estimation of spectral form-Finite duration observation of signals- Non-parametric methods for power spectrum estimation – Walsh methods – Blackman and torchy method.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Digital Signal Processing principles –algorithms and Applications- john G. Proakis –PHI 3<sup>rd</sup> edition 2002.
- 2. Digital Time Signal Processing: Alan V.Oppenheim,Ronald W ,Shafer PHI 1996 1<sup>st</sup> Edition reprint
- 3. Advanced Digital Signal Processing Theory and Applications Glenn Zelniker, Fred J. Taiylor.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. Digital Signal Processing S Salivahanan . A Vallavaraj C. Gnanapriya TMH 2<sup>nd</sup> reprint 2001.
- 2. Digital Signal Processing sanjit K.Mitra TMH second edition.
- 3 Theory and Applications of Digital Signal Processing Lourens R RebinarandBernold.
- 4. Digital Filter Analysis and Design Auntoniam TMH
- 5. Digital Signal Processing J.S.Chitode First Edition, 2008, Technical Publications.



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M.Tech R15 Regulations

#### M. TECH - I YEAR - I SEM. (EPS)

#### POWER QUALITY (Core Elective II)

#### Prerequisite: Power Systems and Power Electronics Course Objectives

To know different terms of power quality.

To Illustrate of voltage power quality issue - short and long interruption

To construct study of characterization of voltage sag magnitude and three phase unbalanced voltage sag.

To know the behavior of power electronics loads; induction motors, synchronous motor etc by the power quality issues

To prepare mitigation of power quality issues by the VSI converters.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

Know the severity of power quality problems in distribution system;

Understand the concept of voltage sag transformation from up-stream (higher voltages) to down-stream (lower voltage)

compute the concept of improving the power quality to sensitive load by various mitigating custom power devices

#### UNIT-I:

**Introduction :** Introduction of the Power Quality (PQ) problem, Terms used in PQ: Voltage, Sag, Swell, Surges, Harmonics, over voltages, spikes, Voltage fluctuations, Transients, Interruption, overview of power quality phenomenon, Remedies to improve power quality, power quality monitoring.

#### UNIT-II:

**Long & Short Interruptions:** Interruptions – Definition – Difference between failures, outage, Interruptions – causes of Long Interruptions – Origin of Interruptions – Limits for the Interruption frequency – Limits for the interruption duration – costs of Interruption – Overview of Reliability evaluation to power quality, comparison of observations and reliability evaluation.

**Short interruptions**: definition, origin of short interruptions, basic principle, fuse saving, voltage magnitude events due to reclosing, voltage during the interruption, monitoring of short interruptions, difference between medium and low voltage systems. Multiple events, single phase tripping – voltage and current during fault period, voltage and current at post fault period, stochastic prediction of short interruptions.

#### UNIT III:

1 & 3-Phase Voltage SAG Characterization : Voltage sag – definition, causes of voltage sag, voltage sag magnitude, and monitoring, theoretical calculation of voltage sag magnitude, voltage sag calculation in non-radial systems, meshed systems, and voltage sag duration.

Three phase faults, phase angle jumps, magnitude and phase angle jumps for three phase unbalanced sags, load influence on voltage sags.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

**Power Quality Considerations in Industrial Power Systems:** Voltage sag – equipment behavior of Power electronic loads, induction motors, synchronous motors, computers, consumer electronics, adjustable speed AC drives and its operation. Mitigation of AC Drives, adjustable speed DC drives and its operation, mitigation methods of DC drives.

#### UNIT-V:

**Mitigation of Interruptions & Voltage Sags:** Overview of mitigation methods – from fault to trip, reducing the number of faults, reducing the fault clearing time changing the power system, installing mitigation equipment, improving equipment immunity, different events and mitigation methods. System equipment interface – voltage source converter, series voltage controller, shunt controller, combined shunt and series controller.

**Power Quality and EMC Standards:** Introduction to standardization, IEC Electromagnetic compatibility standards, European voltage characteristics standards, PQ surveys.



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#### **TEXTBOOKS:**

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- 1. Math H J Bollen "Understanding Power Quality Problems", IEEE Press.
- 2. R.C. Dugan, M.F. McGranaghan and H.W. Beaty, "Electric Power Systems Quality." New York: McGraw-Hill.1996

- 1. G.T. Heydt, "Electric Power Quality", 2nd Edition. (West Lafayette, IN, Stars in a Circle Publications, 1994).
- 2. Power Quality VAR Compensation in Power Systems, R. SastryVedamMulukutla S. Sarma, CRC Press.
- 3. A Ghosh, G. Ledwich, Power Quality Enhancement Using Custom Power Devices. Kluwer Academic, 2002



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#### M. TECH – I YEAR – I SEM. (EPS)

#### MICROCONTROLLERS AND APPLICATIONS (Core Elective II)

#### Prerequisite: Microprocessors and Interfacing Devices Course Objectives:

To relate the basic architecture and addressing modes of a microcontroller.

To summarize the principles of top down design to microcontroller software development

To demonstrate assembly language programs for the advanced Microcontroller , assembly language code for

high-level language structures such as IF-THEN-ELSE and DO-WHILE

To analyze a typical I/O interface and to discuss timing issues

To identify different types of memory used in microcontroller systems

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to Distinguish Types of computers & microcontrollers,

Generalize 8-Bit, 16- Bit & 32 Bit advanced Microcontrollers.

Construct Real time Applications of Microcontrollers.

Demonstrate RTOS for Microcontrollers.

Translate Hardware applications using Microcontrollers.

#### UNIT-I:

**Overview of Architecture & Microcontroller Resources:** Architecture of a microcontroller – Microcontroller resources – Resources in advanced and next generation microcontrollers – 8051 microcontroller – Internal and External memories – Counters and Timers – Synchronous serial-cum asynchronous serial communication - Interrupts.

#### UNIT-II:

**8051-** Microcontrollers Instruction Set : Basic assembly language programming – Data transfer instructions – Data and Bitmanipulation instructions – Arithmetic instructions – Instructions for Logical operations on the test among the Registers, Internal RAM, and SFRs – Program flow control instructions – Interrupt control flow.

#### **UNIT-III:**

**Real Time Control: Interrupts:** Interrupt handling structure of an MCU – Interrupt Latency and Interrupt deadline – Multiple sources of the interrupts – Non-maskable interrupt sources – Enabling or disabling of the sources – Polling to determine the interrupt source and assignment of the priorities among them – Interrupt structure in Intel 8051.

Timers: Programmable Timers in the MCU"s – Free running counter and real time control – Interrupt interval and density constraints.

#### UNIT-IV:

**Systems Design: Digital and Analog Interfacing Methods:** Switch, Keypad and Keyboard interfacings – LED and Array of LEDs – Keyboard-cum-Display controller (8279) – Alphanumeric Devices – Display Systems and its interfaces – Printer interfaces – Programmable instruments interface using IEEE 488 Bus – Interfacing with the Flash Memory – Interfaces – Interfacing to High Power Devices – Analog input interfacing – Analog output interfacing – Optical motor shaft encoders

 Industrial control – Industrial process control system – Prototype MCU based Measuring instruments – Robotics and Embedded control – Digital Signal Processing and digital filters.

#### UNIT-V:

**Real Time Operating System for Microcontrollers:** Real Time operating system – RTOS of Keil (RTX51) – Use of RTOS in Design – Software development tools for Microcontrollers.

**16-Bit Microcontrollers:** Hardware – Memory map in Intel 80196 family MCU system – IO ports – Programmable Timers and High-speed outputs and input captures – Interrupts – instructions. ARM 32 Bit MCUs: Introduction to 16/32 Bit processors – ARM architecture and organization – ARM / Thumb programming model – ARM / Thumb instruction set – Development tools.



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#### M.Tech R15 Regulations

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Raj Kamal," Microcontrollers Architecture, Programming, Interfacing and System Design"- Pearson Education, 2005.
- 2. Mazidi and Mazidi, "The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems" PHI, 2000.

- 1. A.V. Deshmuk, "Microcontrollers (Theory & Applications)" WTMH, 2005.
- 2. John B. Peatman, "Design with PIC Microcontrollers" Pearson Education, 2005.
- 3. Microcontroller Programming, Julio Sanchez, Maria P. Canton, CRC Press.
- 4. The 8051 Microcontroller, Ayala, Cengage Learning.
- 5. Microprocessors and Microcontrollers, Architecture, Programming and System Design, Krishna Kant, PHI Learning PVT. Ltd.
- 6. Microprocessors, Nilesh B. Bahadure, PHI Learning PVT. Ltd.



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M. TECH - I YEAR - I SEM. (EPS)

M.Tech R15 Regulations

#### DISTRIBUTION AUTOMATION (Core Elective II)

#### **Prerequisite: Electrical Distribution Systems Course objectives:**

- To list the distribution systems for load modeling
- To understand the design & working of substations.
- To compute system protection
- To give a comprehensive idea on communication systems.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

Find the transfer of electrical data in distribution system through Digital Communication. Predict load

forecasting and reliability in economic point of view

Apply Distribution Automation objectives and SCADA

To have a knowledge on management of different electrical parameters.

#### UNIT-I:

**Distribution Automation and The Utility System:** Introduction to Distribution Automation (DA), control system interfaces, control and data requirements, centralized (Vs) decentralized control, DA System (DAS), DA Hardware, DAS software.

#### UNIT-II:

**Distribution Automation Functions :** DA capabilities, Automation system computer facilities, management processes, Information management, system reliability management, system efficiency management, voltage management, Load management.

#### UNIT-III:

**Communication Systems for DA:** DA communication requirements, Communication reliability, Cost effectiveness, Data rate Requirements, Two way capability, Ability to communicate during outages and faults, Ease of operation and maintenance, Conforming to the architecture of data flow **Communication systems used in DA** :Distribution line carrier (Power line carrier), Ripple control, Zero crossing technique, telephone, cable TV, Radio, AM broadcast, FM SCA, VHF Radio, UHF Radio, Microwave satellite. Fiber optics, Hybrid Communication systems, Communication systems used in field tests.

#### UNIT-IV:

**Technical Benefits:** DA benefit categories, Capital deferred savings, Operation and Maintenance savings, Interruption related savings, Customer related savings, Operational savings, improved operation, Function benefits, Potential benefits for functions, and function shared benefits, Guidelines for formulation of estimating equations Parameters required, economic impact areas, Resources for determining benefits impact on distribution system, integration of benefits into economic evaluation.

#### UNIT-V:

**Economic Evaluation Methods:** Development and evaluation of alternate plans, Select study area, Select study period, Project load growth, Develop Alternatives, Calculate operating and maintenance costs, Evaluate alternatives. Economic comparison of alternate plans, Classification of expenses and capital expenditures, Comparison of revenue requirements of alternative plans, Book Life and Continuing plant analysis, Year by year revenue requirement analysis, short term analysis, end of study adjustment, Break even analysis, Sensitivity analysis computational aids.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Control and Automation of Electrical Distribution Systems, James. Northcote Green Robert Wilson, CRC Press.
- 2. Electric Power Distribution Automation, Dr. M. K. Khedkar, Dr. G.M.Dhole, University Science press.

- 1. IEEE Tutorial Course "Distribution Automation"
- 2. IEEE Working Group on "Distribution Automation"



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#### M.Tech R15 Regulations

#### M. TECH – I YEAR – I SEM. (EPS)

## OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES (Open Elective I)

#### **Course Objectives**

To understand the theory of optimization methods and algorithms developed for solving various types of optimization problems.

To develop an interest in applying optimization techniques in problems of Engineering and Technology

To apply the mathematical results and numerical techniques of optimization theory to concrete Engineering problems.

#### **Course Outcomes**

Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to Know basic

- theoretical principles in optimization formulation of optimization models
- solution methods in optimization;
- methods of sensitivity analysis and post processing of results applications to a wide range of engineering problems

#### UNIT - I

**Introduction and Classical Optimization Techniques:** Statement of an Optimization problem – design vector – design constraints – constraint surface – objective function – objective function surfaces – classification of Optimization problems.

**Classical Optimization Techniques:** Single variable Optimization – multi variable Optimization without constraints – necessary and sufficient conditions for minimum/maximum – multivariable Optimization with equality constraints.

Solution by method of Lagrange multipliers – multivariable Optimization with inequality constraints – Kuhn – Tucker conditions.

#### UNIT – II

**Linear Programming:** Standard form of a linear programming problem – geometry of linear programming problems – definitions and theorems – solution of a system of linear simultaneous equations – pivotal reduction of a general system of equations – motivation to the simplex method – simplex algorithm.

#### UNIT – III

**Transportation Problem:** Finding initial basic feasible solution by north – west corner rule, least cost method and Vogel"s approximation method – testing for optimality of balanced transportation problems.

**Unconstrained Nonlinear Programming:** One – dimensional minimization methods: Classification, Fibonacci method and Quadratic interpolation method

#### UNIT – IV

Unconstrained Optimization Techniques: Univariate method, Powell"s method and steepest descent method.

**Constrained Nonlinear Programming:** Characteristics of a constrained problem, Classification, Basic approach of Penalty Function method; Basic approach of Penalty Function method; Basic approaches of Interior and Exterior penalty function methods. Introduction to convex Programming Problem.

#### $\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{V}$

**Dynamic Programming:** Dynamic programming multistage decision processes – types – concept of sub optimization and the principle of optimality – computational procedure in dynamic programming – examples illustrating the calculus method of solution - examples illustrating the tabular method of solution.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. "Engineering optimization: Theory and practice"-by S. S.Rao, New Age International (P) Limited, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, 1998.
- 2. "Introductory Operations Research" by H.S. Kasene & K.D. Kumar, Springer(India), Pvt .LTd.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1 "Optimization Methods in Operations Research and systems Analysis" by K.V. Mital and C. Mohan, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, 1996.
- 2. Operations Research by Dr. S.D.Sharma.
- 3. "Operations Research : An Introduction" by H.A. Taha, PHI Pvt. Ltd., 6<sup>th</sup> edition
- 4. Linear Programming by G. Hadley



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M.Tech R15 Regulations

M. TECH - I YEAR - I SEM. (EPS)

#### DIGITAL CONTROL SYSTEMS

(Open Elective I)

#### Prerequisite: Control Systems Course Objectives

To explain basic and digital control system for the real time analysis and design of control systems.

To apply the knowledge state variable analysis in the design of discrete systems.

To explain the concept of stability analysis and design of discrete time systems.

#### **Course Outcomes**

Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to To illustrate the

concepts of Digital control systems.

Analysis and design of discrete systems in state variable analysis.

To relate the concepts of stability analysis and design of discrete time systems.

#### UNIT – I:

**Concept & Representation of Discrete time Systems:** Block Diagram of typical control system-advantages of sampling in control systems – examples of discrete data and digital systems – data conversion and quantization – sample and hold devices – D/A and A/D conversion – sampling theorem

- reconstruction of sampled signals.

**Z-transform:** Definition of Z-transforms – mapping between s-plane and z-plane –inverse z- transform – properties of z-transforms - ROC of z-transforms –pulse transfer function –relation between G(s) and G(z) – signal flow graph method applied to digital control systems.

#### UNIT-II:

**State Space Analysis:** State space modeling of discrete time systems – state transition equation of discrete time invariant systems – solution of time invariant discrete state equations: recursive method and the Z-Transformation method – conversion of pulse transfer function to the state model & vice-versa – Eigen values – Eigen vectors of discrete time system-matrix (A) – Realization of pulse transformation in state space form, discretization of continuous time systems, Computation of state transition matrix and its properties. Response of sample data system between sampling instants.

#### UNIT – III :

**Controllability, Observability & Stability Tests:** Concept of controllability, stabilizability, observability and reachability - Controllability and observability tests, Transformation of discrete time systems into controllable and observable forms. Stability: Definition of stability – Stability tests – The second method of Liapunov.

#### UNIT- IV:

**Design of Discrete Time Controllers and Observers:** Design of discrete time controller with bilinear transformation – Realizatiion of digital PID controller-Design of deadbeat controller; Pole placement through state feedback.

#### UNIT-V:

State Observers: Design of - Full order and reduced order observers. Study of observer based control design

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. K. Ogata, Discrete-Time Control systems, Pearson Education/PHI, 2nd Edition.
- 2. V. I. George, C. P. Kurian, Digital Control Systems, Cengage Learning.
- 3. M.Gopal, Digital Control Engineering, New Age Int. Pvt. Ltd., 2014

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Kuo, Digital Control Systems, Oxford University Press, 2nd Edition, 2003.
- 2. M.Gopal, Digital Control and State Variable Methods, TMH.
- 3. M. Sami Fadali Antonio Visioli, Digital Control Engineering Analysis and Design, Academic Press


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# M. TECH – I YEAR – I SEM. (EPS)

# M.Tech R15 Regulations

# RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS (Open Elective I)

# Prerequisite: No Prerequisite Course

**Objectives:** 

To recognize the awareness of energy conservation in students

- To identify the use of renewable energy sources for electrical power generation To collect different
- energy storage methods
- To detect about environmental effects of energy conversion

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

find different renewable energy sources to produce electrical power

estimate the use of conventional energy sources to produce electrical energy role-play the fact that the conventional energy resources are depleted arrange Store energy and to avoid the environmental pollution

#### UNIT-I:

Photo voltaic power generation ,spectral distribution of energy in solar radiation, solar cell configurations, voltage developed by solar cell, photo current and load current, practical solar cell performance, commercial photo voltaic systems, test specifications for PV systems, applications of super conducting materials in electrical equipment systems.

### UNIT-II:

Principles of MHD power generation, ideal MHD generator performance, practical MHD generator, MHD technology. **Wind Energy conversion:** Power from wind, properties of air and wind, types of wind Turbines, operating characteristics.

#### UNIT-III:

Tides and tidal power stations, modes of operation, tidal project examples, turbines and generators for tidal power generation. **Wave energy conversion:** properties of waves and power content, vertex motion of Waves, device applications. Types of ocean thermal energy conversion systems Application of OTEC systems examples,

#### UNIT-IV:

**Miscellaneous energy conversion systems:** coal gasification and liquefaction, biomass conversion, geothermal energy, thermo electric energy conversion, principles of EMF generation, description of fuel cells, Co-generation and energy storage, combined cycle co-generation, energy storage.

Global energy position and environmental effects: energy units, global energy position.

#### UNIT-V:

Types of fuel cells, H<sub>2</sub>-O<sub>2</sub> Fuel cells, Application of fuel cells – Batteries, Description of batteries, Battery application for large power. Environmental effects of energy conversion systems, pollution from coal and preventive measures steam stations and pollution, pollution free energy systems.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. "Energy conversion systems" by Rakosh das Begamudre, New age International publishers, New Delhi - 2000.
- 2. "Renewable Energy Resources" by John Twidell and Tony Weir, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Fspon & Co.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. "Understanding Renewable Energy Systems" by Volker Quaschning, 2005, UK.
- 2. "Renewable Energy Systems-Advanced Conversion, Technologies & Applications" by Faner Lin Luo Honer Ye, CRC press, Taylor & Francies group.



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M.Tech R15 Regulations

# M. TECH - I YEAR - I SEM. (EPS)

# HVDC TRANSMISSION (Open Elective I)

#### Prerequisite: Power Systems-II Course Objectives:

- To Comprehend the conversion principles of HVDC Transmission
- Analysis of 3,6, 12 pulse converters, rectifier and inverter operations of HVDC converters To identify the
- different types of Harmonics and reduction by using Filters
- To Comprehend Interaction between HVAC and DC systems in various aspects To appreciate the reliable
- MTDC systems and protection of HVDC system

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- To find the applications of HVDC transmission in the power system with the acquired knowledge.
- To analyze different converter topologies viz. 3,6 and 12 Pulse converters and understand it's control aspects.

To understand the filter configuration for Harmonics in HVDC systems. To appreciate the reliable Multi terminal HVDC system.

To have knowledge on the Protection of HVDC systems against Transient over voltages and over currents.

#### UNIT-I:

Introduction: General consideration, Power Handling Capabilities of HVDC Lines Basic Conversion principles, static converter configuration.

# UNIT-II:

**Static Power Converters:** 3-pulse, 6-pulse, and 12-pulse converters, converter station and Terminal equipment, commutation process, Rectifier and inverter operation, equivalent circuit for converter – special features of converter transformers. Harmonics in HVDC Systems, Harmonic elimination, AC and DC filters.

#### UNIT-III:

**Control of HVDC Converters and Systems:** Constant current, constant extinction angle and constant ignition angle control Individual phase control and equidistant firing angle control DC power flow control. Interaction between HV AC and DC systems – Voltage interaction Harmonic instability problems and DC power modulation.

# UNIT-IV:

**MTDC Systems & Over Voltages:** Series parallel and series parallel systems their operation and control. Over voltages due to disturbances on DC side, over voltages due to DC and AC side line faults.

#### UNIT-V:

**Converter Faults & Protection:** Converter faults, over current protection – valve group, and DC line protection over voltage protection of converters, surge arresters.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. E.W. Kimbark: Direct current Transmission, Wiely Inter Science New York
- 2. KR Padiyar : High Voltage Direct current Transmission Wiely Esatern Ltd New Delhi 1992.

#### **REFERENCES:**

J. Arillaga HVDC Transmission Peter Peregrinus ltd. London UK 1983

- 1. E. Uhlman : Power Transmission by Direct Current , Springer Verlag, Berlin Helberg. 1985.
- 2. S. Rao "EHVAC and HVDC Transmission Engg. Practice" Khanna publishers.



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# M. TECH - I YEAR - I SEM. (EPS)

M.Tech R15 Regulations

# ANALYSIS OF POWER ELECTRONIC CONVERTERS (Open Elective I)

#### Prerequisite: Power Electronics Course Objectives

To comprehend the c o n c e p t s o f converters

Students will be able to relate to the applications of phase controlled rectifiers

Students will be able to describe the importance of AC voltage controllers and cyclo converters for various industrial applications

Students will be able to analyze and design switch mode power electronic converters for various applications including microprocessor power supplies, renewable energy systems, and motor drives.

Students will be able to analyze pulse width modulated inverters which are used in variable speed drives

#### **Course Outcomes**

Students will have good understanding of the basic principles of switch mode power conversion Students will understand the operating principles and models of different types of power electronic converters including dc-dc converters, PWM rectifiers and inverters

Students will be able to choose appropriate power converter topologies and design the power stage and feedback controllers for various applications

Students will be able to use power electronic simulation packages for analyzing and designing power converters

#### Unit I

**Single Phase AC Voltage Controllers:** Single phase AC voltage controllers with Resistive, Resistive-inductive and Resistive-inductive-induced e.m.f. loads - ac voltage controllers with PW Control - Effects of source and load inductances - Synchronous tap changers-Applications - numerical problems.

#### Unit II

**Three Phase AC Voltage Controllers:** Three phase AC voltage controllers - Analysis of controllers with star and delta Connected Resistive, Resistive-inductive loads - Effects of source and load Inductances - applications - numerical problems. **Cycloconverters:** Single phase to single phase cycloconverters - analysis of midpoint and bridge Configurations - Three phase to three phase cycloconverters - analysis of Midpoint and bridge configurations - Advantages - Applications- numerical problems.

#### Unit III

**Single Phase Converters:** Single phase converters - Half controlled and Fully controlled converters - Evaluation of input power factor and harmonic factor - continuous and Discontinuous load current - single phase dual converters - power factor Improvements - Extinction angle control - symmetrical angle control - PWM -single phase sinusoidal PWM - single phase series converters - Applications -Numerical problems.

**Three Phase Converters:** Three phase converters - Half controlled and fully controlled converters - Evaluation of input power factor and harmonic factor - continuous and Discontinuous load current - three phase dual converters - power factor Improvements - three phase PWM - twelve pulse converters - applications -Numerical problems.

#### Unit VI

**D.C. to D.C. Converters:** Analysis of step-down and step-up dc to dc converters with resistive and Resistive-inductive loads - Switched mode regulators - Analysis of Buck Regulators - Boost regulators - buck and boost regulators - Cuk regulators - Condition for continuous inductor current and capacitor voltage - comparison of regulators -Multiouput boost converters - advantages - applications - Numerical problems.



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# M.Tech R15 Regulations

### Unit V

**Pulse Width Modulated Inverters**(**single phase**): Principle of operation - performance parameters - single phase bridge inverter -evaluation of output voltage and current with resistive, inductive and Capacitive loads - Voltage control of single phase inverters - single PWM - Multiple PWM - sinusoidal PWM - modified PWM - phase displacement Control - Advanced modulation techniques for improved performance - Trapezoidal, staircase, stepped, harmonic injection and delta modulation - Advantage - application - numerical problems.

**Pulse Width Modulated Inverters(three phase):** Three phase inverters - analysis of 180 degree condition for output voltage And current with resistive, inductive loads - analysis of 120 degree Conduction - voltage control of three phase inverters - sinusoidal PWM - Third Harmonic PWM – 60 degree PWM - space vector modulation - Comparison of PWM techniques - harmonic reductions - Current Source Inverter - variable d.c. link inverter - boost inverter - buck and boost inverter - inverter circuit design - advantages -applications - numerical problems.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Power Electronics Mohammed H. Rashid Pearson Education Third Edition First Indian reprint 2004.
- 2. Power Electronics Ned Mohan, Tore M. Undeland and William P. Robbins John Wiley and Sons Second Edition

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Power Electronics Daniel W. Hart
- 2. Fundamentals of Power Electronis, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition. R.W. Erickson
- 3. The power electronics Hand Book Timothy, L. Skvarenina, Purdue University



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M.Tech R15 Regulations

### M. TECH - I YEAR - I SEM. (EPS)

# EMBEDDED SYSTEMS (Open Elective I)

Prerequisite: Microprocessors and Interfacing Devices Course Learning Objectives

To Comprehend the general embedded system concepts , design of embedded hardware and software development tools

To explain the basics of real time operating and embedded systems

To Describe key issues such as CPU scheduling, memory management, task synchronization, and file system in the context of real-time embedded systems.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

To analyze and design embedded systems and real-time systems Define the unique design problems and challenges of real-time systems

Identify the unique characteristics of real-time operating systems and evaluate the need for real-time operating system

Explain the general structure of a real-time system and Understand and use RTOS to build an embedded real-time system

Gain knowledge and skills necessary to design and develop embedded applications based on real-time operating systems.

### UNIT- I:

**Overview of Embedded System:** Embedded System, types of Embedded System, Requirements of Embedded System, and Issues in Embedded software development, Applications.

#### UNIT-II:

**Processor & Memory Organization:** Structural units in a processor, Processor selection, Memory devices, Memory selection, Memory Allocation & Map, Interfacing.

#### UNIT-III:

**Devices, Device Drivers & Buses for Device Networks**: I/O devices, Timer & Counter devices, Serial Communication, Communication between devices using different buses. Device drives, Parallel and serial port device drives in a system, Interrupt servicing mechanism, context and periods for context switching, Deadline and Interrupt Latency.

#### UNIT-IV:

**Programming & Modeling Concepts :** Program elements, Modeling Processes for Software Analysis, Programming Models, Modeling of Multiprocessor Systems, Software algorithm Concepts, design, implementation, testing, validating, debugging, Management and maintenance, Necessicity of RTOS.

### UNIT-V:

Hardware and Software Co-Design: Embedded system design and co design issues in software development, design cycle in development phase for Embedded System, Use of ICE & Software tools for development of ES, Issues in embedded system design.

#### TEXTBOOK

1. Embedded systems: Architecture, programming and design by Rajkamal, TMH

2. Embedded system design by Arnold S Burger, CMP

# REFERENCES

1. An embedded software primer by David Simon, PEA

2. Embedded systems design:Real world design be Steve Heath; Butterworth Heinenann, Newton mass USA 2002

3. Data communication by Hayt.



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M.Tech R15 Regulations

# M. TECH - I YEAR - I SEM. (EPS)

# **POWER SYSTEM LAB – I**

- 1. Develop Program for Y<sub>BUS</sub> formation.
- 2. Develop Program for G-S Load Flow Analysis.
- 3. Develop Program for N-R Load Flow Analysis.
- 4. Develop Program for FDLF Load Flow Analysis.
- 5. Develop Program for Short Circuit Analysis.
- 6. Develop Program for Transient Stability Analysis for Single Machine connected to Infinite Bus by Point by Point Method.
- 7. Develop Program for Generation System Reliability Analysis.
- 8. Develop Program for Distribution System Reliability Analysis.
- 9. Develop Simulation of RLC Circuit
- 10. Develop Simulation of Single Phase Full Converter with RLE Load
- 11. Develop Program model for Closed Loop Speed Control of Separately Excited D.C Motor.
- 12. Develop Program model for Sinusoidal Pulse Width Modulation.

Note: From the above list minimum 10 experiments are to be conducted using suitable software.



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# M.TECH. ELECRICAL POWER SYSTEM SCOURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS

I Year – II Semester						
Category	Course Title	Int.	Ext.	L	Р	С
		marks	marks			
Core Course IV	Power System Dynamics	40	60	4		4
Core Course V	Flexible AC Transmission Systems (FACTS)	40	60	4		4
Core Course VI	Power System Operation and Deregulation	40	60	4		4
Core Elective III	1. Gas Insulated Systems(GIS)	40	60	4		4
	2. Programmable Logic Controllers and their					
	Applications					
	3. High frequency magnetic components					
Core Elective IV	1. Reactive Power Compensation and Management	40	60	4		4
	2. Power System Reliability					
	3. Voltage Stability					
Open Elective II	1. Instrumentation & Control	40	60	4		4
	2. Intelligent Control					
	3. Smart grid technologies					
	4. AI Techniques in Electrical Engineering					
	5. Reliability Engineering					
	6. Energy Auditing, Conservation & Management					
Laboratory II	Power Systems Lab-II	40	60		4	2
Seminar II	Seminar-II	50			4	2
Total Credits				24	8	28



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# Vidya Jyothi Institute of Technology (Autonomous)

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# M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM EPS

# POWER SYSTEM DYNAMICS

# Prerequisite: Computer Methods in Power Systems

**Course objectives:** 

- To remember the dynamic characteristics of power system equipment,
  - To recognize dynamic performance of power systems
  - To illustrate the system stability and controls.

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- Choose the fundamental dynamic behavior and controls of power systems to perform basic stability analysis.
- Comprehend concepts in modeling and simulating the dynamic phenomena of power systems
- Interpret results of system stability studies
- Analyze theory and practice of modeling main power system components, such as synchronous machines, excitation systems and governors

# UNIT-I:

#### **Basic Concepts**

Power system stability states of operation and system security - system dynamics - problems system model analysis of steady State stability and transient stability - simplified representation of Excitation control.

#### UNIT-II:

#### Modeling of Synchronous Machine:

Synchronous machine - park's Transformation-analysis of steady state performance per - unit quantities-Equivalent circuits of synchronous machine-determination of parameters of equivalent circuits.

#### **UNIT-III: Excitation System**

Excitation system modeling-excitation systems block Diagram - system representation by state equations- Dynamics of a synchronous generator connected to infinite bus - system model Synchronous machine model-stator equations rotor equations - Synchronous machine model with field circuit - one equivalent damper winding on q axis (model 1.1) - calculation of Initial conditions.

# UNIT-IV:

# Analysis of Single Machine System

Small signal analysis with block diagram - Representation Characteristic equation and application of Routh Hurwitz criterionsynchronizing and damping torque analysis-small signal model - State equations.

### UNIT-V:

#### **Application of Power System Stabilizers**

Basic concepts in applying PSS - Control signals - Structure and tuning of PSS - Washout circuit - Dynamic compensator analysis of single machine infinite bus system with and without PSS.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. K.R. PADIYAR," Power system dynamics "- B.S. Publications.
- 2. P.M. Anderson and A.A. Fouad, "Power system control and stability", IEEE Press



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# **REFERENCES:**

1. R. Ramanujam, "Power Systems Dynamics"- PHI Publications.



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M.Tech R15 Regulations

# M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. EPS

# FLEXIBLE AC TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS (FACTS)

#### Prerequisite: Power Electronics and Power Systems-II

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To understand the fundamentals of FACTS Controllers, Importance of controllable parameters and types of FACTS controllers & their benefits
- To recall the objectives of Shunt and Series compensation
- To explain control of STATCOM and SVC and their comparison And the regulation of STATCOM
- To analyze the functioning and control of GCSC, TSSC and TCSC

**Course Outcomes:** Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- Choose proper controller for the specific application based on system requirements
- Understand various systems thoroughly and their requirements
- Interpret the control circuits of Shunt Controllers SVC & STATCOM for various functions viz. Transient stability Enhancement, voltage instability prevention and power oscillation damping
- Detect the Power and control circuits of Series Controllers GCSC, TSSC and TCSC

#### UNIT-I:

#### **Facts Concepts**

Transmission interconnections power flow in an AC system, loading capability limits, Dynamic stability considerations, importance of controllable parameters basic types of FACTS controllers, benefits from FACTS controllers.

#### UNIT-II:

#### **Voltage Source Converters**

Single phase three phase full wave bridge converters transformer connections for 12 pulse 24 and 48 pulse operation. Three level voltage source converter, pulse width modulation converter, basic concept of current source Converters, and comparison of current source converters with voltage source converters.

#### UNIT-III:

#### Static Shunt Compensation

Objectives of shunt compensation, mid-point voltage regulation voltage instability prevention, improvement of transient stability, Power oscillation damping, Methods of controllable VAR generation, variable impedance type static VAR generators switching converter type VAR generators hybrid VAR generators.

#### UNIT-IV:

#### SVC And STATCOM

The regulation and slope transfer function and dynamic performance, transient stability enhancement and power oscillation damping operating point control and summary of compensator control.

#### UNIT-V:

#### **Static Series Compensators**

Concept of series capacitive compensation, improvement of transient stability, power oscillation damping, and functional requirements of GTO thyristor controlled series capacitor (GSC), thyristor switched series capacitor (TSSC), and thyristor controlled series capacitor (TCSC)

Control schemes for GSC TSSC and TCSC.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Hingorani H G and Gyugyi. L " Understanding FACTS-Concepts and Technology of Flexible AC Transmission Systems" New York, IEEE Press, 2000.
- 2. Padiyar.K.R, "FACTS Controllers in Power Transmission and Distribution" New Age Int. Publishers, 2007

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Zhang, Xiao-Ping, Rehtanz, Christian, Pal, Bikash "Flexible AC Transmission Systems: Modeling and Control", Springer, 2012



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2. Yong-Hua Song, Allan Johns, "Flexible AC Transmission Systems", IET, 1999

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# M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. EPS

# POWER SYSTEM OPERATION AND DEREGULATION

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Prerequisite: Power System Operation and Control

**Course objectives:** 

- To find OPF with security constraints.
- To generalize modeling of load frequency control of a power system
- To compute reactive power control of a power system.
- To apply the concept of deregulation and ATC.

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- Know the optimal scheduling of power plants
- Outline the modeling of turbine and generator
- Compute the steady state behavior of the power system for voltage and frequency fluctuations.
- Analyze ATC and the cost of transmission

#### UNIT-I:

#### **Optimal Power Flow**

Introduction- Solution to the optimal power flow-gradient method-Newton's method-Linear sensitivity analysis- Linear programming methods- Security constrained OPF-Interior point algorithm- Bus incremental costs

#### UNIT-II:

#### **Power System Security**

Introduction –Factors affecting power system security-Contingency analysis-Detection of network problems-Linear sensitivity analysis-AC power flow methods-contingency selection-concentric relaxation-Bounding area method

#### UNIT-III:

#### State Estimation in Power Systems

Introduction- Power system state estimation- Maximum likelihood Weighted Least squares estimation-Matrix formulation- State estimation of AC network- State estimation by orthogonal decomposition-detection and identification of Bad measurements- Estimation of quantities not being measured-Network observability and pseudo measurements

#### UNIT-IV:

#### **Power System Deregulation**

Introduction- motivation for restructuring of power systems- Electricity market entities model-benefits of deregulation- terminologyderegulation in Indian power sector-Operations in power markets-power pools-transmission networks and electricity markets.

#### UNIT-V:

#### **Available Transfer Capability**

Introduction methods: of determination of ATC - ATC calculation considering the effect of contingency analysis- Transmission open access and pricing-cost components of transmission system-transmission pricing methods-Incremental cost based transmission pricing.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 2. A.J.Wood & B.F.Woollenberg- John Wiley Power Generation, "Operation and Control"-2<sup>nd</sup> edition.
- 3. P.Venkatesh. B.V.Manikandan, S.Charles Raja- A.Srinivasan, "Electrical power systems: Analysis, security, Deregulation"- PHI 2012

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 3. Bhattacharya, Kankar, Bollen, Math, Daalder, Jaap E. "Operation of Restructured Power System", 2001, Springer.
- 4. Venkatesh P., Manikandan B. V., Raja S. Charles , Srinivasan A. Electrical Power Systems: Analysis, Security And Deregulation, Phi Learning Pvt Ltd



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# M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. EPS

# GAS INSULATED SYSTEMS (GIS) (Core Elective-III)

# **Prerequisite: Switch Gear and Protection**

**Course objectives:** 

- To know the GIS concepts and principles
- To choose Air Insulated Substation and GIS
- To demonstrate the design and constructional aspects of GIS
- To analyze transient phenomenon, problems and diagnostic methods in GIS

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- Know the advantages of GIS systems over air insulated systems
- Observe constructional design features of GIS design
- Discriminate the Problems and design diagnostic methods of GIS

#### UNIT-I:

#### **Introduction to GIS and Properties Of Sf6**

Characteristics of GIS- Introduction to  $SF_6$  - Physical properties-Chemical properties - Electrical properties-Specification of  $SF_6$  gas for GIS application - Handling of  $SF_6$  gas before use - Safe handling of  $Sf_6$  gas in electrical equipment - Equipment for handling the  $SF_6$  Gas -  $SF_6$  and environment.

#### UNIT-II:

#### Layout of GIS Stations

Advancement of GIS station - Comparison with Air Insulated Substation - Economics of GIS - User Requirements for GIS - Main Features for GIS - Planning and Installation components of a GIS station.

#### UNIT-III:

#### **Design and Construction of GIS Station**

Introduction - Rating of GIS components - Design Features - Estimation of different types of Electrical Stresses -Design Aspects of GIS components - Insulation Design for Components - Insulation Design for GIS - Thermal Considerations in the Design of GIS - Effect of very Fast Transient Over-voltages (VFTO) on the GIS design - Insulation Coordination systems - Gas handling and Monitoring System Design.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

#### Fast Transient Phenomena in GIS

Introduction- Disconnector Switching in Relation to Very fast Transients-Origin of VFTO-Propagation and Mechanism of VFTO-VFTO Characteristics- Effects of VFTO-Testing of GIS for VFTO.

#### UNIT-V:

#### Special Problems in GIS and GIS Diagnostics

Introduction - particles their effects and their control- Insulating Spacers and their Reliability -  $SF_6$  Gas Decomposition - Characteristics of imperfections in insulation - Insulation Diagnostic methods - PD Measurement and UHF Method.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 7. M. S. Naidu," Gas Insulated Substations"- IK International Publishing House.
- 8. Hermann J. Koch, "Gas Insulated Substations", June 2014, Wiley-IEEE Press

# **REFERENCES:**

- 3. Olivier Gallot-Lavellee, "Dielectric materials and Electrostatics", Wiley-IEEE Press
- 4. Jaun Martinez, "Dielectric Materials for Electrical Engineering", Wiley-IEEE Press



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#### M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. EPS

# PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC CONTROLLERS AND THEIR APPLICATIONS (Core Elective-III)

#### Prerequisite: No Prerequisite

#### **Course Objectives**

- It is to provide and ensure a comprehensive understanding of using advanced controllers in measurement and control instrumentation.
- To illustrate about data acquisition process of collecting information from field instruments. To analyze Programmable Logic Controller (PLC), IO Modules and internal features.
- To Comprehend Programming in Ladder Logic, addressing of IO.
- To apply PID and its Tunning.

#### **Course Outcomes**

- Describe the main functional units in a PLC and be able to explain how they interact.
- They should know different bus types used in automation industries.
- Development of ladder logic programming for simple process.
- At the end of each chapter, review question, problems given to reinforce their understanding of the concepts.

#### UNIT-I:

PLC Basics PLC system, I/O modules and interfacing CPU processor programming equipment programming formats, construction of PLC ladder diagrams, devices connected to I/O modules.

#### UNIT-II:

PLC Programming input instructions, outputs, operational procedures, programming examples using contacts and coils. Drill-press operation.

Digital logic gates programming in the Boolean algebra system, conversion examples Ladder diagrams for process control Ladder diagrams and sequence listings, ladder diagram construction and flow chart for spray process system.

#### UNIT-III:

PLC Registers: Characteristics of Registers module addressing holding registers input registers, output registers. PLC Functions Timer functions and industrial applications counters counter function industrial applications, Architecture functions, Number comparison functions, number conversion functions.

#### UNIT-IV:

Data handling functions: SKIP, Master control Relay Jump Move FIFO, FAL, ONS, CLR and Sweep functions and their applications. Bit Pattern and changing a bit shift register, sequence functions and applications, controlling of two axes and three axis Robots with PLC, Matrix functions.

#### UNIT-V:

Analog PLC operation: Analog modules and systems Analog signal processing multi bit data processing , analog output application examples, PID principles position indicator with PID control, PID modules, PID tuning, PID functions

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1) Programmable Logic Controllers Principle and Applications by John W. Webb & Ronald A. Reiss, Fifth Edition, PHI
- 2) Digital Design by Morris Mano, PHI, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition 2006.

### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Programmable logic Controllers, Frank D. Petruzella, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Publishers.

- 2. Programmable Logic Controllers Programming Method and Applications by JR. Hackworth & F.D Hackworth Jr. Pearson, 2004.
- 3. Programmable logic controllers and their Engineering Applications, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Alan J. Crispin.



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# M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. EPS

#### HIGH FREQUENCY MAGNETIC COMPONENTS (Core Elective –III)

#### **Course Objectives:**

**Course Outcome:** 

- To have a knowledge on magnetic circuits
- To know the skin effect and proximity effect
- Design of magnetic components (i.e., inductor and transformer) in a converter,
- Steady-state analysis of switched mode power supply
- define core loss in an electromagnetic device, and recognise & describe its effect
- describe the engineering uses of electromagnetic waves, by frequency band, and the respective hazards associated with them

#### UNIT-I:

**Fundamentals of Magnetic Devices:** Introduction, Magnetic Relationships, Magnetic Circuits, Magnetic Laws, Eddy Currents, Core Saturation, Volt-Second Balance, Inductance, Inductance Factor, Magnetic Energy, Self-Resonant Frequency, Classification of Power Losses in Magnetic Components, Non-inductive Coils.

Magnetic Cores: Introduction, Properties of Core Materials, Magnetic Dipoles, Magnetic Domains, Curie Temperature, Magnetization, Magnetic Materials, Hysteresis, Core Permeability, Core Geometries, Iron Alloy Cores, Amorphous Alloy Cores, Nickel–Iron and Cobalt–Iron Cores, Ferrite Cores, Powder Cores, Nano-crystalline Cores, Superconductors, Hysteresis Core Loss, Eddy-Current Core Loss, Total Core Loss, Complex Permeability.

#### UNIT-II:

**Skin Effect & Proximity Effect:** Introduction, Magnet Wire, Wire Insulation, Skin Depth, Ratio of AC-to-DC Winding Resistance, Skin Effect in Long Single Round Conductor, Current Density in Single Round Conductor, Impedance of Round Conductor, Magnetic Field Intensity for Round Wire, Other Methods of Determining the Round Wire Inductance, Power Density in Round Conductor, Skin Effect on Single Rectangular Plate. Proximity and Skin Effects in Two Parallel Plates, Anti-proximity and Skin Effects in Two Parallel Plates, Proximity Effect in Multiple-Layer Inductor, Appendix: Derivation of Proximity Power Loss.

**Winding Resistance at High Frequencies:** Introduction, Winding Resistance, Square and Round Conductors, Winding Resistance of Rectangular Conductor, Winding Resistance of Square Wire, Winding Resistance of Round Wire, Leakage Inductance, Solution for Round Conductor Winding in Cylindrical Coordinates, Litz Wire, Winding Power Loss for Inductor Current with Harmonics, Effective Winding Resistance for Non-sinusoidal Inductor Current, Thermal Model of Inductors.

#### UNIT-III:

**Transformers:** Introduction, Neumann's Formula for Mutual Inductance, Mutual Inductance, Energy Stored in Coupled Inductors, Magnetizing Inductance, Leakage Inductance, Measurement of Transformer Inductances, Stray Capacitance, High-Frequency Transformer Model, Non-interleaved Windings, Interleaved Windings, AC Current Transformers, Winding Power Losses with Harmonics, Thermal Model of Transformers.

**Design of Transformers:** Introduction, Area Product Method, Optimum Flux Density, Transformer Design for Fly-back Converter in CCM, Transformer Design for Fly-back Converter in DCM, Transformer Design for Fly-back Converter in DCM.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

**Integrated Inductors:** Introduction, Resistance of Rectangular Trace, Inductance of Straight Rectangular Trace, Construction of Integrated Inductors, Meander Inductors, Inductance of Straight Round Conductor, Inductance of Circular Round Wire Loop, Inductance of Two-Parallel Wire Loop, Inductance of Rectangle of Round Wire, Inductance of Polygon Round Wire Loop, Bond-wire Inductors, Single-Turn Planar Inductor, Inductance of Planar Square Loop, Planar Spiral Inductors, Multi-metal Spiral Inductors, Planar Transformers, MEMS Inductors, Inductance of Coaxial Cable, Inductance of Two-Wire Transmission Line, Eddy Currents in Integrated Inductors, Model of RF Integrated Inductors, PCB Inductors.



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Design of Inductors: Introduction, Restrictions on Inductors, Window Utilization Factor, Temperature Rise of Inductors, Mean Turn Length of Inductors, Area Product Method, AC Inductor Design, Inductor Design for Buck Converter in CCM, Inductor Design for Buck Converter in DCM method.

# **UNIT-V:**

Self-Capacitance: Introduction, High-Frequency Inductor Model, Self-Capacitance Components, Capacitance of Parallel-Plate Capacitor, Self-Capacitance of Foil Winding Inductors, Capacitance of Two Parallel Round Conductors, Capacitance of Round Conductor and Conducting Plane, Self-Capacitance of Single-Layer Inductors, Self-Capacitance of Multi-layer Inductors, Capacitance of Coaxial Cable.

# **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Design of Magnetic Components for Switched Mode Power Converters, Umanand L., Bhat,S.R., ISBN:978-81-224-0339-8, Wiley Eastern Publication, 1992.

# **REFERENCES:**

- 1. High-Frequency Magnetic Components, Marian K. Kazimierczuk, ISBN: 978-0-470-71453-9 John Wiley & Sons. Inc.
- G.C. Chryssis, High frequency switching power supplies, McGraw Hill, 1989 (2nd Edn.) 2.
- 3. Eric Lowdon, Practical Transformer Design Handbook, Howard W. Sams & Co., Inc., 1980
- "Thompson --- Electrodynamic Magnetic Suspension.pdf" 4.
- 5. Witulski --- "Introduction to modeling of transformers and coupled inductors" Beattie ---"Inductance 101.pdf"
- 6. P. L. Dowell, "Effects of eddy currents in transformer windings.pdf"
- 7. Dixon--- "Eddy current losses in transformer windings.pdf"
- 8. J J Ding, J S Buckkeridge, "Design Considerations For A Sustainable Hybrid Energy System" IPENZ Transactions, 2000, Vol. 27, No. 1/EMCh.
- 9. Texas Instruments --- "Windings.pdf"
- 10. Texas Instruments --- "Magnetic core characteristics.pdf"
- 11. Ferroxcube --- "3f3 ferrite datasheet.pdf"
- 12. Ferroxcube --- "Ferrite selection guide.pdf"
- 13. Magnetics, Inc., Ferrite Cores (www.mag-inc.com).



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#### M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. EPS

#### REACTIVE POWER COMPENSATION AND MANAGEMENT

(Core Elective –IV)

# Prerequisite: Power Systems-II

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To identify the necessity of reactive power compensation
- To describe load compensation
- To select various types of reactive power compensation in transmission systems
- To contrast reactive power coordination system
- To characterize distribution side and utility side reactive power management.

**Course Outcomes:** Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- Distinguish the importance of load compensation in symmetrical as well as un symmetrical loads
- Observe various compensation methods in transmission lines
- Construct model for reactive power coordination
- Distinguish demand side reactive power management & user side reactive power management

#### UNIT-I:

**Load Compensation:** Objectives and specifications – reactive power characteristics – inductive and capacitive approximate biasing – Load compensator as a voltage regulator – phase balancing and power factor correction of unsymmetrical loads- examples.

#### UNIT-II:

**Steady – State Reactive Power Compensation in Transmission System:** Uncompensated line – types of compensation – Passive shunt and series and dynamic shunt compensation – examples

**Transient state reactive power compensation in transmission systems:** Characteristic time periods – passive shunt compensation – static compensations- series capacitor compensation – compensation using synchronous condensers – examples

#### UNIT-III:

**Reactive Power Coordination:** Objective – Mathematical modeling – Operation planning – transmission benefits – Basic concepts of quality of power supply – disturbances- steady –state variations – effects of under voltages – frequency –Harmonics, radio frequency and electromagnetic interferences

#### UNIT-IV:

**Demand Side Management:** Load patterns – basic methods load shaping – power tariffs- KVAR based tariffs penalties for voltage flickers and Harmonic voltage levels

**Distribution side Reactive power Management**:: System losses –loss reduction methods – examples – Reactive power planning – objectives – Economics Planning capacitor placement – retrofitting of capacitor banks

#### **UNIT-V:**

**User Side Reactive Power Management:** KVAR requirements for domestic appliances – Purpose of using capacitors – selection of capacitors – deciding factors – types of available capacitor, characteristics and Limitations

**Reactive power management in electric traction systems and are furnaces:** Typical layout of traction systems – reactive power control requirements – distribution transformers- Electric arc furnaces – basic operations- furnaces transformer –filter requirements – remedial measures – power factor of an arc furnace

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Reactive power control in Electric power systems by T.J.E.Miller, John Wiley and sons, 1982.
- 2. Reactive power Management by D.M.Tagare, Tata McGraw Hill, 2004.

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Wolfgang Hofmann, Jurgen Schlabbach, Wolfgang Just "Reactive Power Compensation: A Practical Guide, April, 2012, Wiely publication.



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# POWER SYSTEM RELIABILITY

(Core Elective-IV)

# Prerequisite: Reliability Engineering

**Course Objectives:** 

- To identify the generation system model and recursive relation for capacitive model building
- To calculate the equivalent transitional rates, cumulative probability and cumulative frequency
- To classify the risk, system and load point reliability indices
- To evaluate the basic reliability indices

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- Find loss of load and energy indices for generation systems model
- Describe merging generation and load models
- Apply various indices for distribution systems

# UNIT-I:

Generating System Reliability Analysis – I: Generation system model – capacity outage probability tables – Recursive relation for capacitive model building – sequential addition method – unit removal

- Evaluation of loss of load and energy indices - Examples.

#### UNIT-II:

**Generating System Reliability Analysis – II:** Frequency and Duration methods – Evaluation of equivalent transitional rates of identical and non-identical units – Evaluation of cumulative probability and cumulative frequency of non-identical generating units – 2- level daily load representation - merging generation and load models – Examples.

#### UNIT-III:

**Operating Reserve Evaluation:** Basic concepts - risk indices – PJM methods – security function approach – rapid start and hot reserve units – Modelling using STPM approach.

**Bulk Power System Reliability Evaluation:** Basic configuration – conditional probability approach – system and load point reliability indices – weather effects on transmission lines – Weighted average rate and Markov model – Common mode failures.

#### UNIT-IV:

**Inter Connected System Reliability Analysis:** Probability array method – Two inter connected systems with independent loads – effects of limited and unlimited tie capacity - imperfect tie – Two connected Systems with correlated loads – Expression for cumulative probability and cumulative frequency.

**Distribution System Reliability Analysis – I (Radial configuration):** Basic Techniques – Radial networks –Evaluation of Basic reliability indices, performance indices – load point and system reliability indices – customer oriented, loss and energy oriented indices – Examples.

### UNIT-V:

**Distribution System Reliability Analysis - II (Parallel Configuration):** Basic techniques – inclusion of bus bar failures, scheduled maintenance – temporary and transient failures – weather effects – common mode failures –Evaluation of various indices – Examples **Substations and Switching Stations:** Effects of short-circuits - breaker operation – Open and Short-circuit failures – Active and Passive failures – switching after faults – circuit breaker model – preventive maintenance – exponential maintenance times.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Reliability Evaluation of Power systems by R. Billinton, R.N.Allan, BS Publications, 2007.
- 2. Reliability Modeling in Electric Power Systems by J. Endrenyi, John Wiley and Sons, 1978

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Reliability Engineering: Theory and Practice by Alessandro Birolini, Springer Publications.
- 2. An Introduction to Reliability and Maintainability Engineering by Charles Ebeling, TMH Publications.
- 3. Reliability Engineering by E. Balaguruswamy, TMH Publications.
- 4. Reliability Engineering by Elsayed A. Elsayed, Prentice Hall Publications.

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# M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. EPS

#### VOLTAGE STABILITY (Core Elective–IV)

Prerequisite: Computers Methods in Power Systems Course Objectives:

- To choose SEC Planning and Operational Standards of Security
- To estimate Reactive Power Control in Generation/Transmission Interconnected Networks
- To apply sstability/Instability in Generation/Transmission Interconnected Networks
- To analyze design and Operational Solutions
- To characterize voltage Control in Distribution Networks
- **Course Outcomes:** Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to
  - Understand issues related to power system stability and control.
  - Demonstrate various load models in voltage stability analysis.
  - Detect reactive power compensation techniques & their practical importance

#### UNIT-I:

#### Introduction to Voltage Stability

Definitions: Voltage Stability, Voltage Collapse, Voltage Security; Physical relation indicating dependency of voltage on reactive power flow; Factors affecting Voltage collapse and instability; Previous cases of voltage collapse incidences.

#### UNIT-II:

#### **Graphical Analysis of Voltage Stability**

Comparison of Voltage and angular stability of the system; Graphical Methods describing voltage collapse phenomenon: P-V and Q-V curves; detailed description of voltage collapse phenomenon with the help of Q-V curves.

#### UNIT-III:

#### Analysis of Voltage Stability

Analysis of voltage stability on SMLB system: Analytical treatment and analysis.

#### Voltage Stability Indices:

Voltage collapse proximity indicator; Determinant of Jacobin as proximity indicators; Voltage stability margin.

#### UNIT-IV:

#### **Power System Loads**

Loads that influences voltage stability: Discharge lights, Induction Motor, Air-conditioning, heat pumps, electronic power supplies, OH lines and cables.

#### **Reactive Power Compensation:**

Generation and Absorption of reactive power; Series and Shunt compensation; Synchronous condensers, SVC s; OLTC s; Booster Transformers.

#### UNIT-V:

#### Voltage Stability Margin

Stability Margin: Compensated and un-compensated systems.

#### Voltage Security

Definition; Voltage security; Methods to improve voltage stability and its practical aspects.

#### TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. "Performance, operation and control of EHV power transmission system"-A.CHAKRABARTHY, D.P.KOTARI and A.K.MUKOPADYAY, A.H.Wheeler Publishing, I Edition, 1995.
- 2. "Power System Dynamics: Stability and Control" K.R.PADIYAR, II Edition, B.S.Publications.

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. "Power System Voltage Stability"- C.W.TAYLOR, Mc Graw Hill, 1994.



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### M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. EPS

#### INSTRUMENTATION AND CONTROL (Open Elective – II)

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To provide good knowledge of Instrumentation systems and their applications.
- To provide knowledge of advanced control theory and its applications to engineering problems.
- To have a comprehensive idea about P,PI,PD,PID controllers

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- Ability to understand and analyze Instrumentation systems and their applications to various industries.
- Ability to apply advanced control theory to practical engineering problems.

#### Unit-I

Instrumentation: Introduction to mechanical systems and their structure and function, Performance Characteristics – Static and Dynamic, Fundamentals of signals acquisition, conditioning and processing,

#### Unit-II

Measurement of temperature, pressure, flow, position, velocity, acceleration, force, torque etc.

#### Unit-III

Control: Introduction to control systems, mathematical model of physical systems in transfer function and state space forms, response of dynamic systems, concept of pole & zero of a system,

#### Unit-IV

Realization of transfer functions, stability analysis. Introduction of discrete time system. Controllers: P, PI, PD, PID, Feed forward etc., tuning of controller parameters, disturbance rejection, implementation of controller using digital computer.

#### Unit-V

Control components: Actuator (ac & dc servomotors, valve), AC, DC tacho-generators, servo amplifier.

#### TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Jhon P Bently, "Principles of Measurement Systems" 3<sup>rd</sup>. Edition, Pearson
- 2. Alok Barua, "Fundamentals of Industrial Instrumentation' Wiely India, 2011
- 3. William Bolton, "Instrumentation and Control Systems" Elsevier, 2015

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. William Bolton, "Industrial Control and Instrumentation" University Press, 1991

2.Norman A Anderson," Instrumentation for Process Measurement and Control" CRC, 1997 3.A. K, Ghosh, "Introduction to Instrumentation and Control" Prentice Hall of India, 2005

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### M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. EPS

#### INTELLIGENT CONTROL (Open Elective-II)

#### **Course Objectives:**

- Gaining an understanding of the functional operation of a variety of intelligent control techniques and their biofoundations
- The study of control-theoretic foundations
- learning analytical approaches to study properties

#### **Course Outcome:**

- To give a solid understanding of Basic Neural Network, Fuzzy Logic and Genetic algorithms.
- To know how to use Soft Computing to solve real-world problems mainly pertaining to Control system applications

#### Unit-I

Introduction and motivation. Approaches to intelligent control. Architecture for intelligent control. Symbolic reasoning system, rule-based systems, the AI approach. Knowledge representation. Expert systems.

#### Unit-II

Concept of Artificial Neural Networks and its basic mathematical model, McCulloch-Pitts neuron model, simple perceptron, Adaline and Madaline, Feedforward Multilayer Perceptron. Learning and Training the neural network. Data Processing: Scaling, Fourier transformation, principal-component analysis.

#### Unit-III

Networks: Hopfield network, Self-organizing network and Recurrent network. Neural Network based controller Case studies: Identification and control of linear and nonlinear dynamic systems using Matlab-Neural Network toolbox. Stability analysis of Neural-Network interconnection systems.

#### Unit-IV

Genetic Algorithm: Basic concept of Genetic algorithm and detail algorithmic steps, adjustment of free parameters. Solution of typical control problems using genetic algorithm. Concept on some other search techniques like tabu search and ant-colony search techniques for solving optimization problems.

#### Unit-V

Introduction to crisp sets and fuzzy sets, basic fuzzy set operation and approximate reasoning. Introduction to fuzzy logic modeling and control. Fuzzification, inferencing and defuzzification. Fuzzy knowledge and rule bases. Fuzzy modeling and control schemes for nonlinear systems. Fuzzy logic control for nonlinear time-delay system. Implementation of fuzzy logic controller using Matlab fuzzy-logic toolbox. Stability analysis of fuzzy control systems.

#### TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Simon Haykins, Neural Networks: A comprehensive Foundation, Pearson Edition, 2003.
- 2. T.J.Ross, Fuzzy logic with Fuzzy Applications, Mc Graw Hill Inc, 1997.
- 3. David E Goldberg, Genetic Algorithms.
- 4. John Yen and Reza Langari, Fuzzy logic Intelligence, Control, and Information, Pearson Education, Indian Edition, 2003.

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- 1. M.T.Hagan, H. B. Demuth and M. Beale, Neural Network Design, Indian reprint, 2008.
- 2. Fredric M.Ham and Ivica Kostanic, Principles of Neurocomputing for science and Engineering, McGraw Hill, 2001.
- 3. N.K. Bose and P.Liang, Neural Network Fundamentals with Graphs, Algorithms and Applications, Mc Graw Hill, Inc. 1996.
- 4. Yung C. Shin and Chengying Xu, Intelligent System Modeling, Optimization and Control, CRC Press, 2009.
- 5. N.K.Sinha and Madan M Gupta, Soft computing & Intelligent Systems Theory & Applications, Indian Edition, Elsevier, 2007.
- 6. Witold Pedrycz, Fuzzy Control and Fuzzy Systms, Overseas Press, Indian Edition, 2008.



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### M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. EPS

### SMART GRID TECHNOLOGIES (Open Elective–II)

Prerequisite: Electrical and Electronic Instrumentation Course Objectives:

- To group various aspects of the smart grid,
- To defend smart grid design to meet the needs of a utility
- To select issues and challenges that remain to be solved
- To analyze basics of electricity, electricity generation, economics of supply and demand, and the various aspects of electricity market operations in both regulated and deregulated environment.

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- Recite the structure of an electricity market in either regulated or deregulated market conditions.
- Understand the advantages of DC distribution and developing technologies in distribution
- Discriminate the trade-off between economics and reliability of an electric power system.
- Differentiate various investment options (e.g. generation capacities, transmission, renewable, demand-side resources, etc) in electricity markets.
- Analyze the development of smart and intelligent domestic systems.

#### UNIT-I:

**Introduction:** Introduction to smart grid- Electricity network-Local energy networks- Electric transportation- Low carbon central generation-Attributes of the smart grid- Alternate views of a smart grid.

**Smart Grid to Evolve a Perfect Power System:** Introduction- Overview of the perfect power system configurations- Device level power system- Building integrated power systems- Distributed power systems- Fully integrated power system-Nodes of innovation.

#### UNIT-II:

**DC Distribution and Smart Grid:** AC vs DC sources-Benefits of and drives of DC power delivery systems-Powering equipment and appliances with DC-Data centers and information technology loads-Future neighborhood-Potential future work and research.

Intelligrid Architecture for the Smartgrid: Introduction- Launching intelligrid-Intelligrid today- Smart grid vision based on the intelligrid architecture-Barriers and enabling technologies.

#### UNIT-III:

**Dynamic Energy Systems Concept:** Smart energy efficient end use devices-Smart distributed energy resources-Advanced whole building control systems- Integrated communications architecture-Energy management-Role of technology in demand response- Current limitations to dynamic energy management-Distributed energy resources-Overview of a dynamic energy management-Key characteristics of smart devices- Key characteristics of advanced whole building control systems-Key characteristics of dynamic energy management system.

#### UNIT-IV:

Energy Port as Part of the Smart Grid: Concept of energy -Port, generic features of the energy port.

Policies and Programs to Encourage End – Use Energy Efficiency: Policies and programs in action -multinational - national-statecity and corporate levels.

Market Implementation: Framework-factors influencing customer acceptance and response - program planning-monitoring and evaluation.

#### UNIT-V:

Efficient Electric End – Use Technology Alternatives: Existing technologies – lighting - Space conditioning - Indoor air quality - Domestic water heating - hyper efficient appliances - Ductless residential heat pumps and air conditioners - Variable refrigerant flow air conditioning-Heat pump water heating - Hyper efficient residential appliances - Data center energy efficiency- LED street and area lighting - Industrial motors and drives - Equipment retrofit and replacement - Process heating - Cogeneration, Thermal energy storage - Industrial energy management programs - Manufacturing process-Electro-technologies, Residential, Commercial and industrial sectors. **TEXT BOOKS:** 

- 1. Clark W Gellings, "The Smart Grid, Enabling Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Response"-CRC Press, 2009.
- 2. Jean Claude Sabonnadière, NouredineHadjsaïd, "Smart Grids", Wiley-ISTE, IEEE Press, May 2012

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. JanakaEkanayake, KithsiriLiyanage,Jianzhong.Wu, Akihiko Yokoyama, Nick Jenkins, "Smart Grid: Technology and Applications"- Wiley, 2012.
- 2. James Momoh, "Smart Grid :Fundamentals of Design and Analysis"-Wiley, IEEE Press, 2012.



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M.Tech R15 Regulations

# M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. EPS

#### AI TECHNIQUES IN ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING (Open Elective-II)

# **Course Objectives:**

- To locate soft commanding methodologies, such as artificial neural networks, Fuzzy logic and genetic Algorithms.
- To observe the concepts of feed forward neural networks and about feedback neural networks.
- To practice the concept of fuzziness involved in various systems and comprehensive knowledge of fuzzy logic control and to design the fuzzy control
- To analyze genetic algorithm, genetic operations and genetic mutations.

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- Quote feed forward neural networks and learning and understanding of feedback neural networks.
- Generalize fuzziness involved in various systems and fuzzy set theory.
- Select fuzzy logic control and design
- Examine genetic algorithm and applications in electrical engineering.

#### UNIT – I:

Artificial Neural Networks: Introduction-Models of Neural Network - Architectures – Knowledge representation – Artificial Intelligence and Neural networks–Learning process – Error correction learning – Hebbian learning –Competitive learning –Boltzman learning –Supervised learning – Unsupervised learning – Reinforcement learning- learning tasks.

#### UNIT-II:

 $- \ Radial \ Basis \ Function \ Network - Functional \ link, \ network - Hopfield \ Network.$ 

#### UNIT – III:

Fuzzy Logic: Introduction – Fuzzy versus crisp – Fuzzy sets - Membership function – Basic Fuzzy set operations – Properties of Fuzzy sets – Fuzzy cartesion Product –Operations on Fuzzy relations – Fuzzy logic – Fuzzy Quantifiers-Fuzzy Inference-Fuzzy Rule based system-Defuzzification methods.

#### UNIT – IV:

**Genetic Algorithms:** Introduction-Encoding –Fitness Function-Reproduction operators-Genetic Modeling –Genetic operators-Crossover-Single – site crossover-Two point crossover –Multi point crossover-Uniform crossover – Matrix crossover-Crossover Rate-Inversion & Deletion –Mutation operator –Mutation Rate-Bit-wise operators-Generational cycle-convergence of Genetic Algorithm.

#### UNIT-V:

**Applications of AI Techniques:** Load forecasting – Load flow studies – Economic load dispatch – Load frequency control – Single area system and two area system – Small Signal Stability (Dynamic stability) Reactive power control – speed control of DC and AC Motors.

#### **TEXT BOOK:**

- 1. S.Rajasekaran and G.A.V.Pai, "Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic & Genetic Algorithms"-
- PHI, New Delhi, 2003.

- 1. P.D.Wasserman, Van Nostrand Reinhold,"Neural Computing Theory & Practice"-New York, 1989.
- 2. Bart Kosko,"Neural Network & Fuzzy System" Prentice Hall, 1992.
- 3. G.J.Klir and T.A.Folger,"Fuzzy sets, Uncertainty and Information"-PHI, Pvt.Ltd, 1994.
- 4. D.E.Goldberg," Genetic Algorithms"- Addison Wesley 1999.



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M.Tech R15 Regulations

# M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. EPS

#### RELIABILITY ENGINEERING (Open Elective –II)

#### **Course Objectives**

- To comprehend the c o n c e p t o f Reliability and Unreliability
- Derive the expressions for probability of failure, Expected value and standard deviation of Binominal distribution, Poisson distribution, normal distribution and weibull distributions.
- Formulating expressions for Reliability analysis of series-parallel and Non-series parallel systems
- Deriving expressions for Time dependent and Limiting State Probabilities using Markov models.

#### Learning Outcomes

- Apply fundamental knowledge of Reliability to modeling and analysis of series- parallel and Non-series parallel systems.
- Solve some practical problems related with Generation, Transmission and Utilization of Electrical Energy.
- Understand or become aware of various failures, causes of failures and remedies for failures in practical systems.

#### Unit I:

Rules for combining probabilities of events, Definition of Reliability. Significance of the terms appearing in the definition. Probability distributions: Random variables, probability density and distribution functions. Mathematical expectation, Binominal distribution, Poisson distribution, normal distribution, weibull distribution.

#### Unit II:

Hazard rate, derivation of the reliability function in terms of the hazard rate. Failures: Causes of failures, types of failures (early failures, chance failures and wear-out failures). Bath tub curve. Preventive and corrective maintenance. Modes of failure. Measures of reliability: mean time to failure and mean time between failures.

#### Unit III:

Classification of engineering systems: series, parallel and series-parallel systems- Expressions for the reliability of the basic configurations. Reliability evaluation of Non-series-parallel configurations: Decomposition, Path based and cutest based methods, Deduction of the Paths and cutsets from Event tree.

#### Unit IV:

Discrete Markov Chains: General modelling concepts, stochastic transitional probability matrix, time dependent probability evaluation and limiting state probability evaluation of one component repairable model. Absorbing states.

Continuous Markov Processes: Modelling concepts, State space diagrams, Stochastic Transitional Probability Matrix, Evaluating time dependent and limiting state Probabilities of one component repairable model. Evaluation of Limiting state probabilities of two component repairable model.

#### UNIT-V:

Approximate system Reliability analysis of Series systems, parallel systems with two and more than two components, Network reduction techniques. Minimal cutest/failure mode approach.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. "Reliability evaluation of Engineering systems", Roy Billinton and Ronald N Allan, BS Publications.
- 2. "Reliability Engineering", Elsayed A. Elsayed, Prentice Hall Publications.

- 1. "Reliability Engineering: Theory and Practice", By Alessandro Birolini, Springer Publications.
- 2. "An Introduction to Reliability and Maintainability Engineering", Charles Ebeling, TMH Publications.
- 3. "Reliability Engineering", E. Balaguruswamy, TMH Publications.



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#### M. TECH - I YEAR - II SEM. EPS

# ENERGY AUDITING, CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT (Open Elective –II)

# Prerequisite: Electrical Distribution Systems

**Course Objectives:** 

- To know the necessity of conservation of energy
- To generalize the methods of energy management
- To illustrate the factors to increase the efficiency of electrical equipment
- To detect the benefits of carrying out energy audits.

Course Outcomes: Upon the completion of the subject, the student will be able to

- Tell energy audit of industries
- Predict management of energy systems
- Sequence the methods of improving efficiency of electric motor
- Analyze the power factor and to design a good illumination system
- Determine pay back periods for energy saving equipment

#### UNIT-I:

**Basic Principles of Energy Audit:** Energy audit- definitions, concept, types of audit, energy index, cost index, pie charts, Sankey diagrams, load profiles, Energy conservation schemes- Energy audit of industries- energy saving potential, energy audit of process industry, thermal power station, building energy audit.

#### UNIT-II:

**Energy Management:** Principles of energy management, organizing energy management program, initiating, planning, controlling, promoting, monitoring, reporting- Energy manager, Qualities and functions, language, Questionnaire – check list for top management.

#### UNIT-III:

**Energy Efficient Motors:** Energy efficient motors, factors affecting efficiency, loss distribution, constructional details, characteristics - variable speed, variable duty cycle systems, RMS hp- voltage variation-voltage unbalance- over motoring- motor energy audit

#### UNIT-IV:

**Power Factor Improvement, Lighting and Energy Instruments:** Power factor – methods of improvement, location of capacitors, Pf with non linear loads, effect of harmonics on power factor, power factor motor controllers - Good lighting system design and practice, lighting control ,lighting energy audit - Energy Instruments- wattmeter, data loggers, thermocouples, pyrometers,lux meters, tongue testers ,application of PLC's.

#### UNIT-V:

**Economic Aspects and Analysis:** Economics Analysis-Depreciation Methods, time value of money, rate of return, present worth method, replacement analysis, life cycle costing analysis- Energy efficient motors- calculation of simple payback method, net present worth method- Power factor correction, lighting - Applications of life cycle costing analysis, return on investment.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Energy management by W.R. Murphy AND G. Mckay Butter worth, Heinemann publications.
- 2. Energy management by Paul o' Callaghan, Mc-graw Hill Book company-1st edition, 1998

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Energy efficient electric motors by John .C. Andreas, Marcel Dekker Inc Ltd-2nd edition, 1995-
- 2. Energy management hand book by W.C.Turner, John wiley and sons
- 3. Energy management and good lighting practice : fuel efficiency- booklet12-EEO



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# M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. EPS

# POWER SYSTEM LAB – II

- 1. Determination of Equivalent circuit of a 3-Winding Transformer.
- 2. Determination of Sequence Impedances of a Cylindrical Rotor Synchronous Machine.
- 3. Fault Analysis:
  - i. Single Line to Ground fault (L-G).
  - ii. Line to Line fault (L-L).
  - iii. Double Line to Ground fault (L-L-G).
  - iv. Triple Line to Ground fault (L-L-L-G).
- 4. Determination of Sub-transient reactance's of a Salient Pole Synchronous Machine.
- 5. Determination of Sequence Impedances of Three Phase Transformer
- 6. Characteristics of Over Current Relays
  - i. IDMT Electromagnetic Relay (7051 A).
  - ii. Microprocessor based Relay (7051 B)
- 7. Characteristics of Percentage biased Differential Relay.
  - i. Electromagnetic Relay (7054 A).
  - ii. Static Relay (7054 B).
- 8. Characteristics of Over Voltage Relay.
  - i. Electromagnetic Relay (7053 A).
  - ii. Microprocessor based Relay (7053 B).
- 9. Characteristics of Under Voltage (UV) and Negative sequence Relays
  - i. Uv Electromagnetic Relay (7052 A).
  - ii. Uv Microprocessor Based Relay (7052 B).
  - iii. Static Negative Sequence Relay (7055 B).
- 10. Performance and Testing of Generator Protection System.
- 11. Performance and Testing of Transformer Protection System.
- 12. Performance and Testing of Feeder Protection System.
- 13. Performance and Testing of Transmission Line Model.
- 14. Differential protection on Single Phase Transformer.

Note: From the above list minimum 10 experiments are to be conducted

M.Tech R15 Regulations

# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

# M.TECH - ELECRICAL POWER SYSTEMS/POWER ENGINEERING AND ENERGY SYSTEMS/ POWER SYSTEM CONTROL AND AUTOMATION/ ELECRICAL POWER ENGINEERING

# COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS

#### I Year I Semester

Code	Group	Subject	L	Р	Credits
		Advanced Power System Analysis	3	-	3
		Advanced Power System Protection	3	-	3
		Renewable Energy Systems	3	-	3
		Modern Control Theory	3	-	3
	Elective –I	High Voltage Engineering EHV AC Transmission Microcontrollers and Applications	3	-	3
	Elective -II	Power Quality HVDC Transmission Distribution Automation	3	-	3
	Lab	Power Systems Lab-I	-	3	2
		Seminar	-	-	2
		Total Credits	18	3	22

#### I Year II Semester

Code	Group	Subject	L	Р	Credits
		Power System Dynamics	3	-	3
		Flexible AC Transmission Systems (FACTS)	3	-	3
		Power System Operation and Deregulation	3	-	3
		AI Techniques in Electrical Power Engineering	3	-	3
	Elective -III	Gas Insulated Systems(GIS) Electric Smart Grid Energy Auditing, Conservation and Management	3	-	3
	Elective –IV	Reactive Power Compensation and Management Power System Reliability Voltage Stability	3	-	3
	Lab	Power Systems Lab-II	-	3	2
		Seminar	-	-	2
		Total Credits	18	3	22

#### Il Year - I Semester

Code	Group	Subject	L	Р	Credits
		Comprehensive Viva-Voce	-	-	2
		Project Seminar	-	3	2
		Project work	-	-	18
		Total Credits	-	3	22

#### Il Year - Il Semester

Code	Group	Subject	L	Р	Credits
		Project work Part-II and Seminar	-	-	22
		Total Credits	-	-	22

# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – I SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) ADVANCED POWER SYSTEM ANALYSIS

# UNIT-I:

Admittance Model and Network Calculations, Branch and Node Admittances, Mutually Coupled Branches in  $Y_{BUS}$ , An Equivalent Admittance Network, Modification of  $Y_{BUS}$ , Network Incidence Matrix and  $Y_{BUS}$ , Method of Successive Elimination, Node Elimination, Triangular Factorization, Sparsity and Near Optimal Ordering.

# UNIT-II:

Impedance Model and Network Calculations, the BUS Admittance and Impedance Matrices, Thevenin's Theorem and  $Z_{BUS}$ , Algorithms for building  $Z_{BUS}$  Modification of existing  $Z_{BUS}$ , Calculation of  $Z_{BUS}$  elements from  $Y_{BUS}$ . Power Invariant Transformations, Mutually Coupled Branches in  $Z_{BUS}$ .

# UNIT-III:

Gauss Seidel method, N-R Method, Decoupled method, fast decoupled method, comparison between power flow solutions. DC load flow.

# UNIT-IV:

Z<sub>BUS</sub> Method in Contingency Analysis, Adding and Removing Multiple Lines, Piecewise Solution of Interconnected Systems, Analysis of Single Contingencies, Analysis of Multiple Contingencies, Contingency Analysis of DC Model, System Reduction for Contingency and Fault Studies.

# UNIT-V:

Fault Analysis: Symmetrical faults-Fault calculations using  $Z_{BUS}$ - Fault calculations using  $Z_{BUS}$  equivalent circuits –Selection of circuit breakers- Unsymmetrical faults-Problems on various types of faults.

# **TEXT BOOK:**

1. John J.Grainger and W.D. Stevenson," Power System Analysis "- T.M.H.Edition.

# **REFERENCE:**

- 1. Olle. L.Elgard, "Electrical Energy Systems Theory"-T.M.H.Edition.
- 2. Power systems stability and control, Prabha Kundur, The Mc Graw Hill companies.
- 3. Power System Operation and Control, Dr. K. Uma Rao, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Operation and Control in Power Systems, PSR Murthy, Bs Publications.
- 5. Power System Operation, Robert H. Miller, Jamesh H. Malinowski, The Mc Graw Hill companies.
- Power Systems Analysis, operation and control by Abhijit Chakrabarti, Sunitha Halder, PHI 3/e, 2010.
- 7. Modern Power System Analysis by I.J.Nagrath & D.P.Kothari Tata M Graw Hill Publishing Company Ltd, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition.

- 1. Power System Analysis and Design by J.Duncan Glover and M.S.Sarma., cengage 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition.
- 2. Electric Energy systems Theory by O.I.Elgerd, Tata Mc Graw-hill Publishing Company Ltd., Second edition.
- 3. Power System Analysis by Grainger and Stevenson, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 4. Power System Analysis by C.L.Wadhwa, Newage International-3<sup>rd</sup> Edition.

# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – I SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) ADVANCED POWER SYSTEM PROTECTION

# UNIT-I:

**Static Relays :** Advantages of static relays-Basic construction of static relays-Level detectors-Replica impedance –Mixing circuits-General equation for two input phase and amplitude comparators-Duality between amplitude and phase comparators.

**Amplitude Comparators:** Circulating current type and opposed voltage type- rectifier bridge comparators, Direct and Instantaneous comparators.

# UNIT-II:

**Phase Comparators :** Coincidence circuit type- block spike phase comparator, techniques to measure the period of coincidence-Integrating type-Rectifier and Vector product type- Phase comparators.

Static Over Current Relays: Instantaneous over-current relay-Time over-current relays-basic principles – definite time and Inverse definite time over-current relays.

# UNIT-III:

**Static Differential Relays :** Analysis of Static Differential Relays – Static Relay schemes – Duo bias transformer differential protection – Harmonic restraint relay.

**Static Distance Relays:** Static impedance-reactance–MHO and angle impedance relay-sampling comparator –realization of reactance and MHO relay using sampling comparator.

# UNIT-IV:

**Multi-input Comparators :** Conic section characteristics-Three input amplitude comparator –Hybrid comparator-switched distance schemes –Poly phase distance schemes- phase fault scheme –three phase scheme – combined and ground fault scheme.

**Power Swings:** Effect of power swings on the performance of distance relays –Power swing analysis-Principle of out of step tripping and blocking relays-effect of line and length and source impedance on distance relays.

#### UNIT-V:

**Microprocessor Based Protective Relays :** (Block diagram and flowchart approach only)-Over current relays-impedance relays-directional relay-reactance relay .Generalized mathematical expressions for distance relays-measurement of resistance and reactance –MHO and offset MHO relays-Realization of MHO characteristics -Realization of offset MHO characteristics -Basic principle of Digital computer relaying.

# **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Badri Ram and D.N.Vishwakarma, "Power system protection and Switch gear ", TMH publication New Delhi 1995.

# **REFERENCE:**

- 1. T.S.Madhava Rao, "Static relays", TMH publication, second edition 1989.
- 2. Protection and Switchgear, Bhavesh Bhalja, R. P. Mahesheari, Nilesh G. Chothani, Oxford University Press.
- 3. Electrical Power System Protection, C. Christopoulos and A. Wright, Springer International.

# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – I SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS

# UNIT-I:

Photo voltaic power generation, spectral distribution of energy in solar radiation, solar cell configurations, voltage developed by solar cell, photo current and load current, practical solar cell performance, commercial photo voltaic systems, test specifications for PV systems, applications of super conducting materials in electrical equipment systems.

# UNIT-II:

Principles of MHD power generation, ideal MHD generator performance, practical MHD generator, MHD technology.

**Wind Energy conversion:** Power from wind, properties of air and wind, types of wind Turbines, operating characteristics.

# UNIT-III:

Tides and tidal power stations, modes of operation, tidal project examples, turbines and generators for tidal power generation.

**Wave energy conversion:** properties of waves and power content, vertex motion of Waves, device applications. Types of ocean thermal energy conversion systems Application of OTEC systems examples.

# UNIT-IV:

**Miscellaneous energy conversion systems:** coal gasification and liquefaction, biomass conversion, geothermal energy, thermo electric energy conversion, principles of EMF generation, description of fuel cells, Co-generation and energy storage, combined cycle co-generation, energy storage.

Global energy position and environmental effects: energy units, global energy position.

# UNIT-V:

Types of fuel cells,  $H_2$ - $O_2$  Fuel cells, Application of fuel cells – Batteries, Description of batteries, Battery application for large power. Environmental effects of energy conversion systems, pollution from coal and preventive measures steam stations and pollution, pollution free energy systems.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. "Energy conversion systems" by Rakosh das Begamudre, New age International publishers, New Delhi 2000.
- 2. "Renewable Energy Resources" by John Twidell and Tony Weir, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Fspon & Co.

# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – I SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) MODERN CONTROL THEORY

# UNIT-I:

**Mathematical Preliminaries :** Fields, Vectors and Vector Spaces – Linear combinations and Bases – Linear Transformations and Matrices – Scalar Product and Norms – Eigen-values, Eigen Vectors and a Canonical form representation of Linear operators – The concept of state – State Equations for Dynamic systems – Time invariance and Linearity – Non-uniqueness of state model – State diagrams for Continuous-Time State models.

# UNIT-II:

**State Variable Analysis :** Linear Continuous time models for Physical systems– Existence and Uniqueness of Solutions to Continuous-Time State Equations – Solutions of Linear Time Invariant Continuous-Time State Equations – State transition matrix and its properties. General concept of controllability – General concept of Observability – Controllability tests for Continuous-Time Invariant Systems – Observability tests for Continuous-Time Invariant Systems – Observability tests for Continuous-Time Invariant Systems – Controllability and Observability of State Model in Jordan Canonical form – Controllability and Observability Canonical forms of State model.

# UNIT-III:

**Non Linear Systems :** Introduction – Non Linear Systems - Types of Non-Linearities – Saturation – Dead-Zone - Backlash – Jump Phenomenon etc; – Singular Points – Introduction to Linearization of nonlinear systems, Properties of Non-Linear systems – Describing function–describing function analysis of nonlinear systems – Stability analysis of Non-Linear systems through describing functions. Introduction to phaseplane analysis, Method of Isoclines for Constructing Trajectories, singular points, phase-plane analysis of nonlinear control systems.

#### UNIT-IV:

**Stability Analysis :** Stability in the sense of Lyapunov, Lyapunov's stability and Lypanov's instability theorems - Stability Analysis of the Linear continuous time invariant systems by Lyapunov second method – Generation of Lyapunov functions – Variable gradient method – Krasooviski's method. State feedback controller design through Pole Assignment – State observers: Full order and Reduced order.

#### UNIT-V:

**Optimal Control :** Introduction to optimal control - Formulation of optimal control problems – calculus of variations – fundamental concepts, functional, variation of functional – fundamental theorem of theorem of Calculus of variations – boundary conditions – constrained minimization – formulation using Hamiltonian method – Linear Quadratic regulator.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Modern Control System Theory by M.Gopal New Age International -1984.
- 2. Modern Control Engineering by Ogata.K Prentice Hall 1997.

# **REFERENCES:**

1. Optimal control by Kircks.

# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – I SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) HIGH VOLTAGE ENGINEERING

# (Elective-I)

# UNIT-I:

**Introduction to High Volatge Engineering :** Electric Field Stresses, Gas / Vacuum as Insulator, Liquid Dielectrics, Solids and Composites, Estimation and Control of Electric Stress, Numerical methods for electric field computation, Surge voltages, their distribution and control, Applications of insulating materials in transformers, rotating machines, circuit breakers, cable power capacitors and bushings.

# UNIT-II:

**Break Down in Dielectric Materials :** Gases as insulating media, collision process, Ionization process, Townsend's criteria of breakdown in gases, Paschen's law. Liquid as Insulator, pure and commercial liquids, breakdown in pure and commercial liquids. Intrinsic breakdown, electromechanical breakdown, thermal breakdown, breakdown of solid dielectrics in practice, Breakdown in composite dielectrics, solid dielectrics used in practice.

# UNIT-III:

**Generation & Measurement of high Voltages & Currents :** Generation of High Direct Current Voltages, Generation of High alternating voltages, Generation of Impulse Voltages, Generation of Impulse currents, Tripping and control of impulse generators. Measurement of High Direct Current voltages, Measurement of High Voltages alternating and impulse, Measurement of High Currents-direct, alternating and Impulse, Oscilloscope for impulse voltage and current measurements.

# UNIT-IV:

**Over Voltages & Insulation Co-ordination :** Natural causes for over voltages – Lightning phenomenon, Overvoltage due to switching surges, system faults and other abnormal conditions, Principles of Insulation Coordination on High voltage and Extra High Voltage power systems.

# UNIT-V:

**Testing Of Materials & Electrical Apparatus :** Measurement of D.C Resistivity, Measurement of Dielectric Constant and loss factor, Partial discharge measurements. Testing of Insulators and bushings, Testing of Isolators and circuit breakers, testing of cables, Testing of Transformers, Testing of Surge Arresters, and Radio Interference measurements.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. High Voltage Engineering by M.S.Naidu and V. Kamaraju TMH Publications, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition.
- 2. High Voltage Engineering: Fundamentals by E.Kuffel, W.S.Zaengl, J.Kuffel by Elsevier, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition.

- 1. High Voltage Engineering by C.L.Wadhwa, New Age Internationals (P) Limited, 1997.
- 2. High Voltage Insulation Engineering by Ravindra Arora, Wolfgang Mosch, New Age International (P) Limited, 1995.
- 3. High Voltage Engineering, Theory and Practice by Mazen Abdel Salam, Hussein Anis, Ahdan El-Morshedy, Roshdy Radwan, Marcel Dekker.

# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – I SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) EHV AC TRANSMISSION

# (Elective-I)

# UNIT-I:

E.H.V.A.C. Transmission line trends and preliminary aspect standard transmission voltages – Estimation at line and ground parameters-Bundle conductor systems-Inductance and Capacitance of E.H.V. lines – positive, negative and zero sequence impedance – Line Parameters for Modes of Propagation.

# UNIT-II:

Electrostatic field and voltage gradients – calculations of electrostatic field of AC lines – effect of high electrostatic field on biological organisms and human beings - surface voltage gradients and maximum gradients of actual transmission lines – voltage gradients on sub conductor.

# UNIT-III:

Electrostatic induction in unenergized lines – measurement of field and voltage gradients for three phase single and double circuit lines – un energized lines. Power Frequency Voltage control and over-voltages in EHV lines: No load voltage – charging currents at power frequency-voltage control – shunt and series compensation – static VAR compensation.

# UNIT - IV:

Corona in E.H.V. lines – Corona loss formulae- attention of traveling waves due to Corona – Audio noise due to Corona, its generation, characteristic and limits. Measurements of audio noise radio interference due to Corona - properties of radio noise – frequency spectrum of RI fields – Measurements of RI and RIV.

# UNIT-V:

Design of EHV lines based on steady state and transient limits - EHV cables and their characteristics.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. EHVAC Transmission Engineering by R. D. Begamudre, New Age International (p) Ltd.
- 2. HVAC and DC Transmission by S. Rao.

- 1. Rokosh Das Begamudre,"Extra High Voltage AC Transmission Engineering"– Wiley Eastern LTD., NEW DELHI 1987.
- 2. Edison,"EHV Transmission line"- Electric Institution (GEC 1968).

# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

# M. TECH-IYEAR-ISEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A)

# MICROCONTROLLERS AND APPLICATIONS

# (Elective-I)

# UNIT-I:

**Overview Of Architecture & Microcontroller Resources :** Architecture of a microcontroller – Microcontroller resources – Resources in advanced and next generation microcontrollers – 8051 microcontroller – Internal and External memories – Counters and Timers – Synchronous serial-cum asynchronous serial communication - Interrupts.

# UNIT-II:

**8051- Microcontrollers Instruction Set**: Basic assembly language programming – Data transfer instructions – Data and Bit-manipulation instructions – Arithmetic instructions – Instructions for Logical operations on the test among the Registers, Internal RAM, and SFRs – Program flow control instructions – Interrupt control flow.

# UNIT-III:

**Real Time Control Interrupts:** Interrupt handling structure of an MCU – Interrupt Latency and Interrupt deadline – Multiple sources of the interrupts – Non-maskable interrupt sources – Enabling or disabling of the sources – Polling to determine the interrupt source and assignment of the priorities among them – Interrupt structure in Intel 8051.

**Timers:** Programmable Timers in the MCU's – Free running counter and real time control – Interrupt interval and density constraints.

# UNIT-IV: SYSTEMS DESIGN

**Digital and Analog Interfacing Methods:** Switch, Keypad and Keyboard interfacings – LED and Array of LEDs – Keyboard-cum-Display controller (8279) – Alphanumeric Devices – Display Systems and its interfaces – Printer interfaces – Programmable instruments interface using IEEE 488 Bus – Interfacing with the Flash Memory – Interfaces – Interfacing to High Power Devices – Analog input interfacing – Analog output interfacing – Optical motor shaft encoders – Industrial control – Industrial process control system – Prototype MCU based Measuring instruments – Robotics and Embedded control – Digital Signal Processing and digital filters.

# UNIT-V:

**Real Time Operating System for Microcontrollers:** Real Time operating system – RTOS of Keil (RTX51) – Use of RTOS in Design – Software development tools for Microcontrollers.

**16-Bit Microcontrollers:** Hardware – Memory map in Intel 80196 family MCU system – IO ports – Programmable Timers and High-speed outputs and input captures – Interrupts – instructions. ARM 32 Bit MCUs: Introduction to 16/32 Bit processors – ARM architecture and organization – ARM / Thumb programming model – ARM / Thumb instruction set – Development tools.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Raj Kamal," Microcontrollers Architecture, Programming, Interfacing and System Design"–Pearson Education.
- 2. Mazidi and Mazidi, "The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems" PHI, 2000.

- 1. A.V. Deshmuk, "Microcontrollers (Theory & Applications)" WTMH, 2005.
- 2. John B. Peatman, "Design with PIC Microcontrollers" Pearson Education, 2005.
- 3. Microcontroller Programming, Julio Sanchez, Maria P. Canton, CRC Press.
- 4. The 8051 Microcontroller, Ayala, Cengage Learning.
- 5. Microprocessors and Microcontrollers, Architecture, Programming and System Design, Krishna Kant, PHI Learning PVT. Ltd.
- 6. Microprocessors, Nilesh B. Bahadure, PHI Learning PVT. Ltd.

# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

# M. TECH-IYEAR-ISEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A)

# POWER QUALITY

(Elective - II)

# UNIT-I:

**Introduction :** Introduction of the Power Quality (PQ) problem, Terms used in PQ: Voltage, Sag, Swell, Surges, Harmonics, over voltages, spikes, Voltage fluctuations, Transients, Interruption, overview of power quality phenomenon, Remedies to improve power quality, power quality monitoring.

# UNIT-II:

Long & Short Interruptions : Interruptions – Definition – Difference between failures, outage, Interruptions – causes of Long Interruptions – Origin of Interruptions – Limits for the Interruption frequency – Limits for the interruption duration – costs of Interruption – Overview of Reliability evaluation to power quality, comparison of observations and reliability evaluation.

**Short interruptions**: definition, origin of short interruptions, basic principle, fuse saving, voltage magnitude events due to re-closing, voltage during the interruption, monitoring of short interruptions, difference between medium and low voltage systems. Multiple events, single phase tripping – voltage and current during fault period, voltage and current at post fault period, stochastic prediction of short interruptions.

# UNIT III:

**1 & 3-Phase Voltage Sag Characterization :** Voltage sag – definition, causes of voltage sag, voltage sag magnitude, and monitoring, theoretical calculation of voltage sag magnitude, voltage sag calculation in non-radial systems, meshed systems, and voltage sag duration.

Three phase faults, phase angle jumps, magnitude and phase angle jumps for three phase unbalanced sags, load influence on voltage sags.

# UNIT-IV:

**Power Quality Considerations in Industrial Power Systems :** Voltage sag – equipment behavior of Power electronic loads, induction motors, synchronous motors, computers, consumer electronics, adjustable speed AC drives and its operation. Mitigation of AC Drives, adjustable speed DC drives and its operation, mitigation methods of DC drives.

# UNIT-V:

**Mitigation of Interruptions & Voltage Sags :** Overview of mitigation methods – from fault to trip, reducing the number of faults, reducing the fault clearing time changing the power system, installing mitigation equipment, improving equipment immunity, different events and mitigation methods. System equipment interface – voltage source converter, series voltage controller, shunt controller, combined shunt and series controller.

**Power Quality and EMC Standards:** Introduction to standardization, IEC Electromagnetic compatibility standards, European voltage characteristics standards, PQ surveys.

- 1. "Understanding Power Quality Problems" by Math H J Bollen. IEEE Press.
- 2. Power Quality VAR Compensation in Power Systems, R. SastryVedam Mulukutla S. Sarma,CRC Press.
- 3. Power Quality, C. Sankaran, CRC Presss.
- 4. Electrical Power Systems Quality, Roger C. Dugan , Mark F. Mc Granaghan, Surya Santoso, H. Wayne Beaty, Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Ltd.

# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – I SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) HVDC TRANSMISSION

(Elective-II)

# UNIT-I:

**Introduction :** General consideration, Power Handling Capabilities of HVDC Lines Basic Conversion principles, static converter configuration.

# UNIT-II:

**Static Power Converters :** 3-pulse, 6-pulse, and 12-pulse converters, converter station and Terminal equipment, commutation process, Rectifier and inverter operation, equivalent circuit for converter – special features of converter transformers. Harmonics in HVDC Systems, Harmonic elimination, AC and DC filters.

# UNIT-III:

**Control of HVDC Converters and systems :** Constant current, constant extinction angle and constant ignition angle control Individual phase control and equidistant firing angle control DC power flow control. Interaction between HV AC and DC systems – Voltage interaction Harmonic instability problems and DC power modulation.

# UNIT-IV:

Mtdc Systems & Over Voltages : Series parallel and series parallel systems their operation and control.

Over voltages due to disturbances on DC side, over voltages due to DC and AC side line faults.

# UNIT-V:

**Converter Faults & Protection :** Converter faults, over current protection – valve group, and DC line protection over voltage protection of converters, surge arresters.

- 1. E.W. Kimbark: Direct current Transmission, Wiely Inter Science New York.
- 2. J. Arillaga HVDC Transmission Peter Peregrinus Itd. London UK 1983.
- 3. KR Padiyar : High Voltage Direct current Transmission Wiely Esatern Ltd New Delhi 1992.
- 4. E. Uhlman : Power Transmission by Direct Current , Springer Verlag, Berlin Helberg. 1985.
# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – I SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) DISTRIBUTION AUTOMATION

### (Elective-II)

### UNIT-I:

**Distribution Automation and the Utility System :** Introduction to Distribution Automation (DA), control system interfaces, control and data requirements, centralized (Vs) decentralized control, DA System (DAS), DA Hardware, DAS software.

### UNIT-II:

**Distribution Automation Functions :** DA capabilities, Automation system computer facilities, management processes, Information management, system reliability management, system efficiency management, voltage management, Load management.

### UNIT-III:

**Communication Systems for DA :** DA communication requirements, Communication reliability, Cost effectiveness, Data rate Requirements, Two way capability, Ability to communicate during outages and faults, Ease of operation and maintenance, Conforming to the architecture of data flow

**Communication systems used in DA** :Distribution line carrier (Power line carrier), Ripple control, Zero crossing technique, telephone, cable TV, Radio, AM broadcast, FM SCA, VHF Radio, UHF Radio, Microwave satellite. Fiber optics, Hybrid Communication systems, Communication systems used in field tests.

### UNIT-IV:

**Technical Benefits :** DA benefit categories, Capital deferred savings, Operation and Maintenance savings, Interruption related savings, Customer related savings, Operational savings, improved operation, Function benefits, Potential benefits for functions, and function shared benefits, Guidelines for formulation of estimating equations Parameters required, economic impact areas, Resources for determining benefits impact on distribution system, integration of benefits into economic evaluation.

### UNIT-V:

**Economic Evaluation Methods** : Development and evaluation of alternate plans, Select study area, Select study period, Project load growth, Develop Alternatives, Calculate operating and maintenance costs, Evaluate alternatives. Economic comparison of alternate plans, Classification of expenses and capital expenditures, Comparison of revenue requirements of alternative plans, Book Life and Continuing plant analysis, Year by year revenue requirement analysis, short term analysis, end of study adjustment, Break even analysis, Sensitivity analysis computational aids.

### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. IEEE Tutorial Course "Distribution Automation".
- 2. IEEE Working Group on "Distribution Automation".
- Control and Automation of Electrical Distribution Systems, James. Northcote Green Robert Wilson, CRC Press.
- 4. Electric Power Distribution Automation, Dr. M. K. Khedkar, Dr. G.M.Dhole, University Science press.

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

### M. TECH-IYEAR-ISEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A)

### POWER SYSTEM LAB-I

- 1. Develop MATLAB program for Y<sub>BUS</sub> formation.
- 2. Develop MATLAB program for G-S Load Flow Analysis.
- 3. Develop MATLAB program for N-R Load Flow Analysis.
- 4. Develop MATLAB program for FDLF Load Flow Analysis.
- 5. Develop MATLAB program for Short Circuit Analysis.
- 6. Transient Stability Analysis for Single Machine connected to Infinite Bus by Point by Point Method.
- 7. Develop PSPICE Program for Generation System Reliability Analysis.
- 8. Develop PSPICE Program for Distribution System Reliability Analysis.
- 9. Simulation of RLC Circuit using PSPICE.
- 10. Simulation of Single Phase Full Converter with RLE Load using PSPICE
- 11. Develop MATLAB model for Closed Loop Speed Control of Separately Excited D.C Motor.
- 12. Develop MATLAB model for Sinusoidal Pulse Width Modulation.

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) POWER SYSTEM DYNAMICS

### UNIT-I:

**Basic Concepts :** Power system stability states of operation and system security - system dynamics - problems system model analysis of steady State stability and transient stability - simplified representation of Excitation control.

### UNIT-II:

**Modeling of Synchronous Machine :** Synchronous machine - park's Transformation-analysis of steady state performance per - unit quantities-Equivalent circuits of synchronous machine-determination of parameters of equivalent circuits.

### UNIT-III:

**Excitation System :** Excitation system modeling-excitation systems block Diagram - system representation by state equations- Dynamics of a synchronous generator connected to infinite bus - system model Synchronous machine model-stator equations rotor equations - Synchronous machine model with field circuit - one equivalent damper winding on q axis (model 1.1) - calculation of Initial conditions.

### UNIT-IV:

**Analysis of Single Machine System :** Small signal analysis with block diagram - Representation Characteristic equation and application of Routh Hurwitz criterion- synchronizing and damping torque analysis-small signal model - State equations.

### UNIT-V:

**Application of Power System Stabilizers :** Basic concepts in applying PSS - Control signals - Structure and tuning of PSS - Washout circuit - Dynamic compensator analysis of single machine infinite bus system with and without PSS.

### **TEXT BOOK:**

1. K.R. PADIYAR," Power system dynamics "- B.S. Publications.

- 1. P.M. Anderson and A.A. Fouad,"Power system control and stability", IEEE Presss.
- 2. R. Ramanujam, "Power Systems Dynamics"- PHI Publications.

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) FLEXIBLE AC TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS (FACTS)

### UNIT-I:

**Facts Concepts :** Transmission interconnections power flow in an AC system, loading capability limits, Dynamic stability considerations, importance of controllable parameters basic types of FACTS controllers, benefits from FACTS controllers.

### UNIT-II:

**Voltage Source Converters :** Single phase three phase full wave bridge converters transformer connections for 12 pulse 24 and 48 pulse operation. Three level voltage source converter, pulse width modulation converter, basic concept of current source Converters, and comparison of current source converters with voltage source converters.

### UNIT-III:

**Static Shunt Compensation :** Objectives of shunt compensation, mid-point voltage regulation voltage instability prevention, improvement of transient stability, Power oscillation damping, Methods of controllable VAR generation, variable impedance type static VAR generators switching converter type VAR generators hybrid VAR generators.

### UNIT-IV:

**SVC and Statcom**: The regulation and slope transfer function and dynamic performance, transient stability enhancement and power oscillation damping operating point control and summary of compensator control. **UNIT-V:** 

**Static Series Compensators :** Concept of series capacitive compensation, improvement of transient stability, power oscillation damping, and functional requirements of GTO thyristor controlled series capacitor (GSC), thyristor switched series capacitor (TSSC), and thyristor controlled series capacitor (TCSC)

Control schemes for GSC TSSC and TCSC.

### **TEXT BOOK:**

1. "Understanding FACTS Devices" N.G. Hingorani and L. Guygi. IEEE Press Publications 2000.

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) POWER SYSTEM OPERATION AND DEREGULATION

### UNIT-I:

**Optimal Power Flow :** Introduction- Solution to the optimal power flow-gradient method-Newton's method-Linear sensitivity analysis- Linear programming methods- Security constrained OPF-Interior point algorithm-Bus incremental costs.

### UNIT-II:

**Power System Security :** Introduction –Factors affecting power system security-Contingency analysis-Detection of network problems-Linear sensitivity analysis-AC power flow methods-contingency selectionconcentric relaxation-Bounding area method.

### UNIT-III:

**State Estimation in Power Systems :** Introduction- Power system state estimation- Maximum likelihood Weighted Least squares estimation-Matrix formulation- State estimation of AC network- State estimation by orthogonal decomposition- detection and identification of Bad measurements- Estimation of quantities not being measured- Network observability and pseudo measurements.

### UNIT-IV:

**Power System Deregulation :** Introduction- motivation for restructuring of power systems- Electricity market entities model-benefits of deregulation- terminology-deregulation in Indian power sector-Operations in power markets-power pools-transmission networks and electricity markets.

### UNIT-V:

**Available Transfer Capability :** Introduction methods: of determination of ATC - ATC calculation considering the effect of contingency analysis- Transmission open access and pricing-cost components of transmission system- transmission pricing methods-Incremental cost based transmission pricing.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. A.J.Wood & B.F.Woollenberg- John Wiley Power Generation, "Operation and Control"- 2<sup>nd</sup> edition.
- 2. P.Venkatesh. B.V.Manikandan, S.Charles Raja- A.Srinivasan, "Electrical power systems: Analysis, security, Deregulation"– PHI 2012.

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) AI TECHNIQUES IN ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

### UNIT – I:

Artificial Neural Networks : Introduction-Models of Neural Network - Architectures – Knowledge representation – Artificial Intelligence and Neural networks–Learning process – Error correction learning – Hebbian learning –Competitive learning –Boltzman learning –Supervised learning – Unsupervised learning – Reinforcement learning- learning tasks.

### UNIT-II:

**ANN Paradigms :** Multi – layer perceptron using Back propagation Algorithm-Self – organizing Map – Radial Basis Function Network – Functional link, network – Hopfield Network.

### UNIT – III:

**Fuzzy Logic :** Introduction – Fuzzy versus crisp – Fuzzy sets - Membership function – Basic Fuzzy set operations – Properties of Fuzzy sets – Fuzzy cartesion Product –Operations on Fuzzy relations – Fuzzy logic – Fuzzy Quantifiers-Fuzzy Inference-Fuzzy Rule based system-Defuzzification methods.

### UNIT – IV:

**Genetic Algorithms :** Introduction-Encoding –Fitness Function-Reproduction operators-Genetic Modeling –Genetic operators-Crossover-Single – site crossover-Two point crossover –Multi point crossover-Uniform crossover – Matrix crossover-Crossover Rate-Inversion & Deletion –Mutation operator –Mutation –Mutation Rate-Bit-wise operators-Generational cycle-convergence of Genetic Algorithm.

### UNIT-V:

**Applications of Al Techniques :** Load forecasting – Load flow studies – Economic load dispatch – Load frequency control – Single area system and two area system – Small Signal Stability (Dynamic stability) Reactive power control – speed control of DC and AC Motors.

### **TEXT BOOK:**

1. S.Rajasekaran and G.A.V.Pai, "Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic & Genetic Algorithms"- PHI, New Delhi, 2003.

- 1. P.D.Wasserman, Van Nostrand Reinhold," Neural Computing Theory & Practice" New York, 1989.
- 2. Bart Kosko,"Neural Network & Fuzzy System" Prentice Hall, 1992.
- 3. G.J.Klir and T.A.Folger,"Fuzzy sets, Uncertainty and Information"-PHI, Pvt.Ltd, 1994.
- 4. D.E.Goldberg," Genetic Algorithms"- Addison Wesley 1999.

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) GAS INSULATED SYSTEMS (GIS)

# (Elective-III)

### UNIT-I:

**Introduction to GIS and Properties of SF**<sub>6</sub>: Characteristics of GIS- Introduction to SF<sub>6</sub>- Physical properties-Chemical properties - Electrical properties-Specification of SF<sub>6</sub> gas for GIS application - Handling of SF<sub>6</sub> gas before use - Safe handling of Sf<sub>6</sub> gas in electrical equipment - Equipment for handling the SF<sub>6</sub> Gas - SF<sub>6</sub> and environment.

### UNIT-II:

Layout of GIS Stations : Advancement of GIS station - Comparison with Air Insulated Substation - Economics of GIS - User Requirements for GIS - Main Features for GIS - Planning and Installation components of a GIS station.

### UNIT-III:

**Design And Construction of GIS Station :** Introduction - Rating of GIS components - Design Features -Estimation of different types of Electrical Stresses -Design Aspects of GIS components - Insulation Design for Components - Insulation Design for GIS - Thermal Considerations in the Design of GIS - Effect of very Fast Transient Over-voltages (VFTO) on the GIS design - Insulation Coordination systems - Gas handling and Monitoring System Design.

### UNIT-IV:

**Fast Transient Phenomena in GIS :** Introduction- Disconnector Switching in Relation to Very fast Transients-Origin of VFTO-Propagation and Mechanism of VFTO-VFTO Characteristics- Effects of VFTO-Testing of GIS for VFTO.

### UNIT-V:

**Special Problems in GIS and GIS Diagnostics :** Introduction - particles their effects and their control-Insulating Spacers and their Reliability -  $SF_6$  Gas Decomposition - Characteristics of imperfections in insulation - Insulation Diagnostic methods - PD Measurement and UHF Method.

### **TEXT BOOK:**

1. M. S. Naidu, "Gas Insulated Substations"- IK International Publishing House.

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) ELECTRIC SMART GRID

(Elective – III)

### UNIT-I:

**Introduction :** Introduction to smart grid- Electricity network-Local energy networks- Electric transportation-Low carbon central generation-Attributes of the smart grid- Alternate views of a smart grid.

**Smart Grid to Evolve a Perfect Power System:** Introduction- Overview of the perfect power system configurations- Device level power system- Building integrated power systems- Distributed power systems-Fully integrated power system-Nodes of innovation.

### UNIT-II:

**DC Distribution and Smart Grid :** AC vs DC sources-Benefits of and drives of DC power delivery systems-Powering equipment and appliances with DC-Data centers and information technology loads-Future neighborhood-Potential future work and research.

**Intelligrid Architecture for the Smartgrid:** Introduction- Launching intelligrid-Intelligrid today- Smart grid vision based on the intelligrid architecture-Barriers and enabling technologies.

### UNIT-III:

**Dynamic Energy Systems Concept :** Smart energy efficient end use devices-Smart distributed energy resources-Advanced whole building control systems- Integrated communications architecture-Energy management-Role of technology in demand response- Current limitations to dynamic energy management-Distributed energy resources-Overview of a dynamic energy management-Key characteristics of smart devices- Key characteristics of advanced whole building control systems-Key characteristics of dynamic energy management system.

### UNIT-IV:

Energy Port as Part of the Smart Grid: Concept of energy -Port, generic features of the energy port.

**Policies and Programs to Encourage End – Use Energy Efficiency:** Policies and programs in action - multinational - national-state-city and corporate levels.

**Market Implementation:** Framework-factors influencing customer acceptance and response - program planning-monitoring and evaluation.

### UNIT-V:

Efficient Electric End – Use Technology Alternatives : Existing technologies – lighting - Space conditioning - Indoor air quality - Domestic water heating - hyper efficient appliances - Ductless residential heat pumps and air conditioners - Variable refrigerant flow air conditioning-Heat pump water heating - Hyper efficient residential appliances - Data center energy efficiency- LED street and area lighting - Industrial motors and drives - Equipment retrofit and replacement - Process heating - Cogeneration, Thermal energy storage - Industrial energy management programs - Manufacturing process-Electro-technologies, Residential, Commercial and industrial sectors.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- Clark W Gellings, "The Smart Grid, Enabling Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Response"- CRC Press, 2009.
- 2. Janaka Ekanayake, Kithsiri Liyanage, Jianzhong.Wu, Akihiko Yokoyama, Nick Jenkins, "Smart Grid: Technology and Applications"- Wiley, 2012.
- 3. James Momoh, "Smart Grid : Fundamentals of Design and Analysis"- Wiley, IEEE Press, 2012.

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) ENERGY AUDITING, CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT (Elective-III)

### UNIT-I:

**Basic Principles of Energy Audit :** Energy audit- definitions, concept, types of audit, energy index, cost index, pie charts, Sankey diagrams, load profiles, Energy conservation schemes- Energy audit of industries-energy saving potential, energy audit of process industry, thermal power station, building energy audit.

### UNIT-II:

**Energy Management :** Principles of energy management, organizing energy management program, initiating, planning, controlling, promoting, monitoring, reporting- Energy manger, Qualities and functions, language, Questionnaire – check list for top management.

### UNIT-III:

**Energy Efficient Motors :** Energy efficient motors, factors affecting efficiency, loss distribution, constructional details, characteristics - variable speed, variable duty cycle systems, RMS hp- voltage variation-voltage unbalance- over motoring- motor energy audit

### UNIT-IV:

**Power Factor Improvement, Lighting and Energy Instruments :** Power factor – methods of improvement, location of capacitors, Pf with non linear loads, effect of harmonics on power factor, power factor motor controllers - Good lighting system design and practice, lighting control ,lighting energy audit - Energy Instruments- wattmeter, data loggers, thermocouples, pyrometers,lux meters, tongue testers, application of PLC's.

### UNIT-V:

**Economic Aspects and Analysis :** Economics Analysis-Depreciation Methods, time value of money, rate of return, present worth method, replacement analysis, life cycle costing analysis- Energy efficient motors-calculation of simple payback method, net present worth method- Power factor correction, lighting - Applications of life cycle costing analysis, return on investment.

- 1. Energy management by W.R. Murphy AND G. Mckay Butter worth, Heinemann publications.
- 2. Energy management by Paul o' Callaghan, Mc-graw Hill Book company-1st edition, 1998.
- 3. Energy efficient electric motors by John .C. Andreas, Marcel Dekker Inc Ltd-2nd edition, 1995-.
- 4. Energy management hand book by W.C.Turner, John wiley and sons.
- 5. Energy management and good lighting practice : fuel efficiency- booklet12-EEO.

## JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) REACTIVE POWER COMPENSATION AND MANAGEMENT

### (Elective-IV)

### UNIT-I:

**Load Compensation :** Objectives and specifications – reactive power characteristics – inductive and capacitive approximate biasing – Load compensator as a voltage regulator – phase balancing and power factor correction of unsymmetrical loads- examples.

### UNIT-II:

**Steady – State Reactive Power Compensation in Transmission System :** Uncompensated line – types of compensation – Passive shunt and series and dynamic shunt compensation –examples.

**Transient state reactive power compensation in transmission systems :** Characteristic time periods – passive shunt compensation – static compensations- series capacitor compensation – compensation using synchronous condensers – examples.

### UNIT-III:

**Reactive Power Coordination :** Objective – Mathematical modeling – Operation planning – transmission benefits – Basic concepts of quality of power supply – disturbances- steady –state variations – effects of under voltages – frequency –Harmonics, radio frequency and electromagnetic interferences.

### UNIT-IV:

**Demand Side Management :** Load patterns – basic methods load shaping – power tariffs- KVAR based tariffs penalties for voltage flickers and Harmonic voltage levels.

**Distribution Side Reactive Power Management :** System losses –loss reduction methods – examples – Reactive power planning – objectives – Economics Planning capacitor placement – retrofitting of capacitor banks.

### UNIT-V:

**User Side Reactive Power Management :** KVAR requirements for domestic appliances – Purpose of using capacitors – selection of capacitors – deciding factors – types of available capacitor, characteristics and Limitations.

**Reactive Power Management in Electric Traction Systems and are Furnaces :** Typical layout of traction systems – reactive power control requirements – distribution transformers- Electric arc furnaces – basic operations- furnaces transformer –filter requirements – remedial measures – power factor of an arc furnace.

- 1. Reactive power control in Electric power systems by T.J.E.Miller, John Wiley and sons, 1982 (Units I to IV).
- 2. Reactive power Management by D.M.Tagare, Tata McGraw Hill, 2004. (Units V to VIII).

# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) POWER SYSTEM RELIABILITY

### (Elective-IV)

### UNIT-I:

**Generating System Reliability Analysis – I :** Generation system model – capacity outage probability tables – Recursive relation for capacitive model building – sequential addition method – unit removal – Evaluation of loss of load and energy indices – Examples.

### UNIT-II:

**Generating System Reliability Analysis – II :** Frequency and Duration methods – Evaluation of equivalent transitional rates of identical and non-identical units – Evaluation of cumulative probability and cumulative frequency of non-identical generating units – 2- level daily load representation - merging generation and load models – Examples.

### UNIT-III:

**Operating Reserve Evaluation :** Basic concepts - risk indices – PJM methods – security function approach – rapid start and hot reserve units – Modelling using STPM approach.

**Bulk Power System Reliability Evaluation:** Basic configuration – conditional probability approach – system and load point reliability indices – weather effects on transmission lines – Weighted average rate and Markov model – Common mode failures.

### UNIT-IV:

**Inter Connected System Reliability Analysis :** Probability array method – Two inter connected systems with independent loads – effects of limited and unlimited tie capacity - imperfect tie – Two connected Systems with correlated loads – Expression for cumulative probability and cumulative frequency.

**Distribution System Reliability Analysis – I (Radial Configuration):** Basic Techniques – Radial networks –Evaluation of Basic reliability indices, performance indices – load point and system reliability indices – customer oriented, loss and energy oriented indices – Examples.

### UNIT-V:

**Distribution System Reliability Analysis - II (Parallel Configuration) :** Basic techniques – inclusion of bus bar failures, scheduled maintenance – temporary and transient failures – weather effects – common mode failures – Evaluation of various indices – Examples.

**Substations and Switching Stations:** Effects of short-circuits - breaker operation – Open and Short-circuit failures – Active and Passive failures – switching after faults – circuit breaker model – preventive maintenance – exponential maintenance times.

- 1. Reliability Evaluation of Power Systems by Roy Billinton and Ronald N. Allan, Plenum press, New York and London (Second Edition), 1996.
- 2. Reliability Modeling in Electric Power Systems by J. Endrenyi, John Wiley and Sons, 1978. (First Edition).

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) VOLTAGE STABILITY (Elective – IV)

### UNIT-I:

**Introduction to Voltage Stability :** Definitions: Voltage Stability, Voltage Collapse, Voltage Security; Physical relation indicating dependency of voltage on reactive power flow; Factors affecting Voltage collapse and instability; Previous cases of voltage collapse incidences.

### UNIT-II:

**Graphical Analysis of Voltage Stability :** Comparison of Voltage and angular stability of the system; Graphical Methods describing voltage collapse phenomenon: P-V and Q-V curves; detailed description of voltage collapse phenomenon with the help of Q-V curves.

### UNIT-III:

Analysis of Voltage Stability : Analysis of voltage stability on SMLB system: Analytical treatment and analysis.

**Voltage Stability Indices:** Voltage collapse proximity indicator; Determinant of Jacobin as proximity indicators; Voltage stability margin.

### UNIT-IV:

**Power System Loads :** Loads that influences voltage stability: Discharge lights, Induction Motor, Airconditioning, heat pumps, electronic power supplies, OH lines and cables.

**Reactive Power Compensation:** Generation and Absorption of reactive power; Series and Shunt compensation; Synchronous condensers, SVC s; OLTC s; Booster Transformers.

### UNIT-V:

Voltage Stability Margin : Stability Margin: Compensated and un-compensated systems.

**Voltage Security :** Definition; Voltage security; Methods to improve voltage stability and its practical aspects.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. "Performance, operation and control of EHV power transmission system"- A.CHAKRABARTHY, D.P.KOTARI and A.K.MUKOPADYAY, A.H.Wheeler Publishing, I Edition, 1995.
- 2. "Power System Dynamics: Stability and Control" K.R.PADIYAR, II Edition, B.S.Publications.

### **REFERENCE:**

1. "Power System Voltage Stability"- C.W.TAYLOR, Mc Graw Hill, 1994.

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

### M. TECH - I YEAR - II SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A)

### POWER SYSTEM LAB-II

- 1. Determination of Equivalent circuit of a 3-Winding Transformer.
- 2. Determination of Sequence Impedances of a Cylindrical Rotor Synchronous Machine.
- 3. Fault Analysis:
  - i. Single Line to Ground fault (L-G).
  - ii. Line to Line fault (L-L).
  - iii. Double Line to Ground fault (L-L-G).
  - iv. Triple Line to Ground fault (L-L-L-G).
- 4. Determination of Sub-transient reactance's of a Salient Pole Synchronous Machine.
- 5. Determination of Sequence Impedances of Three Phase Transformer.
- 6. Characteristics of Over Current Relays.
  - i. IDMT Electromagnetic Relay (7051 A).
  - ii. Microprocessor based Relay (7051 B)
- 7. Characteristics of Percentage biased Differential Relay.
  - i. Electromagnetic Relay (7054 A).
  - ii. Static Relay (7054 B).
- 8. Characteristics of Over Voltage Relay.
  - i. Electromagnetic Relay (7053 A).
  - ii. Microprocessor based Relay (7053 B).
- 9. Characteristics of Under Voltage (UV) and Negative sequence Relays.
  - i. UV Electromagnetic Relay (7052 A).
  - ii. UV Microprocessor based Relay (7052 B).
  - iii. Static Negative Sequence Relay (7055 B).
- 10. Performance and Testing of Generator Protection System.
- 11. Performance and Testing of Transformer Protection System.
- 12. Performance and Testing of Feeder Protection System.
- 13. Performance and Testing of Transmission Line Model.
- 14. Differential protection on Single Phase Transformer.